Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



FATUS FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES APRIL 1977



ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE • U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CONTENTS

	rage
Agricultural Policies of Exporters and Importers of Grains, Oilseeds, and Cotton	5
Japan's Market Demand and Competition in 1976	19
Brazil's Agricultural Export Market	27
Thailand: A Major Competitor and Growing Market for U.S. Agriculture	39
U.S. Export Value Up 5 Percent in First 5 Months	50
U.S. Agricultural Imports up 47 Percent in February from Year Earlier	90
International Price Highlights	116
U.S. agricultural trade statistics for October-February U.S. exports: Quantity and value by commodity	60 96
Quantity indexes, by commodity group, February Exports Imports	120 121
Explanatory note	122

The contributors to this issue are W. Scott Steele, William T. Coyle, Samuel O. Ruff, Thomas H. Lederer, Susan A. Libbin, and H. Christine Collins. Principal coordinators are Robert L. Tontz, Thomas A. Warden, Dewain H. Rahe, and Thomasine B. McCall, Statistics Program Area, Foreign Demand and Competition Division, Economic Research Service, Washington, D.C. 20250.

Agricultural Policies of Exporters and Importers of Grains, Oilseeds, and Cotton see p. 5). Measures designed to protect and maintain farm income and increase exports are followed by almost all countries. These include such approaches as high price supports, variable levies, stockpiling surpluses, subsidizing exports, use of marketing boards, and production and transportation subsidies. The policy setting is reviewed for selected exports along with a summary of highlights of policies pursued by major exporters and importers as they affect various commodities important in world trade.

* * * * * * * *

Japan's Market Demand and Competition in 1976 (see p. 19). Agricultural exports to Japan reached a record \$3.6 billion in 1976, with feed grains, wheat, soybeans, and cotton accounting for 70 percent of the total. The value and volume of U.S. exports increased 16 and 19 percent, respectively, over 1975 levels.

* * * * * * * *

Brazil's Agricultural Export Market (see p. 27). Brazil's agricultural exports were a record \$6 billion in 1976. The two major commodities were coffee, with an all-time record of \$2.4 billion and soybeans and products, \$1.7 billion. As to United States trade, the value of wheat, the major U.S. export, was \$255 million for 1.5 million tons. Coffee, the most costly U.S. import from Brazil totaling \$623 million, accounted for 64 percent of the U.S. agricultural import value. The 1976 U.S. import value of coffee from Brazil exceeded the value for 1975 by \$10.2 million. Brazil's agricultural export goal for 1977 is \$8 billion. Coffee stocks are low but a program to plant seedlings in frost-free areas is underway.

* * * * * * * *

Thailand: A Major Competitor and Growing Market for U.S. Agriculture (see p. 39). Thailand is one of the world's leading rice, corn, and tapioca exporters competing directly with U.S. commodities in Asian, Middle Eastern, and European markets. Thailand is also a growing trade partner of the United States with U.S. agricultural exports in 1976 to Thailand valued at \$96.0 million and U.S. agricultural imports from Thailand valued at \$84.5 million. These values compare with \$79.6 million for U.S. farm exports to Thailand in 1975 and \$78.0 million worth of U.S. agricultural imports from Thailand in that year.

* * * * * * * *

U.S. Export Value Up 5 Percent in First 5 Months (see p.50). U.S. exports of farm products during October-February totaled \$10.4 billion--5 percent above the level for the same period a year earlier. Increased volume more than offset lower prices for grains. Shipments of soybeans and products, cotton, fruits and vegetables, hides, animal feeds, poultry, and dairy products increased while wheat and tobacco declined.

* * * * * * * *

U.S. Agricultural Imports Up 47 Percent in February from Year Earlier (see p.90).
U.S. agricultural imports in February were down less than 1 percent from January, but were about 50 percent higher than a year earlier. Farm imports totaled \$5.1 billion for October-February 1976/77, 29 percent higher than the year-earlier period. Coffee accounted for the major increase, mainly because of record prices. Major decisions

on sugar trade policies, which could significantly affect U.S. imports and consumer prices, are expected within the next few months.

* * * * * * * * *

International Price Highlights (see p.116). Trade prices continued to strengthen in February, with all the major commodities priced higher than a month ago. For the second consecutive month, corn was priced higher than wheat on a per-ton basis at the Gulf ports.

Table 1.--Agricultural, nonagricultural, and total trade balance

	October	-February	Febru	ary
Item :	1975/76	1976/77	1976	1977
:		Million	dollars	
gricultural exports $1/\ldots$: Nonagricultural exports $2/\ldots$: Cotal exports $2/\ldots$:	9,926	10,406	1,715	2,046
	36,100	38,532	7,021	7,358
	46,026	48,938	8,736	9,404
agricultural imports 3/	3,989	5,145	769	1,127
	38,769	49,275	7,407	9,459
	42,758	54,420	8,176	10,586
gricultural trade balance: Tonagricultural trade balance .: Total trade balance	5,937	5,261	946	919
	2,669	-10,743	-386	-2,101
	3,268	-5,482	560	-1,182

^{1/} Domestic exports including Department of Defense shipments (F.A.S. value).

^{2/} Domestic and foreign exports including Department of Defense shipments (F.A.S. value).

^{3/} Imports for consumption (Customs value).

^{4/} General imports (Customs value).

AGRICULTURAL POLICIES OF EXPORTERS AND IMPORTERS OF GRAINS, OILSEEDS, AND COTTON

by
W. Scott Steele
Acting Deputy Director
Foreign Demand and Competition Division 1/

Almost all foreign countries have agricultural and trade policies designed to protect and maintain farm income and enhance exports. These policies vary from country to country.

The European Community, for example, protects its grain producers from third-country competition with variable levies. If necessary, the EC stockpiles surpluses and subsidizes exports. The EC imposes no direct restrictions on imports of soybeans and soybean meal, although indirect restrictions have recently been the subject of discussion between the EC and the United States.

Japan controls its food grain trade to protect its rice industry. It pays producers high support prices on wheat and rice and it directly administers the wholesale price of rice and wheat flour to discourage increased wheat consumption, which in turn limits the growth of wheat imports. Feed imports are free of direct import restrictions although domestic food prices are influenced by government policies.

The major foreign exporters of grain, including Canada, Australia, Argentina, and South Africa, use marketing boards to buy and sell grain. These marketing boards function largely as monopolies, and have complete authority to sell when, where, and at whatever prices they choose. Detailed sales information, including prices, is almost never disclosed. The Australian, Canadian, and South African marketing boards are producers' organizations that usually try to sell all the grain they can at the highest possible prices. Marketing board policy in Argentina had been geared to benefit the urban population. Recently, however, Argentina has encouraged the private sector to take greater responsibility in the selling of grain, although the marketing board is still involved in price support operations and in country-to-country grain transactions.

Most of the major exporters pay support prices to producers. In Canada and Australia, initial payments are guaranteed to farmers. If the marketing board sells grain in the world market at a price higher than the initial payment, the marketing board can then grant a final "pool" payment to farmers. If the competitive situation is such that grain prices in world markets are below the initial payment, producers can receive payment from a stabilization fund or the treasury, depending on the country. The potential for treasury outlays can sometimes act as a constraint on the marketing board's action.

The support prices in exporting countries are usually subject to revision at the beginning of each crop year. Given the present grain situation, exporters are particularly concerned about support price levels in order to remain competitive in world markets or else face the potential of treasury outlays for producer payments or export subsidies. The 1976/77 marketing year support prices for wheat

^{1/} This article was completed with the assistance of analysts in the Foreign Demand and Competition Division and the Foreign Agricultural Service. Their contributions are acknowledged in the respective sections.

among the major exporters are \$2.25/bu. in the United States, \$3.00/bu. in Canada, and \$1.98 in Australia and \$2.04 in Argentina (table 2). 2/ The United States and Canada have announced that their support prices for 1977/78 will remain at 1976/77 levels, i.e., \$2.25 and \$3.00 respectively. Australia will not adjust its support price until November 1977.

In some cases, grain exporters also pay production and transportation subsidies. These subsidies lower unit costs and can affect prices at which grain is offered for sale in world markets.

The world's soybean market is dominated by a limited number of producer/exporter countries, primarily the United States and Brazil. Brazil's agricultural policy is directed toward expanding its soybean industry and its export position in the world. So far it has been successful. Credit, tax breaks and other incentives to producers have been the basis of Brazil's soybean policy, although a 7 percent export tax was imposed in March 1977.

Rice and cotton exporting nations also have agricultural and trade policies which are producer oriented and designed to promote exports. These policies vary by country.

COMPETITIVE SITUATION IN WORLD COMMODITY MARKETS--THE POLICY SETTING

Wheat

Exporters for the most part are price takers and have not successfully stablilized prices in the past. In the present situation, the market has turned from a seller's market to a buyer's market. Foreign exporters with centralized marketing boards are pricing competitively with the United States. The U.S. market share is declining from recent highs, and we could be placed more and more in the role of a residual supplier. Our traditional trading arrangements—based on the dependability of supplies and the wide range of types and grades of wheat—may not be sufficient to offset price advantages being offered by other suppliers. Australia and Argentina have already virtually committed their exportable supplies for their current marketing years (December 1976—November 1977). This contrasts to the expected 6 1/2 million—ton stock buildup in Canada and over 12 million—ton stock buildup in the United States during their 1976/77 marketing years.

Feed grains

Continued tight foreign supplies of feed grains and feedstuffs have kept the U.S. position in world feed grain markets from weakening to the same extent as in wheat. This year's export availabilities are only moderately larger in the other major trading countries; aggressive pricing techniques, however, have also been adopted by many of the other feed grain exporters. The U.S. share of this year's marginally lower world feed grain trade is not likely to drop from the level of the last 3-4 years.

Soybeans

The emergence of Brazil as a significant exporter of soybeans and products has meant that the share of U.S. soybeans in most import markets has declined.

^{2/} The United States and Argentina set their support prices at the farm level, while Canada and Australia use an FOB basis, thus a direct comparison of support levels cannot be made unless transportation charges are taken into account.

Table 2. Support prices in grain and soybean exporting countries

Country	\$/MT 1/	\$/bu. 1/
Argentina 2/		
Wheat (DecNov. 1976/77) Corn (AprMar. 1977/78) Sorghum (AprMar. 1977/78)	75.00 60.00 47.00	2.04 1.52 1.19
Australia 3/4/		
Wheat (DecNo. 1976/77) Malting Barley (July-June 1975/76) Feed Barley (July-June 1975/76)	72.60 73.92 57.07	1.98 1.61 1.24
Brazil 2/		
Soybeans (1976/77)	136.97	4.00
Canada 3/4/		
Wheat (AugJuly 1977/78) Malting Barley (July-June 1977/78) Barley (July-June 1977/78)	110.10 98.75 82.67	3.00 2.15 1.80
South Africa 2/		
Corn (MayApr. 1976/77)	75.00	2.04
United States 2/		
Wheat (1977/78) Corn (1977/78) Sorghum (1977/78) Soybeans (1977/78)	82.67 68.88 66.91 128.59	2.25 1.75 1.70 3.50

^{1/} U.S. dollar per metric ton rates will vary with exchange rate adjustments.

Farm gate basis.

^{2/} Farm gate b 3/ FOB basis. 4/ Initial pay Initial payment which constitutes a guaranteed minimum price. Final price received is the initial payment plus distributed profit (if any) of the marketing agency. If a loss is incurred by the marketing agency, it is made up from the Treasury and as such is not a direct tax on producers.

Of course, within individual countries, year-to-year variations often run counter to this general trend. Despite some declines in percentage shares, U.S. exports of soybeans and products in 1976/77 are expected to be at or near record levels.

Rice

U.S. rice exports are divided roughly one-third and two-thirds between the Public Law 480 financial concessional markets and cash markets respectively. In cash markets quality is as important a factor in assessing the U.S competitive position as is price. Rice is not a homogeneous commodity, and there are strong consumer preferences for specific types of rice.

Special marketing arrangements, proximity to markets, and traditional trading relationships are additional factors of importance. Special arrangements such as bilateral and trilateral barter agreements and concessional sales are common in the rice trade. Some of these can and do affect the U.S. competitive position.

Cotton

World cotton consumption, which dipped during 1974/75, is expected to continue the upward trend of the past 30 years. U.S. cotton exports averaged 4.7 million bales in 1972/73 - 1975/76 and are expected to continue fairly high during the forseeable future as a result of current low world cotton stocks in relation to consumption.

The most important competitor of U.S. cotton in world markets is now the Soviet Union which exports cotton at prices which, at least at official exchange rates, are well below prices paid to its cotton farmers. Competitive cotton exports from a number of other countries also are by central, state operated monopolies which typically sell at highly competitive prices. U.S. cotton also encounters competition from man-made fibers, particularly in Western Europe and Japan. U.S. cotton will have to remain price-competitive to successfully meet this competition.

Other cotton exporting countries typically provide price supports, subsidies for production inputs and/or special credit and tax benefits. Sometimes the price support level is higher than in the United States and sometimes lower. The U.S. loan level, however, is still well below current world prices, and thus does not interfere with U.S. export sales.

POLICIES OF COMPETING EXPORTERS

Wheat and Coarse Grains

Argentina

On March 24, 1976, a new military Government gained power, ending an era in which agricultural policies had been based largely on maintaining low food prices through price and marketing controls. The large share of Government revenues generated by export taxes rested most heavily on agricultural exports, which comprised 75-80 percent of total exports.

The new Government began to reverse past policies in April 1976. Its new agricultural program included: returning domestic marketing and foreign trade to the private sector; freeing domestic prices; raising support prices to producers to levels more

in accordance with world levels; reducing export taxes; and promoting exports by periodic devaluations of the peso. In particular, the wheat program called for an expansion in area planted by almost 40 percent, an enlarged credit program to cover production costs and storage expansion, and a special seed program.

Support prices for wheat producers were increased over 200 percent between February and April 1976, and were raised again in February 1977 by 21 percent to about \$75 per ton. Support prices for corn in January 1977 were three times the level in January 1976; sorghum prices had a somewhat smaller increase. (Support prices as of early March 1977 for corn were \$63/M.T. and for sorghum, \$49/M.T.). Corn and sorghum prices were expected to be raised again, in early 1977. Export taxes were reduced from a high of 56 percent for wheat and coarse grains in March 1976 to a temporary zero level for wheat and 10 percent for coarse grains. During the year, the government reduced its role in domestic and foreign trade, although it still purchases grains at the support price levels and controls normal sanitary and weight regulations in trade.

The effects of these policies have shown positive results. Wheat plantings increased 24 percent in 1976, sorghum planting was up 16 percent but corn was down by 18 percent as farmers shifted to wheat, sorghum, and oilseeds. Grain exports in 1977/78 are expected to increase over 40 percent. Wheat exports are estimated to reach 6.5 million tons and coarse grains (corn and sorghum) exports, over 7.0 million tons. Argentina's competitive position for wheat improved as its effective exchange rate (adjusted for devaluations and tax redutions) increased faster than the price index. Relatively low prices for corn and sorghum exports are also expected during 1977. During the first part of the year, the wheat export price was around \$90-\$92 per ton and only recently has it moved up into the \$95-\$100 range. The Government has been using a minimum export price (now at \$97 per ton) to boost sagging export prices for wheat. It appears that Argentina's export policies have been effective as most of the potential wheat export supply was committed during the first three months of the marketing year (December-November). (Miles Mielke)

Australia

Australia has a number of policies influencing its supply of wheat. Probably the most important is the subsidy for fertilizer. In December 1976, the rate was about \$87 per ton of nitrogen plant nutrient. On a ton of 30-0-0 nitrogenous fertilizer, this would amount to about U.S. \$26 or 14 percent at recent prices. On superphosphate, the comparable subsidy rate is about U.S. \$13 per ton, or 20 percent of the total price. The Government is considering the gradual phasing out of these subsidies over the next 5 years.

Other subsidies involve the services of the Australian Wheat Board (AWB), the quasi-public organization that markets essentially all Australian wheat. The AWB guarantees farmers a minimum price each year (U.S. \$73 per ton this year) geared to cover costs. In low-price years, the Treasury is responsible for deficits not covered by the wheat stabilization fund. In years of high prices, farmers must contribute to the stabilization fund. The fund has been in surplus over the long run and has served to minimize risk at low cost to producers. Several marketing boards are in existence for barley, with the Western Australian Barley Marketing Board paying an initial payment of \$73 per ton for feed barley this year.

An additional service of the AWB is to sell all wheat, about 8 million tons of exports in 1976/77. This monopoly power gives rise to scale advantages in both the handling and selling of wheat both domestically and internationally. Currently, Australia is selling wheat for about U.S. \$112 per ton.

Another form of subsidy is in the transport system, particularly the rail system. The railways are all Government-owned and operate at a loss. Wheat is a principal commodity shipped by rail. (Lynn Austin)

Canada

The Canadian Wheat Board (CWB) has monopoly control of wheat exports in Canada, and has been using this power to compete with the United States in world markets. For example, Canadian wheat in February was selling at \$146 per ton, compared with U.S. \$148 for comparable U.S. grades in Rotterdam. Wheat production in 1976 was supported at a \$3.00 per bushel guaranteed minimum price, with supplemental payments to producers based on export returns. (The guaranteed minimum price for No. 1 feed barley was \$1.80 per bushel). These guaranteed minimum prices will remain in effect for the 1977 crop. If the CWB fails to break even or make a profit on exports, the Canadian government makes up the loss. Canadian wheat exports are expected to reach 12.0 million tons in 1976/77. Canada has sold 2.3 million tons of wheat to the PRC during the 1976/77 marketing year, of which 762,000 tons were sold under the 3-year Canadian/PRC agreement which lapsed in December 1976. Discussions for negotiation of a new agreement are expected to take place in the spring of 1977. Canada has also made an agreement with Poland to supply 750,000-1.2 million tons of grains during the next 3 years, and an agreement to supply Japan with 1.4 million tons of wheat and 900,000 tons of barley in 1977.

U.S. corn exports to Canada in fiscal 1976 (705,000 tons) accounted for 5 percent of the value of U.S. agricultural exports to Canada in that year. Most of the U.S. corn is fed to livestock in eastern Canada. In August 1976, the CWB began offering feed grains for domestic sale based on competitive corn prices in Montreal. The policy was developed to make western Canadian feed grains more competitive with U.S. corn in the eastern Canadian market. Increases in corn production in eastern Canada, combined with the effects of the recent feed grains policy development, could affect U.S. exports of corn to Canada.

Present Canadian freight rates on Western Canadian grain for export represent a substantial subsidy to the grain sector. These rates may be increased sometime in the future as a result of recent Government studies on railroad costs to ship grain to export ports. (Carol E. Bray)

South Africa

Through its Maize Board, South Africa controls primarily the marketing but also influences the production of corn. The Board sets producer prices and is obligated to purchase all production. Since about one-half of the corn in South Africa is for direct human consumption, consumer prices are also set and the Board maintains a Stabilization Fund. Producer prices have been increased substantially (30 percent) to \$75.00 per ton in the last 2 years, but variations in production come about more as a function of weather than as a response to economic conditions.

Most of South Africa's corn exports are handled on a tender basis. Japan, U.K. and Taiwan are the major markets. The only known marketing agreement is a 3-year contract with Taiwan. In recent years, South African corn has accounted for about 6 percent of world corn exports. South African exports peaked at 3.6 million tons in 1972/73. Corn exports for the current South African marketing year (May 1976-April 1977) are estimated at only 1.6 million tons or only about half that of the previous year. During November 1976, the Board sold white corn at \$117 per ton and yellow corn at \$116 per ton. (Larry Witucki)

Thailand

Thailand, which exported 2.36 million tons of corn in 1976, has an open market with no special regulations or incentives for corn production or exports. The Thai Government does negotiate annual bilateral corn export agreements with Japan and Taiwan. The agreements have contained specific formulae to calculate monthly export prices, the total volume of the annual sales, and a general consensus on the monthly quantity of corn to be delivered. The price is based on the Chicago futures price for No 2 yellow corn and adjusted for transportation costs and inspection fees. The export price of corn in December 1976, for example, was \$119 per ton f.o.b. Bangkok. The actual delivery of corn is handled by private traders. (Tom Lederer)

RICE

The United States, Thailand, and the PRC are the major rice exporting countries in the world. In 1976, these three countries plus Pakistan and Burma accounted for about 80 percent of world rice exports of 7.5 million tons. Italy ranks just below the top five countries in rice exports, but trades chiefly with other EC members. (Tom Lederer)

Thailand

To assure domestic supply at politically acceptable prices, the Ministry of Commerce reinstated the rice reserve ratio program. Exporters must sell up to 30 percent (depending upon grade) of their total exports to the Ministry at controlled prices. The Thai government has announced a limited export target of 1.3 million tons, with a ceiling of 1.5 million tons to allow for normal levels of domestic consumption and some rebuilding of stocks. For the future, the Thai Board of Trade has plans to persuade the other ASIAN countries to enter into long-term (5-year) rice contracts to ensure a steady export market. Thai rice exports for calendar 1976 amounted to 1.87 million tons.

People's Republic of China

Although some PRC rice exports are on a preferential basis for political reasons, commercial sales for hard currency earnings are the major motive for exporting rice. Exports totaled 1.0 million tons in 1976. Sales prices are the most important determinant of export volume, although total domestic grain supply is a significant constraint. Domestic production is isolated from world market prices by China's planning system. As far as is known, there is no producer subsidy or incentive system specifically for the production of rice exports.

Pakistan

Pakistan, which exported over 700,000 tons in 1976, has an open domestic market, but requires special permits for nongovernment rice exports. The Government does provide price supports for producers as an incentive for increased rice production.

Burma

Burma is gaining importance again as a rice exporter. The Burmese export target for 1976/77 is 600,000 tons, and the goal is for 1 milion tons annually by 1981. The Government uses a mandatory quota procurement system to obtain rice from farmers for export, and provides producers with limited amounts of subsidized fertilizer and improved seeds.

Soybeans and Palm Oil

Brazil

Brazil's policy is to support actively the production and export of soybeans. Some current policy measures include:

Support Prices. Support prices are maintained at about a constant real level (roughly \$4.00 per bushel). Support prices are adjusted annually or more often to keep abreast of inflation and declines in the exchange rate.

Export mechanism. Brazil's policy is to devalue the cruziero frequently with small devaluations to keep Brazilian exports competitive. This policy seems to have applied to soybeans when exports were slow in May 1976. The Government made four rapid cruziero devaluations and reduced the value added tax by 3 percent, valid through June 30, 1976.

While tax credits apply to soybean oil, oil and meal are joint products and benefits are arbitrarily distributed. Brazil has scheduled its phaseout following discussions between U.S. and Brazilian officials in which it was recognized as a subsidy. Successive reductions have been made from 20 percent to 14 percent, to 8 percent (January 1977), and to 4 percent (July 1977). Complete elimination is scheduled at the end of 1977.

Quotas for export (1976). Generally Brazil's policy is to expedite exports and move the bulk of them before the U.S. export season starts. However, the Government also maintains a licensing system to ensure domestic supplies. An export tax of 7 percent was applied in March 1977.

Wheat policy probably has more effect on soybean exports than any of the above because of the double-cropping of wheat and soybeans. The very high support price on wheat assists soybeans because the capital costs for fertilizer and farm machinery are spread over the two crops.

Brazil's 1976 calender year soybean and soybean meal exports were 3.7 million tons and 4.4 million tons, respectively. The price per ton for beans was \$215; for meal \$175 (average prices January-October 1976). For 1977, soybean exports will increase only slightly while meal exports may increase by 500,000 tons. (Sam Ruff)

Malaysia

Malaysia is the world's largest producer and exporter of palm oil. Production in 1976 was reported at 1.4 million tons. Palm oil exports in 1976 were 1.36 million tons with a unit value of \$340 per ton. Exports in 1977 are projected to increase to 1.6 million tons.

The Third Malaysian Plan, released early in the year, calls for new palm oil plantings to average 32,895 hectares annually over the next 5 years, compared with an average of 61,560 hectares during the past 5.

The system of export taxes was changed in 1976 to give producers more stable returns when export prices vary. Basically, the new formula offers a relative tax advantage to producers when prices are below \$320 per ton, taxes more heavily when price is between \$320 and \$400 per ton, and taxes most heavily when price exceeds \$400 per ton. (Wayne Denney)

Cotton

Lint Cotton

A number of countries which export both lint cotton and textile products have, on occasion restricted lint cotton exports in order to supply domestic textile industries. Countries which have done this include Brazil, Colombia, Egypt, Mexico, Pakistan, Peru, and Turkey. All except Pakistan have, during periods of low world cotton prices, subsidized lint cotton exports. Pakistan taxes rather than subsidizes exports. Several state trading countries are making profits at current price levels.

The Government of Brazil, from April 15 to October 31, 1975, allowed cotton exporters a tax credit of 7 percent to be applied toward the Industrial Products Tax. Also, from time to time, changes have been made in the level of the value added tax as it applies to cotton exports. The State of Sao Paulo has frequently applied a 7-percent rate to cotton exports, while exports from other states and cotton for domestic use in all states paid the full rate of 13 to 15.5 percent. The preferential tax treatment given to exports was removed in January 1976 and the following rates now apply: exports—13 percent; intrastate—14 percent; interstate—11 percent.

Colombia pays a bonus for cotton exports. This bonus, called an export rebate tax was reduced from 15 to 7 percent, effective January 1, 1975.

Egypt and Mexico have state or state-financed trading which at times has resulted in losses that are, in fact, export subsidies. However, this year Egypt is making a profit while the Mexican Government is less involved.

Turkey's multiple exchange rates, in the past, have been used both to subsidize and tax cotton exports. The Government establishes minimum export prices, and prices paid to producers. A 15-percent export subsidy was granted during 1975. This subsidy was removed in January 1976.

The USSR has a bilateral trade agreement with Japan that tends to guarantee a market for about 500,000 bales of USSR cotton each year. Eastern Europe is largely committed to purchasing its cotton from the Soviet Union. (Cotton Division, FAS)

Cotton Textiles

In recent years, many foreign cotton producing countries—including Brazil, Peru, Colombia, Guatemala, Turkey, Syria, Egypt, Greece, India, and Pakistan—have had policies favoring processing cotton at home and exporting textiles rather than exporting raw cotton. Construction of textile mills often is favored by special financing and tax relief. Mills exporting textiles frequently benefit by being exempt from value added, income, and industralization taxes, by having raw cotton made available to them at a lower than export price, by direct subsidies or favorable exchange rates, and by special import privileges. Expansion of textile exports from cotton producing countries as well as from such Far Eastern countries as Korea, Taiwan, and Hong Kong, which must import their raw cotton, has benefited from the international Multi-Fiber Arrangement (MFA). While allowing importing counries to stop dumping of textiles, the agreement provides that any quotas imposed must be increased by 6 percent annually. If cotton textiles are imported from the Far East a large proportion may be made of U.S. cotton exports. If from other cotton producing countries, the textiles may replace U.S. cotton.

In recent years, cotton textile imports by developed countries such as the United States and those in Western Europe, have increased rapidly while raw cotton consumption in these countries has trended downward. This is resulting in growing pressure on their Governments to take action to slow down textile imports by revising the MFA which, unless renewed, will expire in December 1977. (Cotton Division, FAS)

POLICIES OF MAJOR IMPORTERS

European Community

Wheat

For about a decade, the EC has operated a common pricing system for grains which normally keeps support and minimum import prices above world market prices. The variable levy on wheat, used to raise the price of imports up to the level of the EC's minimum import price, is currently about \$112 per ton. In the week of March 22 the c.i.f. price of U.S. No. 2 wheat, 14-percent protein, was \$134 per ton at Rotterdam. The EC's artificially high price for soft wheat has generated some surpluses which have been disposed of through export subsidies (mainly done by tender now) and through denaturing premiums, now abolished.

For 1976/77 the EC, prompted in part by increased planting of high-yielding varieties of wheat not suitable for bread making, has introduced a separate support price for feed wheat (\$140 per ton), but has retained a common minimum import price for all soft wheat (at 9% above the 1975/76 level). The support price for feed wheat has been lowered by 8 percent from the 1975/76 support price for soft wheat. It has come down to the level of the support price for barley, but it is currently still about \$4.60 per ton above the support price for corn of \$135 per ton. Proposals for the 1977/78 farm prices would reduce the difference between feed wheat and corn, by setting the support price of feed wheat at \$145 and that of corn at \$142. (The EC was expected to reach a decision on all 1977/78 farm programs by the end of March but will not be able to do so until late April, at the earliest). For wheat, the aims of these changes in price relationships are: encourage production of milling wheat, thus holding down imports; promote greater use of wheat for feed, without need for denaturing premiums; and reduce the need for export subsidies. In 1976/77, the EC is again expected to be a net importer of wheat, after 3 years as a net exporter, but this is more the result of last summer's drought than of pricing policies.

Feed Grains

EC support and minimum import prices for coarse grain are higher than world prices. The minimum import price of corn is \$164 per ton. In the week of March 22, the c.i.f. price of U.S. No. 3 yellow corn at Rotterdam was \$118 per ton. Export subsidies are also provided when needed, but they are not now a significant factor in world grain trade except for barley. The EC is adjusting its feed grain price support ratios by raising the support of corn close to that of barley and feed wheat. The increase in the corn price to a level closer to that of other feed grains is meant to make EC-grown barley and feed wheat more competitive with corn, as well as to stimulate EC corn production. This should have a dampening effect on the import demand for corn, and together with a continuation of relatively high priced soybean meal, should result in an intensified search by EC feeders for lower cost feed substitutes. An expanding livestock sector, however, will help offset the effect of the EC's pricing policy on import demand.

Rice

Italy, the only important rice producer in the EC, does not grow the long-grain varieties generally preferred in the northern countries of the Community. Minimum import prices are established for both short and long grain varieties, with a higher price applied to long grain rice. The minimum import price of milled rice, in addition to reflecting the difference in value between brown and milled rice, also contains a margin of protection for EC millers. Export subsidies are granted to facilitate sales to third markets. Subsidies are also available for the domestic purchase of broken rice by brewers and starch manufacturers.

Soybeans

In 1961, the United States negotiated with the EC-6 for duty-free bindings on soybeans and soybean meal. In 1976, the EC impaired this binding through an import deposit scheme, which forced some substitution of EC nonfat dry milk for imported vegetable protein in most feed formulas. To raise the price of soybean meal and oil and help reduce the chronic dairy surplus by making dairying less profitable, the EC Commission has on occasion proposed indirect restrictions on imports of soybeans. A proposal being considered would tax most vegetable oils (excluding olive oil) to make margarine more expensive and to promote the use of butter and olive oil. This proposal would result in an indirect tax on soybeans and is strongly opposed by the U.S. as well as some groups within the Community.

Trade Agreements

The principal agreements of the EC are those with the 49 countries of the Lome Convention and those with the Mediterranean countries. These agreements grant nonreciprocal tariff reduction or exemption on virtually all farm products not covered by the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP). These preferences have had an adverse impact on U.S. exports of oilseeds and products, tobacco, citrus fruit, and processed fruits and vegetables to the EC. (Omero Sabatini)

Japan

Wheat and Rice

Domestically produced and imported wheat is bought and sold by the Japanese Government at administered prices. Recent rice surpluses, declining per capita rice consumption, and increased per capita consumption of wheat have led to Government policies to control the price relationship of wheat and rice to encourage rice consumption. Japanese wheat and rice policies, therefore, have a direct impact on U.S. wheat exports to Japan. It has been estimated that an increase in the domestic resale price of wheat by 16.4 percent last July could curtail U.S. exports of wheat to Japan by about 5 percent, compared to what would have been sold at the lower resale price. In March 1977 the Japanese resale price of U.S. Western White #2 was \$204 per ton, nearly double the price at U.S. Pacific ports of \$112 per ton.

Feed Grains and Soybeans

U.S. exports of coarse grains and soybeans for feed to Japan are not affected significantly by direct tariffs or quotas. They are, however, affected indirectly by Japanese tariffs and quotas on livestock imports. Beef exports to Japan are restricted by an import quota system. Poultry and swine imports are subject to import duties.

The profitability of the Japanese swine and poultry industries are the most important determinants of demand for feed grains. About 80 percent of Japanese formula feed production is destined for swine and poultry, while only 20 percent is used for cattle. Livestock import restrictions have the indirect effect of sustaining a steady demand for imported coarse grains. U.S. exports of soybeans to Japan are likewise a function of the profitability of domestic Japanese livestock industries. About 84 percent of soybean meal is used as an ingredient in livestock feed.

In August 1975, the U.S. and Japan reached an understanding that called for U.S. exports of at least 14 million tons of grain and soybeans a year for 3 years. The minimum was slightly exceeded in 1976. (William T. Coyle)

India

Some of the main features of India's agricultural policy during 1974-76 were maximization of grain production, stable food prices, and the buildup of a large grain reserve stored in government warehouses.

Grain Price Support Policy

Minimum procurement prices paid to farmers for specified crops serve as support prices in India. Farmers in food deficit states can usually get higher prices for cereals in the open market than those paid at procurement centers. Most of the procurement of wheat and rice for delivery to The Food Corporation of India (FCI) occurs in surplus producing states.

The wheat procurement price remained steady during the last three years. Yet, inflation has meant that the farmer received a lower price in real terms. Based upon the official exchange rate the procurement price for wheat declined from \$124 per ton in 1975 to \$119 in 1976. The procurement price for paddy rice and coarse grains in 1975 and 1976 was in the range of \$84 to \$82 per ton.

The excise tax on fertilizer was reduced from 15 percent to 7.5 percent in 1975 because the price for fertilizer almost doubled in 1974. Excise taxes on fertilizer, tractors, irrigation pumps and some other farm inputs are viewed as a method of taxing farmers who pay little income tax.

Marketing and Distribution Policy

The Food Corporation of India (FCI) distributes grain to privately operated fair-price shops, which sell grain to ration-card holders at a fixed price. State governments act as procurement agents for FCI and purchase grain from farmers at specified prices. Farmers in surplus producing states are not allowed to market their wheat in deficit states. This zonal arrangement forces farmers in surplus states to sell wheat at procurement centers in their state at the fixed procurement price instead of selling their crops for higher prices prevailing in deficit states. Consumers in the deficit states buy part of their food needs at the fair-price shops when prices there are below those prevailing on the open market. During 1974 open market prices in most deficit states were far higher than those listed at fair-price shops, but new regulations limiting stockholding in mid-1975 caused private traders to quickly unload their stocks and market prices tumbled. This provided a windfall for consumers but took business away from the fair-price shops, reduced demand for grain distributed by FCI and allowed Government grain stocks to rise to unprecendented levels.

In late 1976, the state wheat marketing zonal system was modified to permit private movement of wheat flour throughout India, thus allowing Punjabi wheat flour millers to pay higher prices to farmers for wheat. Also, several states in each region were grouped into new rice zones which had previously comprised only one state. This provided new opportunities for intra-state private trade in rice, to benefit farmers and consumers alike.

Trade Policy

India now has almost \$3 billion in foreign exchange reserves because of booming exports, large construction contracts in the Mideast, an extra \$1 billion in remittances from workers abroad and reduced imports of grain and fertilizer. This comfortable cash position and prospects for an even better position in 1977 with striking gains for industrial exports to the Mideast have created a new policy for trade in farm commodities. Improving the national diet and maintaining stable food prices are now major policy goals.

Self-sufficiency was a major policy goal through 1972, but this appears to have been phased down as a more flexible policy became possible because of the recent improvement in the trade balance. India has increased its commercial agricultural imports substantially and reduced its dependence on food aid.

A public agency, the Food Corporation of India, handles all grain imports requiring payment in foreign currency. Imports of rice from Nepal by private traders along the border comprise the only significant grain trade outside the Corporation's authority. The State Trading Corporation (STC) handles the foreign banking aspects for much of India's trade in oilseeds, oilseed products and various other farm commodities. Contracts made between STC and foreign suppliers or customers are usually sublet to private firms.

Agricultural export policy has also changed in response to foreign exchange reserves improvements and domestic consumer priorities. For example, sugar exports were curtailed by the Government to provide more ample supplies and lower prices for Indian consumers. India has shown a growing readiness to ban or limit farm exports, such as oilseeds and cotton, to calm domestic inflation and provide adequate supplies for the home market. (John Parker)

Soviet Union

Trade Policy

Soviet foreign trade policy generally has emphasized self-sufficiency except when long-term trade and economic cooperation arrangements were arranged with trading partners or when climatic and natural resource limitations were constraints. The bulk of trade under long-term bilateral arrangements has been with other countries in the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance (CEMA). The USSR also generally has preferred to maintain a close bilateral balancing of trade with major trading partners. In recent years, however, the Soviet Union has stepped up its imports of capital goods, technology, and agricultural products, especially grains primarily from developed market economies. This has resulted in substantial Soviet trade deficits.

Recent Soviet grain purchases have jolted U.S. and world markets. This led to a five year U.S. Soviet grain agreement, whereby the Soviet Union will purchase at least 6 million tons of wheat and corn annually from the United States over the 1976-81 period. Purchases greater than 8 million tons annually would be preceded by consultations.

Foreign Trade Operations

Foreign trade in the USSR is controlled by the Soviet leadership through centralized economic planning and regulatory organizations under the direction of the USSR Council of Ministers. Export and import targets are established by the foreign trade section of the State Planning Committee (GOSPLAN), while more detailed planning and administration is conducted by the Ministry of Foreign Trade.

The precise criteria for determining the foreign trade plan of a commodity are not clear. Since internal Soviet prices do not accurately reflect surpluses and shortages in the economy, the usual price guides for decision-making are lacking. A comparison of internal and world prices provides no guidelines for decision-making.

Actual foreign trade in agricultural commodities is carried out by several Foreign Trade Organizations (FTO's), under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Foreign Trade. The FTO's are independent economic organizations with their own operating capital which can enter into trade contracts with foreign firms and Governments. These specialized trading organizations have exclusive control over and authority to handle exports and imports of specific types of agricultural commodities. For example, Exportkhleb is the FTO which controls and handles exports and imports of grains, pulses, oilseeds, and oilseed meal. Other FTO's have exclusive control in trade of other agricultural commodities such as cotton and other fibers; livestock and meat; furs; tobacco; and fruits, vegetables, and beverages. Other FTO's specialize in trade of agricultural inputs and in equipment for manufacture of inputs and for processing agricultural commodities.

All payments related to foreign trade and international transactions are handled by Vneshtorgbank--the Soviet Foreign Trade Bank--which maintains correspondent relationships with banks throughout the world. (Angel O. Byrne) by
William T. Coyle
Agricultural Economist
Foreign Demand and Competition Division

U.S. agricultural exports to Japan in 1976 increased 19 percent in volume and 16 percent in value over the previous year. The dramatic increase was closely tied to Japan's economic recovery. Feed grains, wheat, soybeans, and cotton accounted for nearly 70 percent of the \$3.6 billion value of U.S. agricultural exports to Japan.

U.S. agricultural imports from Japan in 1976 amounted to only \$76 million. The principal commodities were canned mandarin oranges, dried mushrooms, and alcoholic beverages, which together amounted to one-third of the total import value. The overall U.S. merchandise trade account with Japan in 1976 was in deficit \$5.3 billion, and the U.S. agricultural trade account was in surplus by \$3.5 billion.

In 1976, the United States improved its share of the Japanese import market of corn, soybeans, wheat, tobacco, cattle hides, pork, and beef and veal. The U.S. share of total Japanese imports of sorghum and cotton declined and that of lemons and limes remained the same. In 1976, the United States recovered its 1974 share of Japanese agricultural imports--36 percent.

Japan's imports of feed grains depend largely on the profitability of domestic live-stock production, particularly that of swine and poultry, both of which account for 80 percent of mixed feed consumption. In 1976, feed grain and soybean imports increased 11.5 and 6.5 percent, respectively, over the previous year's figures. The ratio of livestock product prices received by producers to feed prices paid by producers—an indicator of profitability—increased 18 percent in Japanese fiscal year (JFY) 1975/76 (April-March), but there was a slight decrease in the average over the first three quarters of JFY 1976/77.

Prices received by producers for broilers, hogs, and feeder pigs, after showing strength in the early months of 1976, fell off as the year progressed. Feeder pig prices reached a high of \$120 per head in April, and then plummeted almost by half to \$62 in November. Weakening hog prices in the second half led to the Government's termination of the 16-month duty waiver on hog imports. Broiler prices were fairly stable throughout 1976, dropping from a high of 47 cents per pound in January to 43 cents per pound in June and then recovering to 45 cents per pound in November. Beef prices showed little fluctuations during the year. Beef production is not heavily reliant on imported feed grains, as is swine and poultry production. The combination of declining livestock prices and fairly stable feed prices resulted in a decreasing rate of profitability in overall livestock production. The continuation of these trends might very well curb increases in Japanese imports of feed grains in 1977.

Japan's production of feed grain and soybeans continued to be relatively insignificant in 1976. Feed grain production dropped 7 percent in 1976 over the previous year to 253,000 tons, representing a mere 2 percent of total consumption. Soybean production fell 13 percent from 126,000 tons in 1975 to 110,000 tons in 1976, representing 3 percent of total consumption in the latter year. Despite expensive Government programs to promote feed grain and soybean production, Japan continued to depend heavily on imports of these commodities. The United States increased its share of feed grain imports from 56 percent in 1975 to 59 percent in 1976. Major competitors were Australia (12 percent of the volume of imports), Argentina (8 percent), Thailand (7 percent, Canada (7 percent), and South Africa (6 percent). The United States main-

tained its share of more than 90 percent of imported soybeans. Brazil (3.5 percent of total volume) and China (3.7 percent) were its nearest competitors.

Next to feed grains, wheat was the most important U.S. export to Japan in 1976--amounting to 120 million bushels at a value of \$522 million. The United States increased its share of Japanese wheat imports from 52 percent in 1975 to 55 percent in 1976. Recent rice surpluses, declining per capita rice consumption, and increased per capita wheat consumption led to Government adjustment of the wheat-rice price ratio so as to encourage more rice and less wheat consumption. The domestic resale price of wheat was raised twice during the year, once in February and again in July for a total increase of 34.2 percent. This compared with a more modest increase of 10.2 percent in the resale price of rice.

Japan's agricultural imports are dependent, among other factors, on population, national income, price of agricultural imports, and the domestic production of substitutes. Real income increased 6.3 percent and population increased 1.1 percent, leaving per capita income growth at 5.1 percent in 1976. Domestic agricultural production was down 5 percent because of unseasonably cold weather and typhoon damage to the rice crop. Rice production fell 10 percent, but large carryover stocks amounting to 2.6 million tons in November buffered the shortfall, preventing any immediate need to import rice or to increase imports of other staples. A 4-percent jump in livestock output was responsible for large increases in feed grain imports. Another significant factor affecting the increased volume of Japanese agricultural imports was an 18-percent drop in real prices of food imports over the previous year.

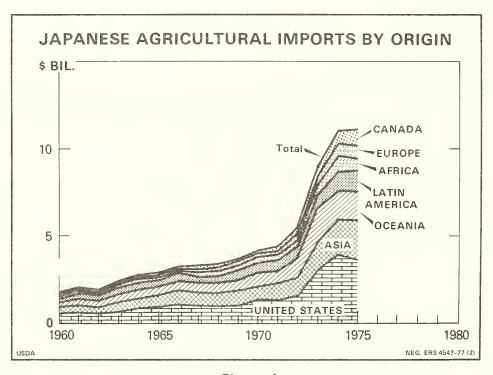


Figure 1

Table 3.--Japan: Factors affecting volume of Japanese imports, 1975 and 1976.

Item	:	1975	: : 1976
	:		•
	:	Percen	t change
Volume of food imports $\underline{1}/\ldots$		-0.5	18.6
Population $\underline{2}/\ldots$:	1.2	1.1
Real GNP $\underline{3}/$:	2.4	6.3
Per capita real income	:	1.1	5.1
Real price of food imports $\underline{1}/$:	-0.5	-18.6
Domestic agricultural production $2/.$		3.6	-5.2
	:		

Japan Tariff Association, The Summary Report, Trade of Japan, Nov. 1976, pp. 180 (volume of food imports) and 163 (real price of food imports). Data for Jan.-Nov. only in 1976.

^{2/} ERS/FAS "Production Indices," unpublished printout, Mar. 1977.

^{3/} Economic Planning Agency, Government of Japan, Japanese Economic Indicators, Jan. 1977, p. 42.

Table +. --Principal U.S. agricultural exports to Japan, 1975 and 1976

U.S.			Quantity	ity	Value,	f.a.s.
schedule B code	Commodity	Unit	1975	1976	1975	1976
		** **	Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
011-1	and ve		17,512	34,218	26,250	42,225
011-4	Poultry meat	. Lb.	31,463	53,888	93,313 15,718	121,278 25,556
041	Wheat	: Bu.	: 107,243	121,654	506,099	522,294
042	Rice	. Lb.	31,967	23,931	6,873	4,455
044-0020, 044-0050, 044-0060	Corn	Bu.	: 211,382	252,300	701,651	748,146
045-9015	Sorghum.	Bu.	: 80,995	92,163	255,384	261,207
051-1010	Oranges		: 49,212	55,270	7,687	8,095
051-2010	Lemons	. Tb.	: 167,806	212,796	45,075	51,166
051-2030 051-7210, 051-7220	Grapeiruit	 Lb.	: 316,092 : 13,531	317,001 19,615	12,730	30,913
052-0300	Raisins.	: Lb.	36,139	48,179	12,298	16,425
061-3000	Sugar	. Lb.	91,084	1,144	16,038	227
081-1210, 081-9960, 081-9970 081-3030 081-9320	Alfalfa meal and cubes . Soybean meal Sugar byproducts	S. ton S. ton S. ton	214 $\frac{1}{227}$	600 :: 132 :: 150 ::	20,770 104 23,511	27,249 20,982 15,784
121	: : Unmanufactured tobacco . :	. Lb.	: 81,542	132,735	132,078	223,186
211-1010	. Whole cattle hides	. o.	660,7	9,337	95,627	180,297
	Safflower seed	. Lb.	55,645	11,660	6,032	1,740
221-1010, 221-1020 221-4000	Peanuts	: Lb. : Bu.	: 46,145 : 101,655	64,3/5 112,769	12,798 647,996	20,563 674,717
263-1	Raw cotton	R. bale	777	832	201,290	258,741
411-3210, 411-3220			151,560	227,120	24,150	38,633
421-3020	Refined cottonseed oil . :		15,558	28,091	4,876	7,145
	Total principal commodities		1 1	1	2,909,251	3,334,775
	Total agricultural commodities]			3,081,917	3,563,120
1/ Less than 500 units or dollars.	Source:	U.S. Bureau of Census.		Data for 1976 are preliminary.	celiminary.	

Japanese	: Commodity and country	Quan	tity	Value	, c.i.f.
C.C.F.T.S. code	or origin	1975	1976	1975	1976
			000 ic tons	Millio	n dollars
02.01-111, 119, 121, 129	: Beef and veal	: 45	92	75	163
	: Australia	: 37	76	52	116
	: New Zealand	: 4	4	6	9
	: United States	: 4	11	16	38
02.01-210, 291	: Pork	: 125	149	308	406
	: Australia	: 3	3	6	6
	: Canada	: 26	26	75	83
	: Denmark	: 24	17	54	46
	: South Korea	: 8	5	22	15
	: Sweden	: 13	9	27	19
	: Taiwan	: 8	26	21	77
	: United States	: 43	55	101	139
02.02-010, 020	: : Poultry	: : 22	38	27	47
02.02 010, 020	: China (PRC)	: 6	5	7	6
	: United States	: 12	24	16	28
10.01	: Wheat	: : 5,654	5,827	1,116	1,052
10.01	: Australia		988	216	163
	: Canada		1,518	314	300
		: 3,004	3,321	585	588
10.06	: : Rice	: : 37	22	17	8
	: China (PRC)		4	6	1
		: 8	6	2	1
	: United States	: 16	11	9	5
10.03	: : Barley	: : 1,598	1,762	255	260
	_	: 619	688	105	103
	: Canada	: 978	964	151	141
	: United States	: 1/	110	1/	16
10.05	: Corn	. 7,470	8,383	1,137	1,112
	: Argentina	: 18	2	3	1/
	: Australia	: 24	19	3	2
	: China (PRC)	: 82	60	12	8
	: Mozambique		61	42	8
	: South Africa		860	141	119
	: Thailand		993	126	131
	: United States	: 5,354	6,237	804	822
10.07-310, 390	. : Sorghum	: 3,794	4,227	540	519
	: Argentina	833	1,072	112	129
	: Australia		870	112	105
	: China (PRC)		7	2	1
	: South Africa		32	16	4
	: Thailand	: 40	2	6	1/
	: United States	: 2,012	2,234	292	27,8

Table 5.--Japan: Imports of selected agricultural commodities, 1975 and 1976-continued

Japanese	: Commodity and country	Quantity	Value, c.i.f.
C.C.F.T.S. code	or origin	1975 1976	1975 1976
	: :	: 1,000	
	:	: Metric tons	Million dollars
08.02-200	. 0ranges	: 22 24	11 12
	: United States	: 20 24	10 12
08.02-100	: Lemons and limes	: 64 93	50 52
	: United States	: 64 93	49 52
08.02-300	: Grapefruit	: 147 151	60 61
	: Israel	: 12 6	5 2
	: United States	: 132 140 :	54 56
08.05-310, 410	: Almonds	. 5 9	12 20
	: United States	. 5 9	12 20
08.04-210, 290	: Raisins	23 27	20 20
	: Australia	: 4 3	3 2
	: United States	: 17 21	15 17
17.01	: Sugar	· : 2,470 2,439	1,679 962
	: Argentina	: 11 <u>1</u> /	5 <u>1</u> /
	: Australia	: 230 783	133 400
	: Brazil	: 385 174	260 58
	: Cuba	: 431 73	322 28
	: Philippines	: 596 107	428 41
	: South Africa	: 354 411	213 127
	: Taiwan	: 114 227	81 84
	: Thailand	: 308 663	206 223
	: United States	: 40 <u>1</u> /	31 <u>1</u> /
12.10	: Alfalfa meal $\underline{2}/$: 386 498	49 65
	: Canada	: 73 118	8 14
	: China (PRC)	: 16 30	2 3
	: New Zealand	: 31 49	4 6
	: United States	: 242 287	33 40
23.04-100	. : Soybean meal	18 193	3 42
	: Brazil	: 16 71	3 16
	: United States	: <u>1</u> / 119	<u>1</u> / 25
23.03	· : Sugar byproducts	107 266	15 35
	: Chile	: 21 49	3 7
	: Spain	: 1/ 42	$\frac{1}{2}$ 6
	: United States	: 57 115	_ ₈ 15
	•	•	

Footnotes at end of table.

continued--

Table 5.--Japan: Imports of selected agricultural commodities 1975 and 1976-continued

Japanese C.C.F.T.S.	: Commodity and country :	Quantity	y Value	. c.i.f.
code	: of origin :	1975 19	976 : 1975	1976
	: : :	1,000	ns Mill i or	n dollars
24.01	Unmanufactured tobacco Brazil Bulgaria China (PRC) Greece India Italy Mexico Philipppines South Korea Turkey United States	2 1 4 6 5 4 3 4 3	/92 288 2 5 1 5 6 5 3 23 5 12 3 8 3 7 4 5 3 9 3 10 52 183	3/293 4 5 9 10 10 6 7 5 6 9 11 201
41.01-190	Cattle Hides	38 5 9	281 144 46 18 5 3 8 7 221 114	264 37 4 9 214
12.01-700	Safflower seed : United States :	20 18	6 6 5 5	2 2
12.01-210, 290	: Peanuts	7	71 40 16 11 8 3 2 3 4 5 5 3 28 12	56 14 6 2 3 4 22
12.01-100	: Soybeans : Brazil : Canada : China (PRC) : United States : :	44 8 240 3,041 3,2	554 941 126 10 8 3 133 73 287 855	840 32 2 37 769

Table 5. -- Japan: Imports of selected agricultural commodities, 1975 and 1976-continued

Japanese C.C.F.T.S.	: Commodity and country	Quantity	Value, c.i.f.
code	or origin	1975 197	6 1975 1976
	•	1 000	
		1,000	W:11: . 1 11
	:	: Metric ton	s Million dollars
15.01	Raw cotton	: : 692 66	8 827 909
13.01			0 027 909 1 5 26
	: Argentina		2 10 3
	: Brazil		9 23 9
	: China (PRC)		6 9 7
	El Salvador		8 58 52
	Egypt		8 10 58
	Guatemala		6 28 61
	India		7 20 24
	Mexico		0 85 72
			4 55 72
	Pakistan	: 45 1	
		117 10	
	Sudan	6 1	
		6 1	
		207 17	
	:	20, 1,	. 209 233
15.02	: Tallow	185 23	4 67 89
	: Australia	: 87 8	
	: Canada	: 12 1	
	: New Zealand	15 3	
	: United States	71 10	4 27 40
	:		
15.07-110, 120	: Soybean oil	: 14 1	2 11 6
,	: United States	: 13 1	
	•		
15.07-510, 590	: Cottonseed oil	: 10 1	3 8 8
· ·	: United States	9 1	2 8 7
	:	•	

¹/ Less than 500 metric tons or \$500,000.

Source: Japan Customs Bureau. Data for 1976 are preliminary. Converted from yen to dollars at 297 yen per dollar.

^{2/} Includes alfalfa cubes and other forage products, whether or not cubed.

^{3/} Based on Jan.-Nov. trade data.

by
Samuel O. Ruff
Agricultural Economist
Foreign Demand and Competition Division

Brazil's agricultural exports, accounting for 60 percent of total exports, reached a record value of \$6,052 million in 1976, up 25 percent from 1975 (table 6). Green and soluble coffee and soybeans and products accounted for the bulk of the advance, with increases of 157 and 35 percent, respectively. Aside from these agricultural commodities, the only Brazilian export that approached the billion dollar mark was iron ore, with a value of \$995 million. The value of sugar exports dropped 72 percent, and that of cotton exports dropped to its lowest level since World War II.

Record minimum export prices for coffee (\$1.90 in December 1976), soybeans (\$215 a ton, soymeal (\$175 a ton), and cocoa (\$1.53 per pound in December) ensured large receipts. To keep Brazilian exports competitive in world markets, the Government made 16 devaluations of the cruzeiro for a total devaluation of 36 percent. Although abundance of production provided supplies for most commodities, the poor 1976 harvest caused coffee prices to soar and set an export record based largely on stock drawdown.

Coffee, the major export commodity in 1976, earned a record \$2,398 million. Export volume was 15.6 million bags of green and soluble coffee. The Bank of Brazil reported in preliminary breakdown 854,513 tons of green coffee, valued at \$2,173 million and 43,602 tons of soluble at \$225.5 million. Coffee's remarkable reentry to first place follows two years, 1974 and 1975, when it dropped to third place behind soybeans and products and sugar. The freeze of July 1975, which affected 1.5 billion coffee trees in Parana, the principal producing State, reduced 1976 production to 9.5 million bags, the lowest level since 1964. But the high prices caused a drawdown on stocks that raised export volume above that of 1975.

Brazil's policy in 1976 was to export 1 million bags of coffee a month, but balance-of-payments problems were so serious that larger quantities were exported in October (1.5 million), November (1.7 million) and December (2.7 million). Countries of destination in 1976 have not yet been reported, but are expected to have followed the pattern of 1975, when the United States imported 26 percent of the green coffee and Western Europe imported 49 percent (see FCOF 1-77, Jan. 1977-coffee) and (table 9).

Soybean and product exports, second in importance, totaled \$1,757 million. The volume of beans as a percentage of U.S. exports was 24 percent, meal was 91 percent, and oil was 96 percent (table 8).

Brazil devalued the cruzeiro four times in rapid succession at the beginning of the export season (May-June) to get exports moving. In alloting quotas for export, Brazil gave priority first to cooperatives; then to traders, who received quotas equal to their exports the previous year; and finally to crushers, who were granted a quota equal to 10 percent of their crush.

Sugar exports, at \$306 million, dropped to third place, after having been second in 1974 and 1975, with values of \$1.33 billion and \$1.1 billion, respectively. The drop

^{*}Much of the information for this article is based on reports by Leon Mears, U.S. Agricultural Attache to Brazil.

in world prices made the difference because volume in 1976 was 1,802,000 tons, up 64 percent from 1,096,000 tons in 1975.

Cocoa and cocoa product exports followed sugar closely in fourth place, with a value of \$288.8 million. Volume of cocoa bean exports was down 27 percent, but higher prices provided earnings of \$219 million--almost the same as 1975's \$220 million. The volume of cocoa butter exports was the same as in 1975, but earnings were up 17 percent to \$70 million.

Corn export volume was up 18 percent to 1,372,000 tons, and the value was up 9 percent to \$165 million. Countries of destination were the Soviet Union receiving 443,000 tons and Japan and Italy. In 1974-76, Brazil bounced back to the corn export market after practically dropping out in 1972 and 1973 (table 12).

Tobacco export volume in 1976 was 101,000 tons, compared with 1975's 98,000 tons. Earnings were up 15 percent to \$161 million.

Frozen and processed beef had a total export value of \$130 million. Processed beef accounted for \$114 million worth and for most of the increase in volume--64,000 tons.

Orange juice exports, mostly frozen concentrate, increased 16 percent to 210,000 tons, with a value of \$101 million. Castor oil exports were up 55 percent in volume to 141,000 tons and 50 percent in value to \$77 million.

The volume of cotton was only 6,000 tons because Brazil had very little cotton available for export in 1976.

The value of U.S. agricultural exports to Brazil dropped 21 percent (\$68 million) from 1975 to \$255 million in 1976. Wheat, the major export item, dropped 13 percent to 1,540,915 tons, and 19 percent in value to \$223 million. The drop was equal to 75 percent of the difference between 1975 and 1976 export values. Inedible tallow, which had been second in 1975 with a value of \$14.9 million, declined to \$586,000 in 1976. Brazil's prior deposit and tariff restrictions in 1976 reduced a number of U.S. exports, notably green peas, dried peaches, fresh pears, popcorn, sweet corn seed, and lambskins. Exports that gained were agricultural inputs that were exempt from stringent controls: dairy and beef cattle for breeding, baby chicks (b reeding stock), horses for breeding, sorghum seeds, and seeds of all kinds.

Brazilian Trade With The United States

U.S. agricultural imports from Brazil, valued at \$966 million in 1976, were more than three times the value of U.S. exports to that country (table 15).

Coffee (crude, roasted, and soluble) and cocoa, the two major import commodities, were valued at \$623 million and \$145 million, respectively. Meat, mostly corned and prepared beef, was valued at \$62 million. Tobacco, castor oil, cashew nuts, molasses, and orange juice also had significant import values.

U.S. imports of Brazilian agricultural products have fluctuated in value appreciably in the last 5 years. The import value ranged from a low of \$660 million in 1972 to a high of \$1,031 million in 1974. The 1974 peak coincided with the high price of sugar, and the slightly lower level in 1976 marked the year of record coffee prices. Price of coffee was the decisive factor in 1976; volume of coffee in 1972 was double that of 1976 but the price of coffee was very low. The price in 1972 was the lowest year of the series in value.

Outlook

The Brazilian Government is forecasting an export level of \$8 billion for 1977, making the country second to the United States as an exporter of agricultural products. High prices for coffee, soybeans and products, and cocoa should generate high earnings. These three commodities will supply three quarters of the 1977 agricultural export receipts. Increased export volumes for corn, cotton, and tobacco will also provide increased earnings. Sugar export revenue will be down in 1977 because of prevailing prices.

Coffee exports are expected to again be the top Brazilian export item, with expected earnings between \$2.5 and \$3 billion. The short-term outlook for importing countries, however, is grim because price rises are inevitable through August 1977. Brazil raised the minimum export price per ound to \$2.10 in January and to \$3.00 March 28. Brazil's availability position is the tightest in its postwar history. The U.S. agricultural attache in Brasilia forecasts that stocks of 19 million bags (January 1) will provide exports of 5 million bags, and domestic consumption of 4 million bags by June 30, leaving a total of 10 million bags at that date. He anticipates a nervous market during the month of July, when freezes occur. The completion of a harvest, now estimated at 15-18 million bags, should stabilize prices and provide for exports of a million bags a month (or more) for the rest of 1977. Brazil, however, has a potential for 22 million bags in 1978 and for 26-27 million bags in 1979.

Brazil's prospects for regaining capacity for coffee production are bright. Restoration indeed has a built-in handicap of the 4 years required for seedlings to grow to maturity, but Brazil will not have to wait 4 years. The 1972-74 program should save about 3 years in restoration of coffee bean production, as 500 million trees were planted (minus an estimated 100 million of these wiped out in Parana in July 1975). Those seedlings, which require 4 years for growth, will enhance production through 1979. The addition of the 1975-76 replanting programs, should follow. The attache reported that since August 1975, the Coffee Institute has allocated over \$1 billion for producing seedlings, planting new trees, and distributing fungicides.

Frost-free areas -- Plantings began to shift to frost-free areas, even in 1972-73 when Minas Gerais, which is closer to the equator, planted 113 million trees, making it the largest planting state. Farmers in frost-prone Parana, who switched 58 percent of area in coffee to other crops, are not responding to the new credits, but Minas farmers are doing so enthusiastically. Production in Minas is very close to that of Sao Paulo in 1976 and 1977 and Minas will undoubtedly become the leading coffee producing state long before 1980.

Soybeans and products -- Increased exports of soybeans and products are based on 1977 production, 12.0 million tons, and a 10-percent increase in area. The forecast for soybean product exports is soybeans, 3.8 million tons; meal, 5 million tons; and oil, 660,000 tons. More meal will be available for export because consumption is not expected to increase above 1.1 million tons. The new swine development program and the poultry boom will increase mixed feed consumption, but the soybean meal component will be reduced because of high prices and will be replaced by larger quantities of cottonseed meal. A 30-percent increase in the domestic price of soybean oil will slow consumption increases and leave a wide margin for export.

The short-term outlook (3 years) is for annual production increments of at least I million tons as production increases come from a soybean movement in Mato Grosso. Most of the land suitable for soybeans in Parana and Rio Grande do ^{Sul} had already been occupied by the time of the 1977 harvest (now underway). The next stage of development is movement into the southern third of the state of Mato Grosso, a vast area of temperate rainfall directly west of Parana. This state, twice as large as the state of Texas, has a rainfed area now mostly in pasture and forest.

The long-term outlook (1985) is for a production level of 20-22 million tons. This would result from a movement into the <u>Campo Cerrado</u>, perhaps the largest remaining unlocked soilbank in the world. This is an empty savannah region of scrub growth that covers 500,000 square miles, 15 percent of Brazil's total area, in the states of Minas Gerais, Goias, and Mato Grosso-(the northern two-thirds). Capital requirements will be considerable because the soils have three drawbacks, high acidity, aluminum toxicity, and phosphate deficiency. The principal costs are for lime and fertilizer (phosphates) in a region which has an abundance of phosphate rock. Growth in world demand for food, however, may make the investment pay.

Cotton exports will move again in 1977 after a virtual disappearance in 1976. The Government is encouraging the planting of cotton by raising the minimum price 72 percent (CR \$78 per arroba of 15 kilograms) or 19 cents a pound for seed cotton. High domestic prices have caused a 28-percent increase in area and a 60-percent increase in cottonseed purchase.

Tobacco exports should be up in 1977. The attache has forecast a 21-percent increase in production, which will include 268,000 tons of cigarette leaf tobacco. Cigarette leaf exports are forecast at 85,000 tons.

Poultry meat exports are expected to be up 88 percent to 60,000 tons in 1977.

Sugar exports in 1977 should also be up. In 1976, the production goal--130 million 60-kilogram bags--was not reached because of adverse weather. A slightly higher target will provide more sugar if the weather is normal.

Growing conditions and price incentives ensure that cocoa exports will be up in 1977. The price of Brazilian cocoa peaked at an alltime high of \$2.01 a pound on February 7, 1977. News of a large Brazilian temporao harvest in the offing caused prices to recede to \$1.84 per pound shortly thereafter.

Table 6 .--Brazilian agricultural exports, 1975 and 1976

	1975		1976	5
•	Volume :	Value	. Volume :	Value
	1,000 metric tons	\$1,000	1,000 metric tons	\$1,000
Roof fresh and frozen	ıc	8,530	1.2	16.022
Beef processed	42	70,548	79	113,603
Corn	1.148	150,867	1,372	164,678
Sovbeans	3,333	684,901	3,739	787,328
Soybean cake and meal	3,134	465,774	4,421	794,588
Soybean oil	263	152,441	488	174,642
Castorbean oil	91	51,872	141	76,626
Orange juice (mostly frozen :				
concentrate)	181	82,213	210	100,900
Sugar, demerara	601	769,902	1,235	152,473
Sugar, crystal	279	204,342	206	52,420
Sugar, refined	216	125,529	361	101,641
Molasses	882	45,536	839	40,990
Coffee, green	782	854,513	805	2,172,745
Coffee, soluble	31	79,790	77	225,539
Cocoa beans	177	220,369	129	218,757
Cocoa butter	22	60,209	22	70,020
Cotton	107	97,794	9	096,9
Wool	28	46,264	17	44,494
Sisal	52	30,054	109	35,967
Tobacco, unmanufactured	86	141,950	101	160,979
Subtotal		4,343,218		5,511,372
Other agricultural products		498,792		540,832
Total agricultural products		4,842,010		6,052,204
Selected nonagricultural products				(00% 01 [0[GI)
Sisal baling twine	21	22,718	09	24,534
Cotton yarn	42	67,835	41	81,251
Cotton labrics	17	49,/I/	13	47,091
Total exports		8,669,944		10,125,736

Bank of Brazil/CACEX - submitted by Leon Mears, Attache, Brasilia. Source:

Table 7.--Brazilian exports of coffee

	1974	4	1975	2	1976	9
						4 1 1
	:Million bags	\$ Million	Million bags	\$ Million	Million bags	\$ Million
Green coffee	.: 12.9	852	13	864	13.4	2,173
Soluble coffee (Green equivalent).: Total	1.5	89 932	1.6	116 980	2.2 15.6	225 2,398
	2 2					
Source Brazilian Coffee Institute.	Coffee Institut	e e				

Source: Brazilian Coffee Institut

Table .--Brazil: Exports of soybean products

	\$ 1,000	787,328 794,588 174,642
1976	Metric tons	3,739,300 4,420,700 487,700
	\$ 1,000	684,901 464,874 152,441
1975	Metric tons	3,333,333 3,133,581 267,683
·+	\$ 1,000	685,271 303,044 1,890
1974	Metric tons	2,630,426 2,030,942 2,277
Commodity		Soybeanssoybean mealsoybean oil

Table 8 .-- Brazilian soybean exports as percentage of U.S. soybean exports

Brazilian exports as a percentage of U.S. exports	Percent	1.87	7.95	12.17	23.55	26,67	24.39
Brazilian soybean exports	1,000 metric tons	213	1,037	1,786	2,726	3,333	3,739
U.S. soybean exports	1,000	11,349	13,036	14,669	11,567	12,496	15,332
Year	•••••	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976

Table 9.--Braz11: Exports of green coffee (in bags of 60 kilograms)

country of		/=	:	7	19/3		: 19/4		197.	0
destination	60 kg bags	US\$ 1,000	60 kg bags	US\$ 1,000	60 kg bags	US\$ 1,000	60 kg bags	US\$ 1,000	60 kg bags	US\$ 1,000
Europe										
Austria	92,368	4,560	101,325	6,133	175,826	11,839	45,496	3,365	102,093	6,098
Belgium Luxembourg	318,127	16,236	313,344	19,453	306,356	23,971	183,134	14,796	176,059	12,999
Bulgaria	1,250	107	4,000	294	6,499	525	13,083	1,249	3,333	339
Czechoslovakia	135,598	6,201	155,904	9,348	199,443	15,968	169,605	14,468	185,362	13,082
Denmark	635,737	30,113	687,496	41,232	733,301	54,079	491,980	36,671	533,205	34,317
Finland	144,680	6,745	276,800	17,493	316,466	22,575	134,261	10,632	180,727	14,576
France	596,054	27,744	705,306	41,763	1,115,415	78,007	792,703	57,201	807,135	50,155
Germany - East	262,095	12,485	389,660	22,978	473,457	37,495	277,106	20,639	439,857	30,346
Germany - West	794,457	38,811	909,606	54,846	943,741	66,672	451,695	33,616	496,467	32,047
Greece	47,412	2,205	7,207	370	3,223	176	80,155	6,539	176,483	12,182
Hungary	50,241	2,359	92,990	5,875	57,551	4,673	112,043	9,838	89,807	6,731
Iceland	24,594	1,086	25,150	1,467	32,800	2,486	27,662	1,994	25,225	1,671
Italy	2,658,894	109,744	2,449,473	122,897	2,097,498	131,736	1,317,089	99,280	1,437,557	93,082
Netherlands	699,194	33,682	886,745	50,502	980,423	64,654	251,619	15,610	147,285	8,864
Norway	322,335	15,155	463,256	28,135	402,058	30,783	339,577	28,120	329,576	22,340
Poland	110,558	5,393	204,530	12,365	235,956	17,303	299,643	23,629	343,044	23,289
Portugal	1	1	1	1	;	1	1	1	1	. 1
Romania	18,666	1,022	1	1	-	1	34,665	3,188	16,666	1,877
Spain	400,223	20,260	418,499	24,805	769,977	34,455	445,869	32,339	557,461	47,497
Sweden	953,287	45,362	956,560	55,036	1,177,363	80,763	684,869	50,225	837,109	50,008
Switzerland	102,735	4,786	196,337	11,103	140,249	10,187	125,309	660,6	170,909	10,635
United Kingdom	787,296	32,934	990,297	48,575	1,484,488	89,689	914,707	55,588	448,204	25,772
U.S.S.R	224,518	10,524	233,326	13,510	310,152	22,836	220,751	18,429	430,128	31,004
Yugoslavia	349,271	17,902	306,137	19,120	319,176	25,732	339,022	29,253	249,953	15,818
Other	482	23	2,666	165	166	16	0	0	0	0
Total9,730,072	9,730,072	445,439	10,776,672	607,515	11,958,299	826,620	7,752,043	575,768	8,183,645	544,729
North America :										
Canada	377,207	16,764	276,448	14,711	241,197	16,112	92,443	6,118	121,893	7,643
United States6,431,309	6,431,309	285,338	6,925,617	371,296	5,727,396	370,316	3,650,212	256,584	3,429,829	198,195
Total	:6,808,516	302,102	7,202,065	386,007	5,968,593	386,428	3,742,655	262,702	3,551,722	205,838
South America	702,357	30,233	543,870	29,654	417,886	31,460	645,064	53,810	377,575	35,006
Africa	435,860	16,002	71,943	3,560	419,607	30,177	551,528	39,658	280,828	20,132
Asia & Oceania	721,982	28,334	619,992	30,368	1,052,916	794,69	588,147	48,342	642,391	48,808
Central America	84	m	1	1	1	. !	. 1		1	1
General total	18 208 025	822 113	19 21/1 5/2	1 057 107	100 710 01	1 37.7 153	701 070 01	000 000	17 700 01	011

1/60 kg = 132.276 pounds.

Source: Brazilian Coffee Institute - 1970-1975. Bank of Brazil - 1975.

Table 10. -- Brazil: Exports of soybeans, by country of destination

EEE Countries: 2	Country	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 : Jan-
2 1 8 66 887 929 2 1 3 23 666 887 929 21 3 45 19 81 16 31 352 21 3 47 16 14 95 17 552 3 10 11 163 97 204 196 371 3552 3 109 216 42 142 686 1,328 1,947 1,953 1 6 109 216 42 193 142 686 1,328 1,947 1,943 1 6 10 44 5 43 39 45 150 9 266 60 6 10 44 5 43 39 45 118 29 24 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>्या -</td> <td>usand me</td> <td></td> <td> SI</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						्या -	usand me		SI				
1	EEC Countries: Relgium-Luxembourg	22	!	-	!		1	i	19	86	77	22	2
14 59 45 3 52 29 42 149 314 545 552 334 371 359 371 359 371 359 371 359 371 359 371 359 371 359 371 359 371 359 371 359 371 359 371 359 371 379 371	Netherlands	∞	16	83	20	19	1	3	239	999	887	929	788
21 34 87 19 81 163 97 204 196 371 359 68 109 216 42 152 193 142 686 1,328 1,947 1,953 1 6 109 216 42 152 193 142 686 1,388 1,947 1,953 1 6 10 44 5 43 39 45 150 9 264 606 7 10 44 5 43 39 45 150 9 264 606 8 10 44 5 43 39 45 150 9 264 606 9 10 44 5 43 39 45 15 29 24 10 24 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 <td< td=""><td>West Germany</td><td>14</td><td>59</td><td>45</td><td>ς, ·</td><td>52</td><td>29</td><td>42</td><td>149</td><td>314</td><td>545</td><td>552</td><td>372</td></td<>	West Germany	14	59	45	ς, ·	52	29	42	149	314	545	552	372
68 109 216 42 152 193 142 686 1,328 1,947 1,953 1 6 10 22 1,364 2,583 1,947 1,953 1 6 10 44 5 43 39 45 150 9 269 606 6 10 44 5 43 39 45 150 9 269 606 7 10 44 5 43 39 45 150 9 26 606 8 11 7 2 19 45 18 29 45 18 29 45 18 29 45 18 29 45 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 10 10 10 10 10	Italy	21	34	87	19	81	163	16	204	196	371	359	125
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	France	r 89	109	216	42	152	193	142	686 686	1,328	1,947	1,953	1.382
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Denmark 1/	-	1	22	-	8		-	13	25	161	98	33
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	United Kingdom		-	!	:	!	-	1	25	11	145	82	19
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Sub-total EC-9 2/	!		<u> </u>	-	-	!	!		1,364	2,253	2,121	1,434
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Spain Spain	9	10	77	5	43	39	4.5	150	6	269	909	531
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Portugal	!	1	:	1	Š		2	2	`	24		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Norway	-	1	6	!	11	ł	-	23	20	13	17	19
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Switzerland	-	!	~	ļ	7	!	-	2	-	70	37	15
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Finland	-	1	!	!	-	-		-	-	10	l	1
6 10 76 5 74 39 45 218 29 356 665 1 1 2 51 1	Sweden	-	-	l	1	-	ļ		-	ļ	-	2	:
6 10 76 5 74 39 45 218 29 356 665 1 1 2 1 2 51 1 1 1 1 1 2 10 53 17 1	Greece	•	!		!	ļ	ļ		!	!	!	n	7
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Sub-total	9	10	9/	5	74	39	45	218	29	356	999	572
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Eastern Europe and USSR:					1			!				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	East Germany		!	! '	∞	31	41	5. 2	51			8	ŀ
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Hungary	-	!		(;	;	24			!	!	1 3
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Bulgaria		!	2	10	53	17	-	!	!		'	15
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Poland	!	-			!			Д,	!		 1	!
4.38 1 4.38 1 4.39 1 4.39 1 4.39 1 4.39 1 4.39 1 4.39 1	Czechoslovakia	-	!	ļ		ļ	!	!	2			0	
1	USSR			-	! ~	&	X		ן ני			438	1,156
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Far East:			•	?	5)	ì	† `			È	4 64
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	China-Continental	-	!	1	!	!	-		2	7			25
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Taiwan		!	1	-	-	-		35	92			1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	North Korea		!	ļ	-		!	!	29	35			1
1 3 13 179 82 44 1 1 3 79 310 100 81 1 1 3 79 310 100 81 1 2 1 83 21 27 1 3 2 2 2 2 2 3 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 4 6 2 2 2 2 4 4 5 6 6 8	Malaysia	1	!	;	!	!	-	-	-	!			!
	Singapore	-	0	1	!	-	-	-	-	!			29
	Japan	-	1	3	-	ŀ	!		13	179			125
	Sub-total	-	r=4	က	-	-	-		79	310			179
	Others $\frac{2}{}$	-	-	2		-	-	!	-	83			276
: 7 13 29 6 29 27 24 128 494 586 685	Grand total	75	120	304	99	310	289	213	1,037	1,786			3,632
	Total U.S. Million dollars	7	13	29	9	29	27	24	128	767			785

Source: Comercio Exterior do Brasil.

1/ Included in sub-totals for other Western Europe Prior to 1973, if any.

2/ Other countries include Israel, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Venezuela, Paraguay, Canada and U.S. Indonesia and Philippines are included in others.

Table 11. -- Brazil: Exports of soybean meal

Country	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	: 1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	: 1976 Tan -
	•••	••	•	••	••	••	••	••					Nov
					I	Thousand	of metr	ic tons	s				
EEC Countries: Belgium-Lux	i	00	13	4	21	37	73	99	31	57	2.7	140	52
Netherlands	\vdash	12	36	31	20	43	123	208	262	342	099	652	918
West Germany	3	65	105	82	114	151	159	253	300	283	321	581	746
Italy	1	1	5	;	;	6	7	19	239	94	59	166	199
France	i	~ 1	1	-	2	7	4	19	17	52	26	145	266
Sub-Total EC-6:	4	98	159	117	207	241	366	265	849	780	1,093	1,684	2,181
Denmark	-	!	!	!	-	:	T	2	12	14	20	59	137
United Kingdom	1 1	2	:	1 1	1	2	П	:	-	1	2	5	-
Ireland	!	2	4	4	9	2	00	13	7	-	-	!	;
Sub-Total EC-9:	4	06	163	121	214	245	376	583	868	794	1,145	1,748	2,318
Other Western Europe:						c		i.	į.	0	ſ	7	0
Spain	:	:	1	!	7	7		57	10	298	7.9	141	238
Portugal	!	!	'	1	П	1	26	47	45	27	34	89	29
0thers $\frac{1}{2}$	-	Η'	Η '	1			~ -I	7	\leftarrow	9	2	2	2
Sub-Total :	-	2	2	4	∞	7	37	95	116	331	118	214	299
Eastern Europe:							1						
East Germany	-	l	!	!	:		2	10	œ	3	2	6	33
Bulgaria	!	!	:	!	:	 1	!	94	81	6	200	136	114
Hungary	-	-		1	2	∞	38	37	55	36	110	112	166
Yugoslavia	:		-	-	1	-	4	22	42	143	91	152	393
Poland	:	-	!	:		!	2	26	147	34	148	320	196
Romania	1 1	}	:	!		:	7	11	28	67	34	168	113
Czechoslovakia	-	1	!	:	:	1	ŀ	:	2	4	42	118	24
Sub-Total :	!	1		!	2	6	26	182	363	366	627	1,014	1,039
Far East:													
Japan	;	:	;	:	5	1	ς, .	3	-	41	4	16	72
Singapore	:	1	1 1	1	4	6	11	2	2		14	63	127
Others $\frac{2}{}$	-	1	!	!	!	-	:	1 1	-	-	28	23	61
Sub-Total :	ļ	:	:	ł	9	6	14	œ	2	42	949	102	260
(Lebanon, Iran, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Jordan, Syria)													
Sub-Total :	-	:	:	-	:	₩	00	7	2	 1	37	13	69
Other Areas-Mostly L.A.	;	œ	9	2	2	7	∞	18	, 11	27	47	28	110
Grand Total	4	66	171	123	225	274	489	872	1,343	1,561	2,020	3,119	4,095
Mil. U.S. dollars	2	7	13	10	18	22	41	78	146	419	302	797	733

1/ Other countries such as Switzerland, Austria, Greece.
2/ Other countries such as Taiwan, Philipines, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia.
Source: Comercio Exterior do Brasil
For 1976-CACEX-Bank of Brazil.

-36-

Table 12.--Brazil: Corn exports 1967-1976

Year	: 1,000 metric tons :	Million dollars
	:	
1967	: 430	22
1968	: 1,238	57
1969		33
1970		81
1971		75
	:	
1972	: 172	10
1973	: 41	3
1974		139
1975	•	151
1976	•	165
	:	

Source: Ministerio da Fazenda.

Table 13.--U.S. agricultural imports from Brazil, 1972-76

:	1972	:	1973	:	1974	:	1975	:	1976
:				Mil]	lion dol	llar	<u>s</u>		
Coffee	446		468		420		521		623
imports:	660		710		1,031		772		966
			-	_ <u>M</u> e	etric to	ns .	~ -		
Green coffee: Soluble coffee:			275,788 18,613]	163,523 23,072		224,870 16,577	-	185,490 23,255

Source: Bureau of the Census.

Table 14.--Selected United States agricultural exports to Brazil, 1975-76

Commodity :	19	75	: :	76
	Metric tons	U.S. \$1,000	Metric tons	U.S. \$1,000
: Wheat:	1,761,447	274,371	1,540,915	223,184
Inedible tallow:	41,236	14,910	1,533	586
Dairy cattle, for breeding:		286		1,192
Beef cattle, for breeding:		294		531
Bulls, for breeding:		218		539
Baby chicks, breeding stock:		980		1,404
Horses, for breeding		235		1,491
Beans, dried:	215	48	923	195
Green peas:	5,822	1,925	4,832	1,272
Pears, fresh	3,633	1,194	119	36
Popcorn:	1,197	513	102	37
Sheep, lamb skins:		1,518		868
Seeds, stocks, extracts:	1,060	3,392	1,167	4,103

Source: Bureau of the Census.

Table 15.--Selected United States agricultural imports from Brazil, 1975-76

Commodity	19	75	: :	76
:	Metric tons	U.S. \$1,000	Metric tons	U.S. \$1,000
Coffee, crude:	224.871	337,292	185,490	496.936
Coffee, roasted:	3,443	5,586	2,097	4,365
Soluble coffee:	16,577	53,950	23,255	121,648
Cocoa beans and products:	100,899	128,441	92,771	145,178
Meat (mostly beef)	15,955	28,006	33,248	62,344
Tobacco, all types:	8,465	9,508	12,498	17,940
Castor oil:	27,560	15,626	33,855	17,729
Cashew nuts:	8,927	14,289	7,862	14,183
Sugar, cane:	201,528	99,680	0	0
Molasses, inedible:		10,685		12,970
Orange juice, concentrate:	12,798	9,777	13,497	9,395

Source: Bureau of the Census.

THAILAND: A MAJOR COMPETITOR AND GROWING MARKET FOR U.S. AGRICULTURE

by
Thomas H. Lederer
Agricultural Economist
Foreign Demand and Competition Division

Thailand's share of total world rice exports in Calendar Year 1976 (CY) was 24 percent, second only to the U.S. share. In a world corn market dominated by the United States, Thailand has been among the top five corn exporters during the last decade. Thai rice and corn compete directly with U.S. commodities in Asian and developing Middle Eastern markets.

The most important agricultural markets by value during 1975 and 1976 for Thailand were Japan and the Netherlands. In fact, Japan is the leading agricultural market for both the United States and Thailand. The United States and Thailand compete directly for a share of the large Japanese corn market.

Thailand is also one of the top exporters of tapioca products. Most shipments are sent to the European markets--particularly the Netherlands--where it competes with U.S. feed grain exports. The strength and diversity of the Thai export picture is suggested by the fact that neither Japan nor the Netherlands bought rice from Thailand, although rice is Thailand's number one export by value.

Thai Agricultural Trade in CY 1976

The improved demand associated with the expanding economic activity of the industralized countries in 1976 helped stimulate all of Thailand's agricultural exports. Total foreign exchange earnings in 1976 were up 30 percent from those of 1975 to about \$2.9 million. With a lowered trade deficit of \$400 million, down from \$775 million in 1975, the trade balance was the most favorable in recent years.

Rising export prices of rubber, tapioca products, and kenaf, along with the large volume of agricultural exports in the aggregate, helped to counter lower world prices for rice, corn, tobacco, and sugar. The most important exports in order of value in 1976 were rice, tapioca products, sugar, rubber, and corn. Japan continues to be the leading outlet for corn, rubber, and sugar; Indonesia for rice; the Netherlands for tapioca products and castor beans; and the United States for pineapple (table 16).

Trade between Thailand and the United States is increasing. The United States is Thailand's second most important trading partner next to Japan. The total value of Thai agricultural exports to the United States in CY 1976 was \$84.5 million (table 17). The major products by value were raw sugar, natural rubber, fruits, and nuts. The total value of U.S. agricultural exports to Thailand in CY 1976 was \$96.0 million, with wheat, tobacco, and cotton as the most important contributors (table 18).

Total rice exports for CY 1976 amounted to 1.87 million tons, compared with 951,260 tons for CY 1975 (table 19). To assure domestic supply at politically acceptable prices, the Ministry of Commerce reinstituted the rice reserve program. This requires the sale by exporters of 30 percent of their total exports to the Ministry at control prices.

Corn exports during 1975/76 were 2.35 million tons, with 40 percent of this total going to Japan (table 20). The deep orange Guatemala variety of corn grown in Thailand is

a favorite of Japanese importers. Sorghum exports declined slightly to 171,202 tons because of Government-imposed restrictions to meet domestic demand. The case was the same for kenaf, as exports were limited and down by 13 percent to 135,250 tons in CY 1976.

Thailand's tapioca meal, chip, and pellet exports in 1975/76 amounted to 2.9 million tons, with over 2.5 million tons going to the Netherlands (table 21). Exports of raw sugar in CY 1975 were 406,642 tons, increasing to 1.1 million tons in CY 1976 (table 22). The estimated value of rubber exports in CY 1976 is \$266.0 million from a volume of 385,000 tons (table 23).

Cotton, wheat, and tobacco are the major Thai agricultural imports. Raw cotton imports were up 10 percent in 1976, reflecting improved production in the textile industry. Major suppliers of the estimated 85,000 tons were the United States, Sudan, India, the Soviet Union, and Turkey. Strong demand for wheat flour from local bakeries during 1976 increased wheat and wheat flour imports to an estimated 120,000 tons. The imports are mostly wheat grain, two-thirds of the total being supplied by the United States. Thai leaf tobacco imports were down an estimated 17 percent to 9,500 tons in 1976. The industry is being urged by the Government to use a greater percentage of domestic leaf in the locally manufactured cigarettes. Small quantities of such agricultural commodities as fresh apples, almonds, baby chicks, breeding cattle, and cattle semen were imported from the United States.

Outlook for 1977

A constrained export target of 1.3 million tons has been set for rice in 1977/78 with a ceiling of 1.5 million tons because of the currently low stock position (table 24). Forty percent of the total export target is set to be shipped in the first quarter of 1977 to help alleviate storage pressure and encourage higher prices for farmers at the end of the main harvest. This first quarter export target of 520,000 tons is well within reach, as over 400,000 tons of rice were delivered by the end of February 1977. Rice exports could reach 800,000 tons by April.

The tapioca export target for 1977 is set at 3.85 million tons--3.5 million tons of pellets, 250,000 tons of tapioca flour, and 100,000 tons of chips. Demand for tapioca products in the European market could weaken in 1977 because of increased transportation costs even if production increases to 5.0 million tons.

Corn and sorghum production should reach 3.2 million and 300,000 tons, respectively, in 1977/78, and exports should reach record levels of 2.5 million and 250,000 tons. Corn exports during February 1977 were 128,111 tons, compared with 259,983 tons for January. Taiwan and Japan were the major markets, purchasing 40 and 37 percent, respectively, from the total sale of 388,094 tons during January 1 through February 28, 1977.

Sugar exports in February amounted to 104,857 tons. February sales reflect 60,807 tons to Japan and 44,050 tons to the PRC. Cumulative sugar exports from January 1 through February 28, 1977, totaled 199,178 tons. It is expected that Thailand will have more than 1.2 million tons of raw sugar for export in 1977.

Raw cotton imports could be up 10,000 tons for CY 1977 over the 85,000 tons imported last year. U.S. cotton could well account for more than half this total as U.S. cotton becomes more price competitive. Raw cotton imports during February amounted to 25,139 bales, 10 percent less than received in January. The United States was the major supplier with 7,991 bales. There are indications, however, that the level of activities in the Thai textile industry may have slowed because of growing fear that the 1977 EC quota for Thai imports might not be as large as that first anticipated.

Tobacco imports are forecast at 12,000 tons for 1977/78. This increase comes in the face of Government efforts to encourage use of domestic leaf. Wheat and wheat flour imports will continue their upward trend to over 120,000 tons in 1977/78, with more than 85,000 tons projected as the U.S. share.

Table 16 .--Thailand: Major agricultural exports by value, annual 1965-75

Commodity	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
					1,000	1,000 dollars					
Rice	208,366	192,356	223,702	182,068	141,564	120,991	139,834	213,317	176,197	479,318	292,619
Corn	46,565	73,074	65,166	74,814	90,500	89,245	105,808	95,203	140,254	292,383	250,756
Cumulative	254,931	265,430	288,868	256,882	232,064	210,236	244,914	308,520	316,451	771,701	543,375
Sorghum	2,932	5,444	5,202	2,707	2,960	4,972	7,554	6,635	11,796	20,896	24,054
Cereal prep	3,239	4,437	5,683	6,495	6,138	6,256	5,151	5,526	6,385	11,549	9,550
Sub-total cereals	261,102	275,311	299,753	266,084	241,162	221,464	257,619	320,681	334,632	804,146	576,979
Sugar	2,491	967	36	7	7	n.a.	18,342	34,014	56,818	183,747	284,784
Cumulative	263,593	275,807	299,789	266,088	241,166	221,464	275,961	354,695	391,450	987,893	861,763
Rubber	260,96	89,456	75,662	87,304	128,070	107,286	92,387	89,530	224,146	246,803	173,601
Cumulative	359,690	365,263	375,451	353,392	369,236	328,750	368,348	444,225	615,596		1,035,364
Cassava and Tapioca	28,791	26,965	32,800	36,236	40,511	58,428	59,422	74,280	124,236		223,787
Cumulative	388,481	392,228	408,251		400,147	387,178	427,770	518,505	739,832	1,422,270	1,259,151
Kenaf	11,402	11,394	7,834		6,337	8,135	10,265	10,530	10,649		32,027
Cumulative	399,883	403,622	416,085	397,754	416,084	395,313	438,035	529,035	750,481	1,433,441	1,291,178
Tobacco	4,015	5,390	6,985		7,093	997,6	11,300	13,603	15,045	21,550	28,587
Cumulative	403,898	409,012	423,070	407,016	423,717	404,779	449,335	542,638	765,526	1,454,994	1,319,765
Lac Seed	2,561	2,204	1,255	1,399	1,661	1,267	2,543	4,918	9,259	13,946	4,978
Canned fruit	1	1	280	1,387	1,756	2,677	2,140	2,548	3,827	14,045	17,470
Pulses	7,067	8,901	7,440	7,858	11,472	12,901	13,158	14,988	21,432	25,594	27,320
Molasses	1,815	1,681	1,825	773	1,559	2,170	4,111	4,375	15,248	24,529	23,845
Peanuts	3,553	3,441	1,776	876	1,312	1,388	906	428	2,209	2,048	2,398
Hides	2,412	3,057	1,439	1,743	1,878	1,839	1,732	3,821	3,689	2,306	4,319
Sesame	833	1,182	838	1,045	676	1,299	1,950	2;297	2,382	4,659	3,039
Tamarind dried	1,151	1,012	745	1,184	815	924	1,437	1,363	1,398	2,488	2,946
Soybeans	217	703	727	455	633	779	821	1,109	3,721	2,304	6,688
Kapok	!	1 1 1	1 1	1	!	2	1	!	3	1	8,503
Bones	312	345	170	92	142	708	1,108	1,839	2,661	3,091	2,499
Other	74,413	101,019	61,675	54,834	57,138	76,053	72,553	92,748	121,477	167,626	13,337
••									,		
Total	498,232	532,558	501,240	478,934	502,492	506,789	551,795	673,072	952,832	952,832 1,717,630 1,435,107	1,435,107 <u>1</u>

Source: Foreign Trade Statistics of Thailand, Department of Customs. Various issues. $\underline{1/}$ Preliminary estimate of total value.

Table 17 .-- U.S. imports from Thailand by volume and value, 1974-76.

Various issues. Source: Foreign Trade Statistics of Thailand, Department of Customs. 1/1,000 gallons.

Table 18.--U.S. exports to Thailand by volume and value, 1974-76

Commodity	1974	1975	1976	1974	1975	1976
		Metric tons	1	1	1,000 dollars	1
Cattle, live 1/ Poultry, live 1/ Wheat Wheat iour Dietetic, infant cereal prep.	n.a. n.a. 40,062 3,402 737	n.a. 351 55,275 363 675	n.a. 321 83,471 272 670	152 510 7,295 869 1,274	696 603 10,564 124 1,700	562 14,093 1,800
Fruit and vegetable juice $\frac{2}{}$	63	140	110	235	578	662
Sugar, sirup, n.e.c	268 18 16,535 2,205	303 61 1,102	390 46 1,102	1,072 127 2,680 779	1,475 427 6 1,117	1,738 334 7 1,779
Miscellangous food prep.	n.a. 9,327 31,353 n.a.	n.a. 8,463 22,861 n.a.	n.a. 9,871 21,990 n.a.	1,935 28,455 33,449 2,797	3,176 32,831. 24,411 1,940	3,417 37,008 30,797 3,685
Total	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	81,629	79,648	95,972

Source: Foreign Trade Statistics of Thailand, Department of Gustoms. Various issues. 1/2 Number of cattle and number of poultry. 2/1,000 gallons.

Table 19. -- Thailand: Rice exports by country of destination, 1967-1976

	U.K.	:	Aden		Hong k							ia :	Sri La	nka
Period	Metric	·Mil-•		:Mil-:		: Mil-:		: :Mil-:		:Mil-:		.Mil	Metric	•Mil-
		:lion:	110 00 10	:lion:		:lion:		:lion:		:lion:		:lion:		:lion
;	tons				tons						tons			: of
		:dol.:		:dol.:		:dol.:		:do1.:		:dol.:		dol.:		:dol.
1967	6,339	.8	20,892	3.4	214,371	37.5	184,381	27.5	118,672	21 9	204,431	35 4	97,651	13 2
1968			10,790		132,167		207,986		130,901		190,992		56,903	
1969		- • -	12,801		173,827		114,101		133,828		151,427		30,610	
1970			5,253		195,573		33,545		139,417		127,924		22,818	
1971			1,670		210,291		78,356		202,388		117,546		49,207	
1972			751	• -	245,150		106,582		342,192		113,021		10	
1973		• -	4,172		97,525				84,617		38,262		51 18	
1974	,		17,405 22,621		113,894 121,837		142,563		86,539 103,568		74,293 18,438		103,664	
1976:			22,021	. / • 2	121,057	45.0	142,505	J4.0	105,500	, 55.0	10,430	0.1	105,004	30.0
Q. I			10,150	2.2	40,810	10.9	45		43,078	11.2	13,179	3.2	37,515	9.1
0. II			1,400		19,843		28		48,365		31,960			
Q. III		. 4	13,250		33,525	3.7	289		50,732	13.0	46,870	10.0	19,514	2.8
						•		•		 -		•		
:	Netherl	ands :	Saudi Ar	abia :	Indone	sia :	Japa	n :	Philipp	ines :	Taiwa	n :	Tota	1 <u>1</u> /
:		:		:				:		:		:		
		244.2		1111				344.1		2447		244.1		
	Metric												Metric	
		:lion:		:lion:		:lion:		:lion:		:lion:		:lion:		lion
		:lion: : of :	tons	:lion: : of :	tons	:lion: : of:	tons	:lion: : of :	tons	:lion: : of:	tons	lion:	tons	lion of
		:lion:	tons	:lion:	tons	:lion:	tons	:lion:	tons	:lion:	tons	:lion:	tons	lion
: : : :	tons	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons	lion: of: dol.:	tons	lion of dol.
:	12,050 3,470	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons 61,663 72,059	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons 99,872	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons 6,004 110	lion: of: dol.:	tons 1,482,27 1,068,18	:lion : of :dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8
1967 1968 1969	12,050 3,470 1,505	:lion: : of : :dol.:	61,663 72,059 65,625	:lion: : of : :dol.:	tons 176,551 44,517 81,342	:lion: : of : :dol.:	136,934 98,417 63,289	:lion: : of : :dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8	99,872	:lion: : of : :dol.:	6,004 110 7,008	lion: of: dol.:	tons 1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06	: lion : of : dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3
1967 1968 1969	12,050 3,470 1,505 2,422	:lion: : of : :dol.: 1	61,663 72,059 65,625 120,637	:lion: : of : :dol.: 10.6 14.2 8.8 14.8	tons 176,551 44,517 81,342 143,991	:lion: : of : :dol.: 25.6 6.8 2 10.2 13.8	136,934 98,417 63,289 31,457	:lion: : of : :dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8 3.3	99,872 9 5	:lion: : of : :dol.:	6,004 110 7,008 5,114	lion: of: dol.:	1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06 1,063,61	:lion : of :dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3 6 125.8
1967 1968 1969 1970	12,050 3,470 1,505 2,422 7,472	:lion: : of : :dol.: 1	61,663 72,059 65,625 120,637 95,062	:lion: : of : :dol.: 10.6 14.2 8.8 14.8 8.6	176,551 44,517 81,342 143,991 104,841	:lion: : of : :dol.: 25.6 6.8 10.2 13.8 8.8	136,934 98,417 63,289 31,457 30,423	:lion: : of : :dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8 3.3 2.2	99,872 99,5 106 213,088	:lion: : of : :dol.: : 13.6 : 16.4	6,004 110 7,008 5,114 3,262	lion: of: dol.: 1.0 1.2 .5 .2	1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06 1,063,61 1,576,14	:lion : of :dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3 6 125.8 2 145.4
1967 1968 1969 1970 1971	12,050 3,470 1,505 2,422 7,472 36,728	:lion: : of: :dol.: 0	61,663 72,059 65,625 120,637 95,062 27,343	:lion: : of : :dol.: 10.6 14.2 8.8 14.8 8.6 3.0	176,551 44,517 81,342 143,991 104,841 164,360	:lion: : of : :dol.: 25.6 6.8 2 10.2 13.8 8.8 0 18.6	136,934 98,417 63,289 31,457 30,423 15,643	:lion: : of : :dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8 3.3 2.2 1:5	99,872 95 106 213,088 310,004	:lion: : of : :dol.:	6,004 110 7,008 5,114 3,262 6,095	lion: of: dol.: 1.0 1.2 .5 .2 .8	1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06 1,063,61 1,576,14 2,112,11	:lion : of :dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3 6 125.8 2 145.4 4 221.8
1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972	12,050 3,470 1,505 2,422 7,472 36,728 27,652	:lion: : of: :dol.: 0	61,663 72,059 65,625 120,637 95,062 27,343 48,840	:lion: : of: :dol.: 10.6 14.2 8.8 14.8 8.6 3.0 16.2	176,551 44,517 81,342 143,991 104,841 164,360 266,925	:lion: : of: :dol.: 25.6 7 6.8 2 10.2 13.8 8.8 18.6 3 39.8	136,934 98,417 63,289 31,457 30,423 15,643 18,857	:lion: : of : :dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8 3.3 2.2 1:5 3.9	99,872 95 106 213,088 310,004 14,009	:lion: : of: :dol.: 13.6 16.4 26.0 4.6	6,004 110 7,008 5,114 3,262 6,095	1.0 1.2 .5 .2	1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06 1,063,61 1,576,14 2,112,11 848,71	:lion : of :dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3 6 125.8 2 145.4 4 221.8 7 178.7
1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973	12,050 3,470 1,505 2,422 7,472 36,728 27,652 8,342	:lion: : of : :dol.: 0	61,663 72,059 65,625 120,637 95,062 27,343 48,840 73,780	:lion: : of : :dol.: 10.6 14.2 8.8 14.8 8.6 3.0 16.2 30.0	176,551 44,517 81,342 143,991 104,841 164,360 266,925 129,092	:lion: : of : :dol.: 25.6 7 6.8 2 10.2 13.8 8.8 18.6 6 39.8 2 58.4	136,934 98,417 63,289 31,457 30,423 15,643 18,857 23,658	:lion: : of: :dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8 3.3 2.2 1:5 3.9 11.2	99,872 95 106 213,088 310,004 14,009 47,214	:lion: : of : :dol.: ! 13.6 ! ! 16.4 ! 26.0 ! 4.6 ! 19.2	6,004 110 7,008 5,114 3,262 6,095 10 129,142	1.00 	1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06 1,063,61 1,576,14 2,112,11 848,71 1,029,27	:lion : of :dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3 6 125.8 2 145.4 4 221.8 7 178.7 3 488.9
1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	12,050 3,470 1,505 2,422 7,472 36,728 27,652 8,342 7,150	:lion: : of : :dol.: 0	61,663 72,059 65,625 120,637 95,062 27,343 48,840	:lion: : of : :dol.: 10.6 14.2 8.8 14.8 8.6 3.0 16.2 30.0	176,551 44,517 81,342 143,991 104,841 164,360 266,925	:lion: : of : :dol.: 25.6 7 6.8 2 10.2 13.8 8.8 18.6 6 39.8 2 58.4	136,934 98,417 63,289 31,457 30,423 15,643 18,857	:lion: : of: :dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8 3.3 2.2 1:5 3.9 11.2	99,872 95 106 213,088 310,004 14,009	:lion: : of : :dol.: ! 13.6 ! ! 16.4 ! 26.0 ! 4.6 ! 19.2	6,004 110 7,008 5,114 3,262 6,095 10 129,142	1.00 	1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06 1,063,61 1,576,14 2,112,11 848,71	:lion : of :dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3 6 125.8 2 145.4 4 221.8 7 178.7 3 488.9
1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975	12,050 3,470 1,505 2,422 7,472 36,728 27,652 8,342 7,150	:lion: : of : :dol.: 0	61,663 72,059 65,625 120,637 95,062 27,343 48,840 73,780	:lion: : of : :dol.: 10.6 14.2 8.8 14.8 8.6 3.0 16.2 30.0 15.8	176,551 44,517 81,342 143,991 104,841 164,360 266,925 129,092	:lion: : of : :dol.: 25.6 6.8 10.2 13.8 8.8 18.6 39.8 258.4 3.7	136,934 98,417 63,289 31,457 30,423 15,643 18,857 23,658	:lion: : of : :dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8 3.3 2.2 1:5 3.9 11.2 2.2	99,872 95 106 213,088 310,004 14,009 47,214 74,797	:lion: : of : :dol.: 13.6 : 16.4 26.0 4.6 19.2 20.2	6,004 110 7,008 5,114 3,262 6,095 10 129,142	1.0 1.2 .5 .2 .8 56.5 3.2	1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06 1,063,61 1,576,14 2,112,11 848,71 1,029,27 951,26	:lion : of :dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3 6 125.8 4 221.8 7 178.7 3 488.9 0 292.6
1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976:	12,050 3,470 1,505 2,422 7,472 36,728 27,652 8,342 7,150	:lion: : of : :dol.: 0	61,663 72,059 65,625 120,637 95,062 27,343 48,840 73,780 56,507	:lion: : of : :dol.: 10.6 14.2 8.8 14.8 6.3.0 16.2 30.0 15.8	176,551 44,517 81,342 143,991 104,841 164,360 266,925 129,092 11,525	:lion: : of : :dol.: 25.6 6.8 2 10.2 13.8 8 18.6 6 39.8 2 58.4 6 3.7	136,934 98,417 63,289 31,457 30,423 15,643 18,857 23,658 8,402	:lion: : of : :dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8 3.3 2.2 1:5 3.9 11.2 2.2	99,872 95 106 213,088 310,004 14,009 47,214	:lion: : of : :dol.: 13.6 : 16.4 26.0 4.6 19.2 20.2	6,004 110 7,008 5,114 3,262 6,095 10 129,142 13,632	1.0 1.2 .5 .2 .8 56.5 3.2	1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06 1,063,61 1,576,14 2,112,11 848,71 1,029,27 951,26	:lion : of :dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3 6 125.8 2 145.4 4 221.8 7 178.7 3 488.9
1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975	12,050 3,470 1,505 2,422 7,472 36,728 27,652 8,342 7,150	:lion: : of : :dol.: 0	61,663 72,059 65,625 120,637 95,062 27,343 48,840 73,780 56,507	:lion: : of : :dol.: 10.6 14.2 8.8 14.8 6.3.0 16.2 30.0 15.8	176,551 44,517 81,342 143,991 104,841 164,360 266,925 129,092 11,525	:lion: : of : :dol.: 25.6 6.8 10.2 13.8 8.8 18.6 39.8 258.4 3.7	136,934 98,417 63,289 31,457 30,423 15,643 18,857 23,658 8,402	:lion: : of : : dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8 3.3 2.2 1:5 3.9 11.2 2.2	99,872 95 106 213,088 310,004 14,009 47,214 74,797 30,994	:lion: : of : :dol.: 13.6 16.4 26.0 4.6 19.2 20.2 7.7 6.2	6,004 110 7,008 5,114 3,262 6,095 10 129,142 13,632 6,402	1.0 1.2 .5 .2 .8 56.5 3.2	1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06 1,063,61 1,576,14 2,112,11 848,71 1,029,27 951,26	:lion : of : dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3 6 125.8 2 145.4 4 221.8 7 178.7 3 488.9 0 292.6 7 118.8
1967	12,050 3,470 1,505 2,422 7,472 36,728 27,652 8,342 7,150	:lion: : of : :dol.: 0	61,663 72,059 65,625 120,637 95,062 27,343 48,840 73,780 56,507	:lion: : of : :dol.: 10.6 14.2 8.8 14.8 8.6 3.0 16.2 30.0 15.8	176,551 44,517 81,342 143,991 104,841 164,360 266,925 129,092 11,525 74,571 75,783	:lion: : of : :dol.: 25.6 6.8 10.2 13.8 8.8 18.6 39.8 258.4 3.7	136,934 98,417 63,289 31,457 30,423 15,643 18,857 23,658 8,402	:lion: : of : : dol.: 19.4 17.6 9.8 3.3 2.2 1:5 3.9 11.2 2.2	99,872 95 106 213,088 310,004 14,009 47,214 74,797 30,994 24,661	:lion: : of : :dol.: 13.6 16.4 26.0 4.6 19.2 20.2 7.7 6.2	6,004 110 7,008 5,114 3,262 6,095 10 129,142 13,632 6,402 251	1.0 1.2 .5 .2 .8 56.5 3.2	1,482,27 1,068,18 1,023,06 1,063,61 1,576,14 2,112,11 848,71 1,029,27 951,26	:lion : of : dol. 2 232.6 5 188.8 4 147.3 6 125.8 2 145.4 4 221.8 7 178.7 3 488.9 0 292.6 7 118.8 9 85.6

Source: Department of Customs data from the Bank of Thailand Monthly Bulletin, December, 1976.

 $[\]underline{1}/$ The total includes countries not listed.

Table 20.--Thailand: Exports of corn by major destinations during 1974-75, 1975-76 and 1976-77 (July-June)

Destinations	1974/75	1975/76	: 1976/77 <u>1</u> /
:		Metric tons -	-
Hong Kong Singapore Malaysia Kuwait Japan Taiwan Others	143,401 291,205 138,417 14,827 789,498 265,364 336,714	115,661 606,229 168,866 24,576 944,572 210,180 275,396	94,984 159,497 58,158 10,744 501,642 245,491 225,902
Total:	1,979,426	2,345,480	1,296,418

^{1/} As of July-Dec. 1976.

Source: Reports from Office of Agricultural Attache, Bangkok.

Table 21.--Thailand: Exports of tapioca products by major destinations during 1973/74, 1974/75, 1975/76 and 1976/77 (July-June)

Destinations	:	1973/74	:	1974/75	: 1975/76 <u>1</u> /	: 1976/77 <u>2</u> /
	:			Metr	ic tons	
Belgium	. :	17,196 140,507 95,976 1,411,247 55,538 282,307		5,420 147,115 120,702 1,924,730 40,076 213,585	11,924 76,873 62,603 2,507,947 30,275 233,210	12,216 17,044 50,868 1,439,184 17,722 97,982
Total	:- ::	2,002,771		2,451,628	2,922,832	1,635,016

^{1/} Preliminary.

Source: Reports from Office of Agricultural Attache, Bangkok.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / As of July-Dec. 1976.

Table 22.--Thailand: Raw sugar exports in 1975 and 1976 (for the period from January 1-August 31)

:	1075.1/	: 1976 <u>2</u> /
Country of destination :	1975 <u>1</u> /	TSC : TSTC : Total :
:		Metric ton
Japan	207,475 106,556 39,402 18,311	259,193 307,318 566,511 39,878 22,800 62,678 37,786 37,786 61,368 61,368 12,076 10,994 23,070
of China :: Egypt :: Iran :: Singapore :: Syria :: United Kingdom :: Holland ::	13,239 8,400 13,259	11,000 43,908 54,908 7,400 7,400 13,187 13,187 13,587 13,587 1,971 1,971
Total quantity	406,642	436,859 405,607 842,466
Total value (\$ million):	212.5	128.8 123.0 251.8

Source: 1/ Department of Customs, Thailand, Bangkok. 2/ The Thailand Sugar Corporation, Ltd. (TSC)

The Thailand Sugar Corporation, Ltd. (TSC).
The Thai Sugar Trading Corporation, Ltd. (TSTC).

Table 23--Thailand: Rubber exports by country of destination, 1967-1976

	. U.F	Κ.	: Singa	ipore	: Malay	sia	: U.S.	Α.	: Fran	nce	: Spa	in	: W. Ger	many
	Metric:	:lions	: :	lions	: :	Mil- lions	: :	Mil-	:Metric	Mil- lions	: :	Mil- lions		lions
	-	of dol.		of dol.			: tons :			of dol.		of dol.	: tons	of dol.
1967	: :25,855	9.9	17,860	6.5	21,915	7.8	16,514	5.8	6,234	2.4	2,278	.8	12,237	4.4
1968	:28,194	10.1	21,728	8.0	23,797	8.0	36,895	13.2	5,192	1.8	2,901	1.0	19,468	8.5
1969	:20,227	9.7	20,286	9.6	30,438	14.2	32,408	16.1	7,395	3.6	3,561	1.6	19,025	8.9
1970	: 9,088	3.5	16,677	6.7	17,860	7.0	25,902	10.5	5,732	2.4	5,578	2.2	7,195	2.7
1971	: 4,710	1.4	22,737	6.9	21,725	6.4	34,270	10.8	4,483	1.4	4,921	1.5	12,756	4.0
1972	: 1,597	. 4	37,784	11.8	31,828	9.5	27,442	8.1	2,101	. 5	1,781	. 5	3,454	1.0
1973	: 2,130	1.3	58,423	35.3	53,376	32.5	22,628	12.5	2,065	1.4	2,105	1.3	5,415	3.5
1974	: 1,677	1.2	72,501	51.6	36,047	25.4	23,011	17.1	2,591	1.7	2,688	1.8	6,245	5.1
1975	: 1,369	. 6	44,274	22.3	29,793	14.8	27,694	15.6	1,115	. 5	420	. 2	3,508	1.9
1976:	:													
Q. I	: 1,300	. 9	17,585	11.2	8,972	5.5	19,250	12.4	545	. 4	385	. 3	3,600	2.4
Q. II	: 100		5,888	4.2	6,293	4.3	5,344	4.0	305	. 2	75		1,183	1.0
Q. III	: 70		6,321	4.7	5,361	3.8	11,523	9.1	40		170	. 2	785	. 6
	:													
;	:		:		:		:		:		:		:	
	-	aly	. U.S.S	.R.	: Yugosl	avia	: Taiw	an	-	oan	: 0the	rs	: Tot	al
	-	aly			9		:	an .	: Jap	oan	: Othe		: Tot	al
	Ita	:	U.S.S		: :		: :	:	: Jap	oan	: 0the		:	
	Ita Metric	: Mil-	: U.S.S : :Metric:	Mil- lions	Metric	Mil-	: :Metric:	Mil-	Jap	oan : : Mil- : lions	: 0the : :Metric:	Mil-	: :Metric	Mil-
	Ita Metric	: Mil-	: U.S.S : :Metric:	Mil- lions	:Metric:	Mil- lions of	: :Metric: : tons	Mil-	Jap	oan : : Mil- : lions	: 0the : :Metric:	Mil-	: :Metric:	Mil-
	Metric:	: Mil-	: U.S.S : :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions	:Metric:	Mil-	: :Metric: : tons	Mil-	Jap : :Metric: : tons:	oan : : Mil- : lions	: Othe : : :Metric: : tons:	Mil-	: :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of
	Metric:	: Mil- :lions : of	: U.S.S : :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: :Metric: : tons	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: 0the : : :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	:Metric:	Mil- lions of dol.
1967	Metric: tons:	: Mil- :lions : of : dol.	: U.S.S : : :Metric: : tons: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : :Metric: : tons: :	Mil- lions of dol.	: 0the : :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.
1967 1968	Metric: tons: 15,268:14,644	: Mil- :lions : of :dol.	: U.S.S : :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: ::Metric: :: tons :: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol.	: :Metric: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : :Metric: : tons: : : 76,924 81,903	mil- lions of dol.	: Othe : :Metric: : tons: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0	: :Metric: : tons: : 211,118 252,220	Mil- lions of dol. 78.7 90.8
1967 1968 1969	Metric: tons: 15,268:14,644:17,645	: Mil-:lions: of: dol. 5.8 5.2 8.8	: U.S.S : :Metric: : tons: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: Metric: : tons: : 5,706 6,525 5,842	Mil- lions of dol. 2.2 2.3 2.8	: :Metric: : tons: :	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : :Metric: : tons: : tons: : 76,924 81,903 101,838	Mil- lions of dol.	: Othe : :Metric: : tons: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1	: :Metric: : tons: : : 211,118 252,220 276,381	Mil- lions of dol. 78.7 90.8 133.2
1967 1968	Metric: tons: 15,268: 14,644: 17,645: 24,304	: Mil- :lions : of :dol.	: U.S.S : :Metric: : tons: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: ::Metric: :: tons :: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol.	: :Metric: : tons: : tos:	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : :Metric: : tons: : . 76,924 81,903	Mil- lions of dol. 29.1 28.6 48.9 57.6	: Othe : :Metric: : tons: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1 5.4	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 78.7 90.8 133.2 111.6
1967 1968 1969 1970	Metric: tons: 15,268: 14,644: 17,645: 24,304: 19,175	5.8 5.2 8.8 10.4	: U.S.S : : Metric: : tons: : tons:	Mil- lions of dol.	: : :: Metric: : : : tons : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 2.2 2.3 2.8 3.2 2.1	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : Metric: : tons: : tons: : 1,903 101,838 142,751 161,661	29.1 28.6 48.9 57.6 49.8	: Othe : :Metric: : tons: : tons: : : 10,496 17,636 12,726 11,661	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1 5.4 3.7	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 78.7 90.8 133.2 111.6 95.2
1967	: Ita :: :: :: tons : :: :15,268 :14,644 :17,645 :24,304 :19,175 : 5,681	5.8 5.2 8.8 10.4 6.2	: U.S.S : : Metric: : tons: : tons: :	Mil- lions of dol. .8 .1	: Metric: : tons: : 5,706 6,525 5,842 7,777	Mil- lions of dol. 2.2 2.3 2.8 3.2	: :Metric: : tons: : tos: 20 80 20	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : Metric: : tons: : tons: : 76,924 81,903 101,838 142,751 161,661 189,549	mil- lions of dol. 29.1 28.6 48.9 57.6 49.8 54.6	: Othe : :Metric: : tons: : tons: : 1,496 10,496 17,636 12,726 11,661 7,008	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1 5.4 3.7 2.2	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 78.7 90.8 133.2 111.6 95.2 93.1
1967	: Ita :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::	:: Mil-::lions: of: dol. 5.8 5.2 8.8 10.4 6.2 1.6	: U.S.S : :Metric: : tons: : tons: :	Mil- lions of dol.	: : :: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 2.2 2.3 2.8 3.2 2.1 1.6	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : Metric: : tons: : tons: : 1,903 101,838 142,751 161,661	29.1 28.6 48.9 57.6 49.8 54.6 123.3	: Othe : :Metric: : tons: : tons: : : 10,496 17,636 12,726 11,661	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1 5.4 3.7 2.2 4.4	: :Metric: : : tons : : : tons : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 78.7 90.8 133.2 111.6 95.2 93.1 228.6
1967	: Ita	:: Mil-::lions: of: dol. 5.8 5.2 8.8 10.4 6.2 1.6 4.8	: U.S.S : : Metric: : tons: : tons: 	Mil- lions of dol. .8 .1 .9 .4 .8 7.6	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 2.2 2.3 2.8 3.2 2.1 1.6 3.2	: Metric: : tons: : tons: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : Metric: : tons: : tons: : 76,924 81,903 101,838 142,751 161,661 189,549 216,105 178,239	29.1 28.6 48.9 57.6 49.8 54.6 123.3	: Othe : : Metric: : tons: : tons: : 10,496 17,636 12,726 11,661 7,008 7,688 12,313	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1 5.4 3.7 2.2 4.4	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 78.7 90.8 133.2 111.6 95.2 93.1 228.6 251.8
1967	: Ita	:: Mil-::lions: of: dol. 5.8 5.2 8.8 10.4 6.2 1.6 4.8 5.9	: U.S.S : :Metric: : tons: : tons: : 3,981 457 3,022 1,000 2,580	Mil- lions of dol. .8 .1 .9 .4	: : :: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mit- lions of dol. 2.2 2.3 2.8 3.2 2.1 1.6 3.2 1.8	: Metric: : tons: : tons: : : 20 80 20 282 2,990 6,168	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : Metric: : tons: : tons: : 1,903 101,838 142,751 161,661 189,549 216,105	29.1 28.6 48.9 57.6 49.8 54.6 123.3	: Othe : : Metric: : tons: : tons: : 1,496 10,496 17,636 12,726 11,661 7,008 7,688	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1 5.4 3.7 2.2 4.4	: :Metric: : : tons : : : tons : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 78.7 90.8 133.2 111.6 95.2 93.1 228.6 251.8
1967	: Ita	:: Mil- :lions : of : dol. 5.8 5.2 8.8 10.4 6.2 1.6 4.8 5.9	: U.S.S : : Metric: : tons: : tons: 	Mil- lions of dol. .8 .1 .9 .4 .8 7.6	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mit- lions of dol. 2.2 2.3 2.8 3.2 2.1 1.6 3.2 1.8	: Metric: : tons: : tons: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : Metric: : tons: : tons: : 76,924 81,903 101,838 142,751 161,661 189,549 216,105 178,239	29.1 28.6 48.9 57.6 49.8 54.6 123.3	: Othe : : Metric: : tons: : tons: : 10,496 17,636 12,726 11,661 7,008 7,688 12,313	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1 5.4 3.7 2.2 4.4 10.4	: Metric: : tons : : tons : : : tons : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 78.7 90.8 133.2 111.6 95.2 93.1 228.6 251.8
1967	: Ita :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::	: Mil-::lions: of: dol. 5.8 5.2 8.8 10.4 6.2 1.6 4.8 5.9 .8	: U.S.S : : Metric: : tons: : tons: 	Mil- lions of dol. .8 .1 .9 .4 .8 7.6	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 2.2 2.3 2.8 3.2 2.1 1.6 3.2 1.8	: Metric: : : tons : : : tons : : : 20	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : Metric: : tons: : tons: : 10,903 101,838 142,751 161,661 189,549 216,105 178,239 185,375	29.1 28.6 48.9 57.6 49.8 54.6 123.3 117.7 96.2	* Other * Metric: * tons: * 10,496 17,636 12,726 11,661 7,008 7,688 12,313 26,595	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1 5.4 3.7 2.2 4.4 10.4	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	78.7 90.8 133.2 111.6 95.2 93.1 228.6 251.8 173.7
1967	: Ita ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	: Mil- : Mil- : lions : of : dol. 5.8 5.2 8.8 10.4 6.2 1.6 4.8 5.9 .8	: U.S.S : : Metric: : tons: : tons: 	Mil- lions of dol. .8 .1 .9 .4 .8 7.6	: Metric: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 2.2 2.3 2.8 3.2 2.1 1.6 3.2 1.8	: Metric: : : tons : : : tons : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol.	: Jap : Metric: : tons: : tons: : tons: : 1,903 101,838 142,751 161,661 189,549 216,105 178,239 185,375	29.1 28.6 48.9 57.6 49.8 54.6 123.3 117.7 96.2	* Other * Metric: * tons: * 10,496 10,496 17,636 12,726 11,661 7,008 7,688 12,313 26,595 19,211	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1 5.4 3.7 2.2 4.4 10.4 15.4	: Metric: : tons : : 211,118 252,220 276,381 275,610 307,871 317,695 390,514 362,563 332,189 118,954	78.7 90.8 133.2 111.6 95.2 93.1 228.6 251.8 173.7 75.0 63.6
1967	: Ita ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	: Mil-: lions : of : dol. 5.8 5.2 8.8 10.4 6.2 1.6 4.8 5.9 .8	: U.S.S : : Metric: : tons: : tons: 	Mil- lions of dol. .8 .1 .9 .4 .8 7.6 1.8	: Metric: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. 2.2 2.3 2.8 3.2 2.1 1.6 3.2 1.8 .7	: Metric: : : tons: : : : tons : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Mil- lions of dol. .1 .9 4.1 4.5 2.9	: Jap : Metric: : tons: : tons: : tons: : 1,903 101,838 142,751 161,661 189,549 216,105 178,239 185,375 44,005 64,170	29.1 28.6 48.9 57.6 49.8 54.6 123.3 117.7 96.2	* Other * Metric: * tons: * 10,496 17,636 12,726 11,661 7,008 7,688 12,313 26,595 19,211 1,624	Mil- lions of dol. 3.2 4.0 9.1 5.4 10.4 15.4	: Metric: : tons : : tons : : : 211,118	78.7 90.8 133.2 111.6 95.2 93.1 228.6 251.8 173.7 75.0 63.6

Source: Department of Customs data from the Bank of Thailand Monthly Bulletin, December, 1976.

Table 24.--Thailand: Projected exports for selected agricultural products

Product :	Preliminary 1976/77	Projected 1977/78
	Met	ric tons
Rice (milled) Corn Tapioca (products) Sorghum Castor beans Sugar Kenaf Pineapple	2,360,000 3,540,000 171,200 46,500 1,080,000 135,000	1/1,300,000 2,500,000 3,000,000 250,000 20,000 1,200,000 50,000

Source: Reports from Office of Agricultural Attache, Bangkok-1/ Calendar year estimates.

U.S. EXPORT VALUE UP 5 PERCENT IN FIRST 5 MONTHS

U.S. agricultural exports during October-repruary 1976/77 totaled \$10.4 billion--5 percent above the level for the same period a year earlier. Tonnage increases for most major commodity groups more than offset lower grain prices. Value gains were posted for soybeans, soybean oil, cotton, vegetables, fruits, nuts, hides, animal feeds, poultry meat, edible offals, and dairy products. February farm product exports exceeded the January level by 7 percent, and the year-earlier level by 19 percent.

Soybean shipments in October-February were more than 8 million tons, up 6 percent from their year-earlier rate. Average values were up \$50 per ton to \$254. Increased exports to Western Europe, Japan, and the USSR, where demand for animal protein feed supplements is strong, accounted for most of the rise.

While soybean meal tonnage remained about even with the preceding year's rates, price increases resulted in 20 percent more income for U.S. exporters. Western Europe and Canada continued to lead other importers for this high-protein feed supplement. Increased shipments to Japan and East Europe offset declines to some markets.

Brisk demand for cotton for textile manufacturing prompted a sharp increase in U.S. fiber exports. Volume advanced 73 percent over last year's level to 1.7 million bales, while higher prices more than doubled the value to \$613 million. Japan, Western Europe, Hong Kong, and India accounted for most of the export gain.

Poultry meat exports for the first 5 months boomed by 71 percent to over 85,000 tons, while lower prices raised dollar returns by only 45 percent to \$81.6 million. Some of the growth markets included Iraq, Japan, Hong Kong, Jamaica, Singapore, the USSR, Venezuela, and Nigeria. A 50-percent surge in vegetable exports mainly reflected continued large shipments of potatoes, onions, and pulses. Movements to Western European countries and their traditional markets were up sharply because drought conditions last summer reduced supplies.

Counteracting the export increases were declines for wheat and tobacco. Wheat tonnage fell 35 percent because of larger foreign supplies--especially in the USSR,
Europe, Brazil, and India. Lower prices reduced export values by 45 percent to \$1.2
billion. Coarse grain volume exceeded year-earlier levels, but price declines resulted
in slightly less income. Tobacco tonnage dropped off 8 percent while higher prices
held the value reduction to 1 percent.

Commodity	0ct	Feb.	Change	Febru	iary	Change
33	1975/76	1976/77		1976	1977	
	Million	dollars	Percent	Million	dollars	Percent
Animals and animal products:	:					
Dairy products	33	55	+67	. 7	10	+43
Fats, oils, and greases	: 161	216	+34	28	51	+82
Hides and skins, including furskins	234	358	+53	62	95	+53
Cattle hides, whole	: 126	215	+71	25	42	+68
Furskins		120	+32	34	47	+38
Other hides and skins	: 17	23	+35	3	6	+100
Meats and meat products		244	+9 :	50	47	-6
Poultry and poultry products		119	+43	: 18	22	+22
Other		80	+1	15	10	-33
Total animals and animal products	814	1,072	+32	180	235	+31
Cotton, excluding linters	263	615	+134	39	182	+367
eeds and fodders, excl. protein meal:		0.0				
Corn byproducts	_	82	+64	: 11	12	+9
Alfalfa meal	00	28	+211	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	
Total feeds and fodders, excl.	82	1 36	+66	: 18	26	+44
protein meal	141	246	+74	29	41	+41
ruits and preparations	283	304	+7	48	55	+15
Grains and preparations:	:					
Feed grains, excluding products	2,591	2,513	-3	472	450	-5
Rice		250	+2	40	42	+5
Wheat and products		1,227		309	229	-26
Other	7.0	82	+4	16	16	
Total grains and preparations		4,072	-21	837	737	-12
Nuts and preparations	100	116	+16	15	20	+33
Dilseeds and products:	:					
Cottenseed and soybean oil	136	185	+36	34	41	+21
Soybeans	•	2,040		266	434	+63
Protein meal		378		59	63	+7
Other		235		32	32	
Total oilseeds and products		2,838	+31	391	570	+46
Cobacco, unmanufactured	: 527	520	-1	: : 80	89	+11
egetables and preparations		333	+44	48	60	+25
Other	0	290	+12	48	<u>5</u> 7	+19
Total agricultural exports	: :9,926	10,406	+5	: :1,715	2,046	+19

^{1/} Less than \$500,000.

Table 26.--Export quantities of selected commodities, October-February 1975/76 and 1976/77 and February 1976 and 1977

	Oct.	-Feb.	Febr	uary
Commodity	1975/76	1976/77	1976	1977
:		1.000 met	ric tons	
Animal products:				
Fats, oils, and greases:	399	564	72	120
Meats and meat products:	138	175	72 31	130
Poultry meat, fresh or frozen .:	49	84	10	31 14
Grains:	7.7	04	10	14
•======	12 021	9,248	2 000	1 771
Wheat and products		22,814	2,009	1,771
Feed grains and products:		828	3,973	4,010
Rice	711	020	125	1 35
Oilseeds and products:	7,560	9 020	1 420	1 (21
Soybeans		8,029	1,420	1,631
Protein meal	1,891	1,910	363	285
Vegetable oils and waxes:	361	433	99	95
Other: :	C71	F02	0.7	101
Fruits and preparations 1/:	571	592	97	121
Vegetables and preparations $2/$:	479	773	107	107
Tobacco	154	142	24	24
Cotton, excluding linters:	216	374	31	111
Feeds and fodders 3/	603	1,235	112	1 32
0 0 0 0	1.0 710	1.7 001	0 1.70	0 507
Total	48,/10	47,201	8,473	8,597

^{1/} Includes fresh fruits, canned fruits, and dried fruits.
2/ Includes fresh vegetables, canned vegetables, and pulses.
3/ Includes prepared animal feeds, corn byproducts, and alfalfa meal and cubes.

Table 27 .-- U.S. agricultural exports by selected commodities

			and the second s			17.024.00			
• ••	• •.		October-February	ebruary			February	lary	
Commodity	Unit:	Quantity	ity	Va	Value	Quantity	ity	Value	ne
	•	1975/76	1976/77	1975/76	1976/77	1976	1977	1976	1977
•	••	Thousands	sands	1,000 dollars	lollars	Thousands	ands	1,000 dollars	ollars
Animals, live, excluding poultry	:	ł	ł	49,445	42,685 :	-	;	8,598	5,246
Meat and preps., excluding poultry: Lb	Lb. :	304,029	386,838	224,189	244,062:	69,293	047,89	50,221	46,562
Dairy products, excluding eggs		1	-	32,703	55,360:	-	-	7,427	10,388
Crains and preparations		1 1		5 136 753	119,011	! !	1 1	18,203	21,/85
	Bu.	507,316	333,717	2,198,703	1,200,041:	73,727	63.646	308,624	224,005
Rice, milled	Lb.:	1,566,959	1,824,718	243,615	250,340:	275,405	296,904	40,006	42,183
Feed grains, excluding products:	Mt.:	21,530	22,699	2,591,109	2,512,633:	3,949	3,985	471,988	450,203
Other	:	!	-	103,326	108,786:	:	:	16,016	20,284
Fruits, nuts, and preparations:	:	!	!	382,461	419,134:	:	1	62,778	74,925
Vegetables and preparations	!	!	-	232,490	333,333:	1	-	47,903	60,054
Sugar & preps., including honey:	q	228,734	228,219	40,601	27,690:	37,441	44,623	6,705	766,7
Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices, etc:	: · op	41,223	36,758	39,505	47,252:	6,416	7,148	6,510	898,6
		!	!	455,295	624,845:	;	1	87,538	103,694
Protein meal	Ston:	2,085	2,105	314,586	378,418:	400	314	58,898	62,535
Beverages, excl. distilled alcohol Gal	Gal.:	2,517	4,399	2,404	8,553:	382	797	759	1,613
Tobacco, unmanufactured Lb	Tp.	340,481	313,636	526,969	520,410:	53,315	53,339	80,493	88,810
Hides, skins, and furskins		!	-	233,584	358,381:	!	!	61,765	94,512
Ollseeds		1 1 1	-	1,636,182	2,198,782:	!	!	281,401	451,781
Soybeans	Bu.	277,793	295,014	1,502,748	2,039,931:	52,193	59,915	265,726	433,906
Wool, unmanufactured	Clb.	3,653	2,630	7,394	8,869	237	115	643	511
Cotton, unmanufactured Rbale	Rbale:	1,066	1,814	266,461	616,776:	154	524	40,035	182,159
Fats, oils, and greases		879,007	1,243,111	160,834	215,886:	159,633	286,095	28,223	51,308
Vegetable oils and waxes do	do.:	794,784	953,674	214,313	248,970 :	217,314	210,234	49,168	52,965
Rubber and allied gums do	do.:	16,155	17,604	8,457	6,439:	3,251	3,541	1,726	2,080
Other	:	-	-	190,098	234,448	!	1	38,401	42,940
Total	!	-	1	9,925,906	10,405,686	-	8 9 8	1,715,134	2,045,870

Table 28.--U.S. agricultural exports by regions, October-February 1975/76 and 1976/77 and 1976/77.

	October-February	ebruary .	February	>	Change	ge
Region 1/	1975/76	1976/77	1976	1977	0ctFeb. 1976/77	February 1977
		W.11.00	2,000			1
		מדדדה			<u>rercent</u>	
Western Europe	3,353 2,681 672	4,194 3,459 735	562 450 111	813 663 150	+25 +29 +9	+45 +47 +35
Eastern Europe and USSR	1,327 1,022 305	826 506 320	277 194 84	180 137 44	-38 -50 +5	-35 -29 -48
Asia	3,059	3,383 422 260	526 63 87	709 92 26	+11 +26 -49	+35+46
South Asia	786 1,430 2	928 1,772 0	131 244 3/	213 378 0	+124	+ 63
Latin America	096	715	156	128	-26	-18
Canada, excluding transshipments	558 212	645 124	107	121	+16 -42	+ 1
Africa	406 264 143	459 254 205	78 57 21	82 49 33	+13 -4 +43	+5 -14 +57
0ceania	52	09	δ	12	+15	+33
Total 2/	9,926	10,406	1,715	2,046	+5	61+

Not adjusted for transshipments. Totals may not add due to rounding.

Less than \$500,000.

Table 29. -- U.S. agricultural exports: Value by months, October 1967 to September 1977

1976/77	2,250.7 2,120.9 2,081.4	6,453.0	1,906.8								
1975/76	2,081.9 2,175.6 1,959.4	6,216.9	1,994.1 1,715.1 1,873.3	5,582.5	11,799.4	1,932.3 1,848.4 1,823.8	5,604.5	1,798.6 1,759.6 1,796.9	5,355.1	10,959.6 22,759.0	1,896.6
1974.75	1,711.9 2,352.5 2,119.5	6,183.9	2,452.9 1,920.2 1,911.0	6,284.1	12,468.0	1,757.6 1,496.2 1,389.6	4,643.4	1,532.4 1,600.4 1,609.8	4,742.6	9,386.0	1,821.2
1973/74	1,734.4 2,085.6 1,973.3	5,793.3	1,833.9 1,909.8 2,092.6	5,836.3	11,629.6	2,011.1 1,796.5 1,704.4	5,512.0	1,631.5 1,452.3 1,382.6	7,466.4	9,978.4	1,800.7
1972/73	907.5 1,080.4 1,108.6	3,096.5	1,135.5 1,180.1 1,411.4	3,727.0	6,823.5	1,265.5 1,367.3 1,376.1	6,800,4	1,223.7 1,478.1 1,449.2	4,151.0	8,159.9	1,248.6
1971/72	465.9 630.2 841.5	1,937.6	769.7 714.2 668.2	2,152.1	4,089.7	627.7 711.5 743.5	2,082.7	680.8 679.0 709.5	2,069.3	4,152.0 8,241.7	86.8
1970/71	729.9 725.8 744.6	2,200.3	670.3 634.5 714.5	2,019.3	4,219.6	632.1 623.1 607.1	1,862.3	578.5 546.2 749.3	1,874.0	3,736.3	663.0
1969/70	644.9 657.8 590.9	1,893.6	524.1 559.6 569.7	1,653.4	3,547.0	558.4 573.7 599.4	1,731.5	567.8 537.5 568.3	1,673.6	3,405.1 6,952.1	579.3
1968/69	463.8 609.4 610.7	1,683.9	177.7 239.5 517.2	934.4	2,618.3	602.0 583.6 513.2	1,698.8	499.8 438.4 471.5		3,108.5	477.2
1967/68	531.8 667.4 563.6	1,762.8	545.0 547.4 544.4	1,636.8	3,399.6	523.7 497.5 461.3	1,482.5	465.6 489.0 469.6		2,906.7	525.5
: Months :	October	October-December	January February	January-March	October-March	April May June	April-June	July	•	April-September: October-September 3/:	Monthly average

1970, export values include small amounts of commodities formerly classified as nonagricultural. 1/ Beginning Jan. 1970, export valu. $\frac{2}{2}$ / Preliminary. $\frac{3}{2}$ / Totals may not add due to rounding.

TABLE 30 .--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY

COMMODITY	LIND	9UAI 75/76 THOU.	OCTOBER-F NIITY 76/77 1/ THOU.	EBRUARY VA 75/76 1,000 DOL.	LUE 76/77 1/: 1,000 DOL	0UANN 1976 THOU•	FEBRI 1977 1/ THOU•	EBRUARY VA 1/ 1976 • 1,000 DOL•	LUE 1977 1/ 1,000 DOL.
ALL COMMODITIES	1 1	!		45,567,100	48,184,700	;	0	8,632,100	9,275,700
NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	1	1 1	1	35,641,194	37,779,614	8 8 8	!	6,916,966	7,229.830
ASRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	ł	-	!	5,925,906	10,405,686	ł	!	1,715,134	2,045,870
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS	-	!	•	813,820	1,071,877	8 8 8	0	179,677	235,499
ANIMALS LIVE, EX POULTRY CATTLE OTHER	101	78	101	49,442 34,061 15,381	42,685 25,695 16,990	M	# W #	8,598 6,981 1,617	5,246 3,228 2,618
DAIRY PRODUCTS ANHYDROUS MILK FAT BUTTER CHEESE AND CURD	1 2 2 2	11 189 3,951	22 150 3,821	32,703 17 193 4,918	55.360 36 121 4,896	1 2 E	1 08 1 00 6 100 6	7,427 8 19 67	16,388 10 41 1,118
MILK AND CREAK. CONDENSED OR EVAPORATED DRY, WHOLE MILK AND CREAM FRESH NONFAT DRY	6 AL	22,670 14,642 1,007 1,434	14,131 9,490 788 35,573	5,299 4,148 2,527 807 13,794	49138 29138 29172 29172 18978 18978	4 4 1 9 6 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 4 9 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2,229 1,553 1,553 7,154	1,9282 1,4458 3,4458 3,456	6555 501 578 4•494 2•992
FATS, OILS, AND GREASES LARD AND OTHER RENDERED PIS FAT TALLOW: EDIBLE INEDIBLE OTHER	88 888	879,007 50,771 410 788,338 39,488	1,243,111 99,859 15,466 1,365,173 62,613	160,834 11,835 139,125 9,840	215,886 19,505 2,795 180,249 13,338	155,633 11,797 143,960 3,841	286,095 14,437 2,620 248,538 20,500	28,223 2,374 24,571 1,270	51,308 3,251 490 43,557 4,010
MEATS AND MEAT PREPARATIONS BEEF AND VEAL, EXCEPT OFFALS PORK, EXCEPT OFFALS OFFALS, EDIBLE, VARIETY MEATS OTHER	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	304*029 31*376 98*004 124*797 49*853	386,838 32,597 116,818 179,940 57,4482	224,189 49,468 92,213 51,152 31,356	244,062 42,967 92,524 70,908 37,663	69,293 6,257 25,218 27,345 10,473	68,440 6,731 20,413 30,975 10,321	50,221 8,886 23,291 11,462 6,581	46.562 8.916 17.677 12.827 7.142
POULTRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS POULTRY, LIVE: BREEDING CHICKS	ON	49	1 00	,77	901	1 0	1	0 6	∞
BABY CHICKS, EX BREEDING CHICKS OTHER POULTRY MEAT, FRESH, FROZEN:	0 1	8 586	7,252	1,902	2,256 2,380	1,0818	1,423		443 324
CHICKENS TURKEYS OTHER	8 F F F	73,758 28,143 6,635	16 99 80	M 80 00	+ 1 + 7 + 0 + 0	15,060 5,993 1,941	26+743 3+303 1+642	1 6 1	N D N 1
	D02 D02	1,521 5,191 5,161 369	2,582 6,911 6,517 568	7 • 529 7 • 529 3 • 210 664	1,636 9,941 4,175 1,549	306 1,9222 1,324 81	263 1,193 930 99	197 2,028 826 145	215 1,784 633 297
EGGS OTHERWISE PRESERVED	L B	1,413	9	2	247	193	106	29	86 CONTINUED

TABLE 30.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

	2			OCTOBER-FEB	RUARY	1	1	FEB	RUARY	<u> </u>
CUMMODILY	- - - - - - -	• ••	75/76	76/77 1/	`	LUE 76/77 1	1976	19		
		•		THOU.	DOL	1,000 DOL.	THOU.	THOU.	1,000 DOL.	00 000
HIDES AND SKINS, INC FURSKINS	-		{	1	33,58	58,38	;		1,76	4
CATTLE HIDES, WHOLE	οÑ		9,136	10,513	126,321	214,625		~	24,751	41,862
FURSKINS	1		1		0,71	19,59	!	!	3,86	-
OTHER	1		-	-	5954	4,16	-	-	•14	•
OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS	1		-	-	T,	6	-	ļ	5,240	5,697
HATR ANIMAL EX MODE OR FINE HATR	80		571		28	33	87	92	4	
	L B			•	9,443	12,368	962	1,353	1,853	2,451
WOOL, UNMANUFACTURED, INC FINE HAIR			65	2,630	€.	8,86	237	115	64	u,
OTHER			-	-	,17	•91	;		0	2,667
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS			-	ŀ	9,112,086	9,333,889			1,535,457	1,810,371
COTTON. UNMANÜFACTURED	RBA		9	1,614	266,461	616,776	154	524	40,035	15
COTTON. RAW	മ		994	•72	62,77	12,64	4	509	•37	81 9 53
LINTERS	RBA		7.2	6	694	•13	13	15	S	659
FRUITS AND PREPARATIONS			1	;	ึง	363,532	-	- 1	್ಟ್	•21
CANNED	LB		132,337	11	369	1,	21,520	25,521	6,167	4
CHERRIES	LB		12,917	5	3,760	24295	S	64	230	29
FRUIT COCKTAIL	LB		37,462	32	10,751	11,066	,1	55	2,091	21
PEACHES	LB		48,436	986	1,	12,660	8 ,743	• 04	• 1	•63
PEARS	Ë		3,895	16	1,040	885	9	69	175	σ
PINEAPPLES	L B		17,585	62	5 0 0 9 9	5,168	٠ د	• 03	753	67
OTHER	en L		12,	20 0 08	4 1	7,397	2,1	\$ 55	_	942
DRIED	ا نه ا		145,381	45	ທ໌	49,464	0	990	4 1	• 82
	en .		66,262	74	22,211	21,105	799	6 + 256	2,790	2,821
GRAPES (RAISINS)	m .		659 756	2 6	î 1	20450	* '	\$ 28 0	- "	• L V
· OTHER	e .		15,	15,991	÷.		3.66	1926	1 9 2	⊃ 6 ∞ •
FRESH	m .		981,220	ζ;	140,299	155,156	166,061	2519683	က္ •	30 0 109
APPLES	n a		125,154	145.41	1/9559 1.739	1229 131	9	>	2,6281	42.1 ¢C
DEN X 1 E S	2 -		7 0	- 0	1 -	29.016	ຸດ	76	F 2 3 1	3 10
	<u> </u>		157.587	95.43	31,359	23.243	6.0	1.08	1 00	33.
LEMONS AND LIMES	F 1		0.8	64,22	່ເທ	27,483	0.5	8942	49171	988
ORANGE SOTANGERINESO & CLEMENTINES			0.0	25	9	40,183	S	,19	53	10,708
PEARS	LB		44,310	34	6,615	4 , 793	7 6	• 92	644	770
OTHER	F		25,222	90	5,016	5,957	5	• 08	വ	84
FRUIT JUICES	GAL		16,874	32	40,228	51,566	4	• 57	8 • 757	11,646
GRAPEFRUIT	BAL		2,438	72	4	5,182	വ	67	9.0	,21
ORANGE	GAL		9,825	43	27,002	36,103	2,133	0	0	• 54
OTHER	BAL		4,610	16	8 + 7 4 2	10,280	992	004	96	1,884
FROZEN FRUITS	L B		10,282	646	2,681	4 • 0 8 0	\vdash	0	437	S
OTHER	-		!	-	2,450	3,795	-	-	418	N
NUTS AND PREPARATIONS			13	1;	6.1	115,602	1 9	1 ;	15,187	19,712
SHELLED BASIS	e .		200	64 4 5 4 9	6999	6,86	11,296	16,277	U + 56	5912
WALNUTS, NOT SHELLED BASIS	<u>n</u>		2,3	3 0 8	ν ο Φ	6966	• 1 0	•	981	。 シェ
OTHER			1	!	9 8 8	2,13	!	!	9 U 1 Z	
										O F

> FF 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0	FINE	0	OCTOBER-FI	EBRUARY	<u>.</u>	FERRE	FEBRUA	RY	<u>.</u>
	-	75/76 75/76	76/77 1/	75/76	76/77 1/:	1976	1977		
			2			2	2	2	1 00 000
AND PREPARATIONS	-	1	1	,136,75	9N7198	1	1	36,63	36,67
FEED GRAINS AND PRODUCTS	Σ:	21,547	22,814	2,608,773	2,530,779	97	4,010	475,567	453,956
FEED GRAINS	- I	1,553	2 6	,591,10	951296	466	9,98	71,98	50,20
SAKLE ₹	2 0	(1.965)	4620	11 6 D C	1009	. 1.5	8954	27	21,96
CORN	0 0) 0 0 0 0 0	196	00.00	30.00	1004403	9 5 5 7	ז ע	5,958
SEALW SORCHOMS	2 2	V 0 6 7 0	7 ¢ 7 T	17944)	α φ χ υ γ	0 0 0 0	0 6 5 0 6 5	4 0 4 V 4 0 T
MIND OF CITY OF A TANK) c	7007	0 6	4040	⊃ (•	Q :	つ [J 1	0
COOM CORTO AND HOWARDS MALL	. .	296	7.97	0 T 6	ψ. U. (す 1	7	വ	φ.
CORN GRIIS AND HOMINY	9 F	39116	T 6	906	ו ת	91/	,17	2	24
CURNMEAL	، درج		1 Q	0 - 6	597.65	+ 1		י ית	
CORN NIARCH	ב ב	27462	299/13	400	(D) 1	9	5	916	χ 20
AND GROATS	L M .	00	,	• 01	785	N I	i	N	
DAIMEAL & DAIS, ROLLED, ETC	e .	2,432	496	40	9 1	4.3	2,54	9	32
X I CE	، د	566,995 333,75	82497	61	9	4	90	00	42,183
	Ω. - Cα	,022,15	961491	72,93	2698	80,94	77,88	න . න	0 0 0 1
HUSKED, BROWN	a) ;	44,86	6660	0,67	394	4946	9 º u1	1,32	,16
	90	D		95					
WHEAT AND PRODUCTS	B∩	<u> </u>	7	53	\sim	82	0.5	ω N	36
WHEAT	BU	99,42	19,4	,162,90	,143,9	2,51	7977	03,16	0400
FLOUR	BU	8 9	493	5 • 79	6,1	,21	\$87	946	ព្ធ (
OTHER WHEAT PRODUCTS	80	• 56	069	3,82	7,1	66	941	Ω	936
BAKERY PRODUCTS	LB	• 48	8	985	0,3	4,259	, 22	\vdash	• 43
	LB	86	633	802	984	4	7.1	11	20
BLENDED FOOD PRODUCTS	LB	151,351	189,394	989	6	25,779	21,326	78	913
OTHER	1	1	1	3,32	0,92	1	-	976	9
FEEDS AND FODDERS, EX OIL CAKESMEAL	1	-	-	7	694	-	-	28,640	41,159
HAY,FODDER,ROOTS,LUPINES,ETC	STN	91	144	7,10	3,76	14	12	95	96
CORN BYPRODUCTS, FEED	STN	467	629	,11	81,595	26	103	10,683	12,431
MEAL ,	STN	32	426	,21	3,18	1	11	42	• 34
	STN	39	77	• 33	973		0	104	\sim
ALFALFA HAY CUBES	STN	34	7.1	976	6,98	4	12	4	,16
ANIMAL FEED, PREPARED	STN	93	129	4,96	8,85	21	19	961	986
OTHER	-	-	!	,21	•36	-	-	10,954	18,363
STORES ON SOUTH				110	0			,	0
OILOCEUS AND PRODUCIS	1 6	1 0	4	# 1 6 D !	T	1 4		0 7 6 7	00000
SOKETAND MEAL	2 E	Z 0 0 4 7 0 0 7 7 1 0 0 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.7	4 9 U 8	χς 4 4 - Γ	004	4 T C :	φ γ α 1 π	و د د د د
CATICE CARE AND MEAL	2 1	* O	706	78978	64.90	272	202	1 4 6 7	U 9 6 6
	2	6.6	, ,	16,00	1 C + X	20	ν.	1941	1,885
	1 2	1 1	1 4	6,18	68	1 (1 4	940	80
C LA A SE E U	200	70 77	n 0	4 9 0 6	6	,	0	0 00	0 664
SUNET OHER SEED	2 0	, o	10	9 / 4	ν	52,193	Ţ,	- 0	4004700
	ב ב ב	77 07	17607	7 16 9	0 F	767	100	17C6	T & P D J D
	ם מ	000000 1/1000	12965	1261	ר • 1 •	+ 0	1,978	2,7	212
PEANOLS	Ļ	64 L 8	7004	4903	1 6 1 1	24004	9 30	\$613	F1000T
	1 -	1 0	1 1	11,908	1290	1 .	1 6	2,001	400 6 7 1 100 6 7 1
COTTONSEED OIL	ם ב	0 1 0	7000	T ? 6	۰ بر	106 106	0 7 0	9168	17 206
ON WEAN OTI	ם ב	16.01	0 0 4 7 0 0 4 1 0 0 4 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100T	7 V	0 0 0		19702	C076/T
PEANIT OTI	ο α - L	16.21	1000	0000	0 0	7 7 7 7	0 0 0 0	1 9 5 1 1 2	000000
	J _	2320354	171.266	70.07	61.310	43.016	30 a 92 2	13.417	11.594
PROTEIN SUBSIDANCES	<u>a</u>	10,50	1920	2000	2 0	0 1 0 C	26 40	1716	7.7.00
	1 7		7	0	0 •	7 7	7	5	ONTINUED

TABLE 30 .--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

	••		OCTOBER	-FEBRUARY			FEBRUARY		
CCMMODITY	 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	75/75	7111	VALUE 75/75	1 72177	1976 19	117	1976	-
	•	THOU.	THON	200	OOO DOF.	THOU.	00.	1,000 DOL. 1	0000 °
TOBACCO.UNMANUFACTURED	L B	• 48	• 63	6,96	,41	31	33	449	
BURLEY	<u>m</u>	19,560	21,330	34,504	1,1	2	4	4,051	S
CIGAR WRAPPER	LB	•95	• 19	3,19	\$20	4	35	• 35	•
DARK-FIRED KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE	LB	931	7,986	8,77	2446	1,56	1,63	006	å
FLUE-CURED	B	•68	694	00	948	983	,16	444	•
MARYLAND	e E	et e	119	,21	951	256	121	9	154
BULK SMOKING TOBACCO	LB	982	4,05	7,87	966	1,34	35	1,779	
отнея	LB	664	•51	616	965	•62	iO	• 49	2,161
VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS		-		4	M)	-	!	47,903	•
CANNED	LB	100,563	1379417	28,	4	19,374	24,582	5,464	6,452
ASPARAGUS	2	1,235	1,04	615	57	α	12	11	83
CORN	LB	26,723	6949	0	•13		7,382	1,252	1,915
SOUPS	9	11,271		3,322	20	1,749	•63	59	861
TOMATOES, TOMATO SAUCE AND PUREE	LB	35,363	5,75	7.6	7987	an.	4,29	• 03	•
OTHER	<u>m</u>	25,976	70,80	7,92	•20	~	0 , 15	1,464	2,310
	r B	250,859	5,92	M T	5,98	~	8,74	• 18	•
BEANS	L 3	130,257	72,94	8,1	9,35	The second	3,67	17.	•
	-18	64,694	4,76	9	5,69	M)	984	987	•
DRIED LENTILS	LB	55,908	48,21	9,5	10,93	1496	7,822	• 54	•
FRESH	r _B	705,610	0,948	4	0,01	٠.	N.	983	•
ASPARAGUS	-18	119	64	~	24	m	23	16	
LETTUCE	L B	164,763	1,06	Ĉ.	•15	9	7,25	, 50	•
	LB	84,792	06,69	9,3	9,48	2,2	5,48	943	1,914
POTATOES, EXCEPT SWEET POTATOES	LB	190,904	89,18	M)	40,157	55,904	15	4,022	•
TOMATOES	r _B	77,076	75,37	1,99	2,70	8 ,7	2,90	,18	
OTHER	E H	187,301	7,52	6	•27	8	9,18	952	•
FROZEN VEGETABLES	LB	31,026	3,86	7,55	4941	SI.	• 29	906	2,261
HOPS. INCLUDING EXTRACTS	L B	16,821	\$28	93	987	0	963	114	•
SOUPS AND VEGETABLES, DEHYDRATED	L B	22,429	4 985	1,8	6,41	S.	9 00	•65	•
TOMATO JUICE, CANNED	GAL	1,738	2,52	-	3,20	M	8	47	
VEGETABLE SEASONINGS	LB	18,742	991	9,1	,21	2,996	D.	M)	2,523
OTHER				9	,21	:		,41	11,797
OTHER VEGETABLE PRODUCTS		- 1	- 1	5,49	7,94	-		986	958
COFFEE	<u>L</u> B	, 1	M	•29	8,70	3,314	3,858	C)	988
DRUGS, HERBS, ROOTS, ETC	LB	965	966	3,52	196	9		,22	•19
	_	980	954	6,47	7,49	91	8	•80	945
FLAVORING SIRUPS, SUGARS, EXTRACTS	1	1		8,69	6,51	!	;	15	986
HONEY	LB	1,979	1,9434	1,18	4	187	182	6	N
NURSERY STOCK	-	1	İ	995	166	1	!	00	•19
SEEDS, EXCEPT OILSEEDS	L _B	151,113	96	4 9	1,99	29,560		•	7
SPICES	E	• 56	4,737	968	• 50	9	988	85	,12
OTHER			!	•64	•20		-	∞	166

TABLE 31.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY

COMMODITY	UNIT	00AN 75/76 THOU.	OCTOBER-F INTITY 76/77 1/ THOU.	EBRUARY V 75/7 1,000 DOL	4LUE : 76/77 1/:	00AN 1976 THOU•	FEBR SUANTITY 176 1977 1/ THOU•	RUARY VA / 1976 / 1,000 DOL.	VALUE 1977 1/ L• 1•000 DOL•
ALL COMMODITIES	-	1	!	45,567,100	48,184,700	-	-	8,632,100	9,275,700
NONAGPICULTURAL COMMODITIES	-	-	1	35,641,194	37,779,014	}		6,316,966	7,229,830
AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES		-	-	9,925,986	10,405,686	!	-	1,715,134	2,045,870
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS	-	-		813,820	1,071.877	-	-	179,677	235,499
ANIMALS LIVE, EX POULTRY CATTLE OTHER	C Z 	101	1 4 1	49,442 34.061 15,381	42,685 25,695 16,990	M) T 1 T 1	ן נא	8,598 6,981 1,617	5,246 3,228 2,418
DAIRY PRODUCTS ANHYDROUS MILK FAT GUTTER CHESE AND CURD MILK AND CURD	X X X D D D	1,792	10 10 63 1,733	32,703 17 193 4,918	559,360 121 4,8896	0 w clo. k	3 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7.427 8 19 15	10,328 10 41 1,118
CONDENSED OR EVAPORATED DRY, WHOLE MILK AND CREAM FRESH NONFAT DRY OTHER	L K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	10,283 6,642 3,811 651	6 • 4 10 4 • 3 0 4 2 • 9 8 3 1 6 • 1 3 6	6,299 4,148 2,527 807 13,794	4,138 2,872 2,172 22,344 18,780	1,9903 1,9467 499 223	1,011 704 701 3,245	1,0202 1,0458 360 3,456	655 571 574 6404 6404
FATS, OILS, AND GREASES LARD AND OTHER RENDERED PIG FAT TALLOW; EDIBLE INEDIBLE OTHER	XX XXX	398,717 23,033 186 357,590 17,912	563,875 45,296 7,015 483,163 28,401	160,834 11,835 139,125 9,840	215,886 19,505 2,795 180,249 13,338	72,410 5,351 16 65,300 1,742	129,773 6,549 1,1188 112,737 9,299	28,223 2,374 24,571 1,270	51,368 3,251 43,557 4,010
MEATS AND MEAT PREPARATIONS BEEF AND VEAL, EXCEPT OFFALS PORK, EXCEPT OFFALS OFFALS, EDIBLE, VARIETY MEATS OTHER	X X X X X 0 0 0 0 0	137,908 14,232 44,455 56,608 22,613	175,470 14,786 52,989 81,621 26,074	224,189 49,468 92,213 51,152 31,356	244,062 42,967 92,524 70,908 37,663	31,4431 2,838 11,4439 12,404 4,750	31,044 3,053 9,259 14,050 4,682	50,221 8,886 23,291 11,462 6,581	46,562 8,916 17,67,7 12,827 7,142
POULTRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS POULTRY* LIVE: BREEDING CHICKS BABY CHICKS	00 22 	3,661	3 8885	82,771 6,013 1,902	119,011 7,153 2,256	796	819	18,203	21,785
OTHER POULTRY MEAT, FRESH, FROZEN: CHICKENS TURKEYS OTHER	1 777	745	56	113	,38 ,38 ,75	0,00	113	1 6 1	324 11,322 1,698
POULTRY, CANNED AND SPECIALTIES EGGS IN THE SHELL, FOR HATCHING EGGS IN THE SHELL, OTHER EGGS, DRIED EGGS OTHERWISE PRESERVED	002 002 002 KG	599 59191 59161 168 641	1,081 6,911 6,517 258 712	7,629 7,629 3,210 664 857	1,636 9,941 4,1175 1,549 947	1,9222 1,322 1,324 37 87	119 19193 930 45	258 258 29 29	215 1,784 633 297 2007

TABLE 31.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

		:	OCTOBER-F		ı			٣٠	į
		75/76 THOU.	76/77 1/ THOU.	75/75 1,000 DOL.	1,000 DOL.	1976 1976 THOU.	1977 1/ THOU.	VALUE 1976 1,000 DOL. 1	1977 1/ 1,600 DOL.
HIDES AND SKINS. INC FURSKINS	i	!	;	33,58	58 + 33		;	1,76	51
CATTLE HIDES, WHOLE	0	M	10,513	126,321	214,625	M	1,976	24,751	41,862
FURSKINS		-	1	,71	19,59	1	1	3,86	440
OTHER		1 1	!	• 54	4,16	-		,14	15
OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS	ļ	;	!	σ	σ	;	;		5.697
HAIR ANIMAL EX WOOL OR FINE HAIR		253	188	•	}	40	4 2	•	
		2,380	939	444	936	436	614	1,853	2,451
WOOL, UNMANUFACTURED, INC FINE HAIR	κ Θ	• 65	1,193	9	8,86	\dot{c}	52	64	2
OTHER		-	1	•17	,91	1	!	0	2,667
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS	-	-	-	9,112,086	9,333,809	ł	-	1,535,457	1,810,371
COTTON, UNMANUFACTURED		S	1,814	6,46	16,77	Ŋ	524	0.3	82,15
COTTON, RAW	RBA	994	•	262,770	å	141	509		181,530
LINTERS		72	93	3,69	,13	13	15	99	62
FRUITS AND PREPARATIONS		1		•		1	1	47,591	21
CANNED	S S	02	•	•	6	9,761	11,576	6,167	444
CHERRIES	Y.	0 8 5	ر در	•	ď,	N (29	230	29
FRUIT COCKTAIL	٥ ۲	9	•	•	•	α	42	2,091	2,212
PEACHES	Δ Y	21,970	24 9 4:51	11,801	12,660	3,9966	5,009	2,162	
7 L A A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B	9 U	7 0	•		200	u c	921	753	679
OTHER	9 Y	- 4			7,397	ם כי	•61	756	4 6
DRIED	Y 9	34			494664	S	4 9 0 3 8	9 9 455	982
PRUNES	×	5			21,105	9	983	. 2,790	2,821
GRAPES (RAISINS)	Y W	32		•	20,420	0	627	5,110	•19
OTHER	ΥĈ	9669	9	•	7,939	9	57	_	38
よの日本	9 ¥	00	•	•	155,156	<u>د</u> ر	0.0	22,357	19
APPLES	X	3	•	•	22,737	S C	22	2,281	•12 12
BERRIES OPPORTUGES	9 (2 X	4 6	ໍ້ເ	•	19/44	N 14	υ c	255	ο C
CRAPETRO1 - S	9 Q	- 0	•	•	27.045	. O	000	10960 10871	0 0 ¢
LEMONS AND LIMES	9 S	7			27.483	מאנ של	2 8 8 9	4,171	80
ORANGES, TANGERINES, & CLEMENTINES	KG	21	143,001		40,183	N	937	7,359	10,708
PEARS	Y Q	9	•	•	4 • 7 9 3	6	• 23	644	170
OTHER	Y C	4	•	-	5,957	0	1,39	581	8
FRUIT JUICES	LIT	37	•	•	51,566	9	,31	8,757	964
GRAPEFRUIT	LI	2	•	4 1	5,182	9	2,53	1,020	21
ORANGE	1:	2 1	•	•	56,103	•	4 70	69082	40.0
	- 1	ς :	•	•	10,280	ָּעָב פּ	, 'Y	19656 4.73	χ Ω Φ
PROZEN FROILS	5 Y	9 7	Φ.	•	18064	200	9 6	-0+	7 6 6
OLHER	5	0	•	•	24/42	906	19748	4 T 0	126
NUTS AND PREPARATIONS	1	1	1 1	9.0	2960	1	1	•18	
ALMONDS, SHELLED BASIS	X 7 0 0	23,718	29,279	47,932	56,862	5,124	7,583	10,362	15,129
WALNUISO NOI SHELLED BASIS	9 II 2 I	006/	T 11 6 8	φ α Σ α	0.00	T C 6	0 1	186	
				00	7			376	CONTINUED

COMMODITY	: LIND	UAN	TOBER-F Y		L UE	NA	F E B R	Ø	LI U
		75/76 THOU.	76/77 1/ THOU.	75/76 1,000 DOL.	76/77 1/ 1,000 DOL.	1976 THOU.	1977 1/ THOU.	1976 1,000 DOL.	-
GRAINS AND PREPARATIONS	!	- 1	- 1	•136 • 75	.071.80		- 1	36.63	35.67
	E	4	\vdash	8,77	30,977	97	0	56	53,95
FEED GRAINS	⊢ ⊦		N	•		6	3,985	~	450 4203
מאַר דַ	- F	0 X	2 C	30.00	17000 83066	7	nn	7 0	61.97E
GRAIN SORGHUMS	Σ	2,79	2.08	317,44	319,00	47	77	50,55	84.49
OATS	E	11	, S	13,54	6,05			14	. W
MALT AND FLOUR, INC BARLEY MALT	KG	,18	696	2,10	9 6 6	0 0	•62	S	9
CORN GRITS AND HOMINY	KG KG	5,92	5 9 5 3	906	91	•43	• 43	27	24
CORNMEAL	Σ :	0.0	978	973	1 04	•71	6 9 9 2 6	6,	1,301
•	ა . დ ი	3947	3947	934	903	2,192	65	•16 22	۵۵ ۷
DAIMEAL AND GRUALS	5 () 2 3	φ c	0.0	T 0	0 0	4 Z L	4	Vν	35.0
& UAISO RULLEDO	5 Y	10.47	67°26	404740	50 54 50 54	7 T T T	CT 6 T	0 0	υς α ι ο ο
MILLED	9 Y	664	440	93	- 00	82.07	126,049	28 • 685	45,014
HUSKED . PROWN	K G	47,12	95,25	70,67	23,45	2,84	8,62	1,32	2,16
RYE	F			95	2				
WHEAT AND PRODUCTS	⊢	3,93	•24	• 53	22	004	•77	• 28	,36
	E .	13,59	8 9 6 9	,162,90	•143•93	1,97	1,57	03,16	0400
FLOUR	χ :	\$26	σ,	5,79	6,10	24,085	116,931	946	0000
OTHER WHEAT PRODUCTS	X 3	07,479	43951	5 ¢ 82	7,18	951	5 58	65	9 36
BAKEKI PRODUCIS	5 C	9 K	# t c	ς Σ ο	000	• √ • •	900		0 0 0
BLENDED FOOD PRODUCTS	9 C	58°653	85.909	9 0 0	1.93	11.693	7	11.	13
DI D) 		1	· 0	, (1) (C) O
) •	1 7 6 0			~	•
FEEDS AND FODDERS, EX OIL CAKESMEAL			- 0	970	6,42		1	4	5
HAY, FODDER, ROOTS, LUPINES, ETC	μ	∞	M	7,10	3,76	13	10	95	96
PRODUCT	⊢ ! Σ :	424	598	•11	59	88	96	∞ 1	12,431
	– ⊦ Σ :		100	921	5,18		10	~	934
ALTALTA MEALO SONOCURED	- ⊦ ∑ ≥		0.7 8.2	900	000	-1 K		9 <	7 7
- 11	- Ε		-	4 9 6	2 K	9 6	ο α 4 +	174	1 0
	1			49,211	84,306	1		10,954	18,363
OF CHOOSE OF A SCHOOL OF	2	0	0	170-77	027.00	0	5		0
OTICHES AND MFAL	- F	1.29	1.990	314.52	378.41	• • • •	200	0 T & T	20 0 0 V
SOYBEAN OIL CAKE AND MEAL	Σ		1,840	8 9 58	4957	356	277	447	990
	Σ	6	7	16,00	13,84			1941	1,86
OILSEEDS	LΨ		8,453	6,18	8 9 7 8	1,462	1,665	940	• 78
FLAXSEED	⊢ ! Σ :			4 • 56				:	
	L €	7,56	8,02	974	93	1,42	PO 4	265,726	9 :
SUNFLORER SEED	יט ני של אב	4 4 4	910	5911	1.00	•16 21	964	952	963
	X X	9.91	5 0 0 C	4 • 0.3	4 . 57	4 4 4	, ,	ر 4	17
OTHER	9 9	1,37	5,25	1,38	2,08	0,93	8,11	500	2 . 59
VEG OILS AND WAXES	KG KG	60,51	32,58	,31	8,97	\$57	5,36	9,16	2,96
COTTONSEED OIL	Y	4,41	9449	1,84	60,19	2,34	• 50	• 95	• 28
SOYBEAN OIL	7 Y	43,34	3398	4 4 46	4 96	4 9 5 3	3 9 85	1,61	3,6
PEANOL OIL	5 C	955	4958	76.0	2985	918 718	76	•18	4 4
PROTEIN SUBSTANCES	9 W	1034400 5.672	10.947	5 665	11,817		2.793	15941/	11,9594
))	1	3		- -	UED

TABLE 31.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

			OCTOBER-FE	BRUARY	L		FEBRUARY		L
	⊣	75/76 75/76 THOU.	76/77 1/ THOU.	o Ou ≽	76/77 1/: 1,000 POL.	1976 1976 THOU•	1977 1/ THOU.	1976 1,000 DOL.	1977 1/ 1,000 DOL.
TOBACCO. UNMANUFACTURED	X X	4 0	26	96 • 9	41	∞ c	0.0	949	9 6 1
BURLEY CIGAR WRAPPER	X X 0 0	8 8 8 5 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	9 6 7 5 8 1 3	13,799	41,4155 12,206		2,728 159	4 + CDI	2,47
DARK-FIRED KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE	X 0	3,1	3,20	8,77	9,47	7.0	74	9.0	2,29
FLUE-CURED	5 X	0	•10 000	000	48	0 4	IO I	944	987
MAKILAND BHIK SMOKING TOBACCO	ນ X ຊ	پ ه	יי מ אינ	126 187	94	- C	\circ	٥ ر م	OM
OTHER	X 0	· —	25,633	• 79	65	· -	3,291	2,495	0.0
VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS	-	- 1	;	2,49	333,333	-	- 1	C.	0
CANNED	ΚG	45,615	62,332	28,95	4	8,788	11,150	4 6	6,452
ASPARAGUS	KG	56		61		-	വ	7	
CORN	Σ ;	112	•	905	•	2,024	3,349	1,252	1,915
TOWATORS TOWATO SAIDE AND DIREF	ງ ປ ⊻ ¥	16.039	11.684	9,701	40764 7 0 7 0		•	2.038	
	X 50	78		\$25	ີ່ທໍ	2,281	60	1,464	2,310
PULSES	KG 0	179	•	6933	•		•11	7	9 6
BEANS	KG	908	•	•11	6	0 • 3	0,74	2	0
	χ : 0 0	34	•	967	ທີ່ເ	٠	90	ه ۱	ထူး
DRIED LENTILS	5 G	25958	21,	7007	•	6.90	5921	ດ	•
TRESH	5 Y	904	•	φ 4 α 0	ŝ	, r	5 6	φ -	ه -
000XXXX00X	9 (4	0 7 0	77.594	ם. ה עני		7 - 7	1 3	٦ ١٧	10
	X 5	9	93,756	9,39		• •	02	2,439	JΘ
POTATOES, EXCEPT SWEET POTATOES	. Y	69.59	267,255	2,30		593	38	. 0	7
TOMATOES	¥	4 9 9 5	34,192	993		399	31	1	9
OTHER	KG KG	4 9 9 6	94,133	9649		ស្តិ	31	ر م	7,462
FROZEN VEGETABLES	کر ص	4 9 0 7	28,971	7,50		ę,	67	0	2
HOPS, INCLUDING EXTRACTS	בא בי	7,65	6,931	40.4		ب م	10	١,	<u>ء</u> د
SOUPS AND VEGELABLES, DEHYDRALED	9 F	110	•	1987		٠,	0 0	9 <	٩
VERTIABLE VERNORD	ו גי	י ני	1000 1000 1000	114		- N	200	ט י	טוכ
OTHER				69	51,213			8,410	11,797
OTHER VEGETABLE PRODUCTS	;	1	- 1	5,49	7,94	- 1	;	8	5
	ΥÇ	• 02	966	•29	7.0	1,503	1,750	6	æ
DRUGS, HERBS, ROOTS, ETC	S W	11	25	3,52	2969	∞	428	,2	•1
ESSENTIAL OILS AND RESINOIDS		9 T B	966	6947	46	S	717	တ	4
FLAVORING SIRUPS, SUGARS, EXTRACTS	i		1 1	8,69	6,51	1 0		91	8
HONEY MIRRAFRY ATOCK	א ן פ	768	651	1 9 L 8 1 a 95	97	က (၂ (၂)	מ ו ו ו	-	
SEEDS EXCEPT OILSEEDS	S S	5.4	•24	0.04	96	0	~	9	7.
	X S	N	2,14	4	5,507	M	4		1,127
OTHER	1	:		494	2.0		!	11,883	6

TABLE 32.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

			EBRUARY :	FEBRU	ARY
COMMODITY	UNIT	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
ALL COMMODITIES					- n- n
NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES					
AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	COM 400 FEB.				dep dep dep
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
ANIMALS LIVE, EX POULTRY			0 0 0		70 TO 100
CATTLE OTHER	NO	437.511	538.766	522.679	668.484
DAIRY PRODUCTS		3 2 2			
ANHYDROUS MILK FAT	KG	3.321	3.598	3.824	4.408
BUTTER	KG	2.250	1.774	2.091	1.633
CHEESE AND CURD	KG	2.745	2.824	2.876	2.935
MILK AND CREAM:					
CONDENSED OR EVAPORATED	KG	•613	.646	•631	•648
ORY, WHOLE MILK AND CREAM	KG	•625	• 667	•994	•711
FRESH	LIT	•663	•728	•722	.824
NOMFAT DRY OTHER	KG	1.249	1.385	1.143	1.385
FATS, CILS, AND GREASES LARD AND OTHER RENDERED PIG FAT TALLOM:	KG KG	•403 •514	•383 •431	•390 •444	•395 •496
EDIBLE	ΚG	•131	• 398	•509	•413
INEDIBLE	KG	.389	.373	•37€	.386
OTHER	KG	•549	.470	•729	•431
MEATS AND MEAT PREPARATIONS	KG	1.626	1.391	1.598	1.500
BEEF AND VEAL, EXCEPT OFFALS	KG	3.476	2.906	3.131	2.921
PORK, EXCEPT OFFALS	KG	2.074	1.746	2.036	1.909
FFALS, EDIBLE, VARIETY MEATS	KG	.934	.869	• 924	• 913
OTHER	KG	1.397	1 • 4 4 4	1.385	1.525
POULTRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS POULTRY. LIVE:		017450			
BREEDING CHICKS	NO	1.651	1.841	1.620	2.217
BABY CHICKS: EX BREEDING CHICKS		•221	•311	• 246	•311
OTHER					
POULTRY MEAT, FRESH, FROZEN:					
CHICKENS	KG	•931	•891	•953	•933
TURKEYS	KG	1.623	1.213	1.696	1.133
OTHER	KG	1.086	1.126	1.038	1.237
POULTRY, CANNED AND SPECIALTIES	KG	1.515	1.514	1.415	1.802
EGGS IN THE SHELL, FOR HATCHING	DOZ	1.479	1.438	1.560	1.496
EGGS IN THE SHELL, OTHER	DOZ	•522	•641	•624	•681
EGGS OFFERMER	KG	3.963	6.012	3.955	6.581
533S OTHERWISE PRESERVED	KG	1.337	1.330	1.478	1.790 Continued

TABLE 32.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP

DOLLARS PER UNIT

		: OCTOBER-	FEBRUARY :	FEBRUA	RY
COMMODITY	MIT	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
HIDES AND SKINS, INC FURSKINS					
CATTLE HIDES, WHOLE	NO	13.827	20.416	15.159	21.187
FURSKINS					
OTHER					
OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
HAIR, ANIMAL, EX WOOL OR FINE HAIR	KG	1.118	1.795	1.065	1.640
SAUSAGE CASINGS	ΚG	3.967	3.639	4.245	3.992
WOOL, UNMANUFACTURED, INC FINE HAIR		4.462	7.436	5.982	9.808
OTHER					
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS					
COTTON, UNMANUFACTURED	RBA	249.914	339.996	260.517	347.898
COTTON, RAW	RBA	264.358	355.882	280.052	356.642
LINTERS	RBA	51.099	44.639	50.499	43.058
FRUITS AND PREPARATIONS					
CANNED	KG	.610	.630	•632	•643
CHERRIES	ΚG	•642	1.001	1.000	•995
FRUIT COCKTAIL	KG	•633	•637	•643	•645
PEACHES	ΚG	•537	•518	•545	•527
PEARS	KG	• 589	•616	•597	•635
PINEAPPLES	KG	•639	•646	•715	•737
OTHER	KG	•761	.812	•782	•885
DRIED	ΚG	•838	1.064	•770	1.194
PRUNES	KG	• 739	•856	•771	• 994
GRAPES (RAISINS)	KG	.871	1.294	•729	1.910
OTHER	KG	1.132	1.258	•944	1.403
FRESH	KG	• 326	.321	• 297	•287
APPLES	KG	•314	•352	•313	• 339
BERRIES	KG	• 591	• 577	•937	• 970
GRAPEFRUITS	KG	•221	• 229	•213	• 239
GRAPES	KG	• 439	•537	•647	•688
LEMONS AND LIMES ORANGES.TANGERINES. & CLEMENTINES	KG KG	•511 •266	•369 •281	•448 •260	:301 :294
PEARS	KG	•329	•327	•378	• 345
OTHER	KG	• 438	• 452	•538	•607
FRUIT JUICES	LIT	•633	•639	•674	•673
GRAPEFRUIT	LIT	•486	•503	•503	.478
ORANGE	LIT	•726	•767	•753	•779
OTHER	LIT	•501	.441	•571	496
FROZEN FRUITS	KG	•575	•857	•636	•733
OTHER	KG	•674	•463	.437	•473
NUTS AND PREPARATIONS					
ALMONDS, SHELLED BASIS	KG	2.021	1.942	2.022	2.049
WALNUTS, NOT SHELLED BASIS	KG	.869	963	.784	1.104
OTHER					

Continued--

TABLE 32 .--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

		: OCTOBER-	FEBRUARY :	FEBRU	IARY
COMMODITY	UNIT	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
GRAINS AND PREPARATIONS					
FEED GRAINS AND PRODUCTS	MΤ	120.537	110.948	119.718	113.231
FEED GRAINS	MT	120.347	110.693	119.526	112.977
BARLEY	MIT	129.754	124.176	99.718	120.853
CORN	ΜT	121.285	110.672	121.513	113.366
GRAIN SORGHUMS	MIT	113.593	106.869	105.571	109.586
OATS	МT	115.630	121.252	58.679	126.982
MALT AND FLOUR, INC BARLEY MALT	KG	.341	• 314	•276	• 347
CORN GRITS AND HOMINY	KG	.130	•166	•189	•171
CORNMEAL	KG	•192	•192	•178	•188
CORN STARCH	KG	•471	• 448	•531	•431
DATMEAL AND GROATS	KG	•252	.302	. 266	
OATMEAL & DATS, ROLLED, ETC	KG	•379	•328	• 342	•305
RICE	KG	.343	.302	.320	•313
MILLED	KG	• 373	•310	.349	• 317
HUSKED, BROWN	KG	• 286	.246	. 264	•251
RYE	MΤ	122.642	105.036		173.077
WHEAT AND PRODUCTS	ΜT	159.540	132.708	153.934	129.533
WHEAT	ΜT	159.133	131.594	153.611	129.744
WHEAT FLOUR	KG	•228	•197	•227	•171
OTHER WHEAT PRODUCTS	KG	•221	.189	• 283	•161
BAKERY PRODUCTS	KG	1.115	1.092	1.096	1.029
DIETETIC FOODS	KG	2.058	3.427	5.940	6.311
BLENDED FOOD PRODUCTS	KG	.392	•372	•409	.427
OTHER					
SEEDO AND EODDEDO EV OTI CAKESMEAL					
FEEDS AND FODDERS, EX OIL CAKE&MEAL					
HAY, FODDER, ROOTS, LUPINES, ETC	MT MT	85.920	105.437	74.221	92.683
CORN BYPRODUCTS, FEED		118 • 207	136.500	121.598	132.542
ALFALFA MEAL, DEHYDRATED	MT MT	110.586	34.118	104.143	132.878 140.698
ALFALFA MEAL, SUN-CURED	MΤ	94.630	111.261	122.808	
ALFALFA HAY CUBES		99.218	108 • 228	76.404 299.754	111.824
ANIMAL FEED, PREPAPED	M T	295.759	332.983	299.754	388.930
OTHER					
OILSEEDS AND PRODUCTS	МT	212.952	262.626	203.202	278.325
OIL CAKE AND MEAL	MT	166.372	198.260	162.143	219.255
SOYBEAN OIL CAKE AND MEAL	MT	165.728	198.184	161.426	218.986
OTHER	MT	177.786	158.631	197.722	228.368
OILSEEDS	MIT	206.178	260.107	192.489	271.405
FLAXSEED	TM	265.946			
SCYBEANS	MT	198.769	254.072	187.071	266.101
SUNFLOWER SEED	ΚŒ	•287	•289	•288	• 289
SAFFLOWER SEED	KG	•234	•337	•187	.302
PEANUTS	ΚG	•676	•679	•699	•696
OT#ER	ΚG	•222	•267	•229	•320
VEG DILS AND WAXES	ΚG	•594	•576	.499	•555
COTTONSEED OIL	KG	•592	•517	•535	•473
SCYBEAN OIL	KG	•519	•533	• 396	•538
PEANUT OIL	KG	1.078	.622	1.003	• 456
OTHER	KG	•665	•789	• 588	.827
PROTEIN SUBSTANCES	KS	.999	1.079	1.697	.974
					Continued

TABLE 32 --- U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

		: OCTOBER-F	FEBRUARY :	FEBPUA	RY
COMMODITY	TIVU	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
TOBACCO, UNMANUFACTURED	KG	3.412	3.658	3.328	3.671
BURLEY	KG	3.889	4.251	4.039	4.430
CIGAR WRAPPER	KG	15.593	15.00s	15.015	17.112
DARK-FIRED KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE	KG	2.763	2.953	2.824	3.106
FLUE-CURED	KG	4.024	4.300	3.977	4.026
MARYLAND	KG	3.376	3.538	3.418	2.815
BULK SMOKING TOBACCO	KG	2.981	3.229	2.921	3.899
OTHER	KG	• 597	•685	•518	•657
VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS					
CANNED	KG	•635	•561	•622	•579
ASPARAGUS	KG	1.098	1.223	1.146	1.498
CCRN	KG	•665	•594	•619	•572
SOUPS	KG	•650	•696	•751	•721
TOMATOES TOMATO SAUCE AND PUREE	KG	•635	•674	• 568	•659
OTHER	KG	•616	• 473	•642	•502
PULSES	KS	• 467	• 391	•383	•390
DRIED BEANS	KG	.475	• 374	• 459	• 373
DRIED PEAS. INC COW AND CHICK	KG	• 296	•365	•269	• 355
DRIED LENTILS	KG	•376	•500	•382	•532
FRESH	KG	• 233	•212	•213	•237
ASPARAGUS	KG	•842	.846	1.112	1.114
LETTUCE	KG	•132	•293	•155	•195
ONIONS	KG	• 244	•208	•100 •242	•272
POTATOES. EXCEPT SWEET POTATOES	KG	•142	•150	•159	•155
TOMATOES	KG	•142	•372	•100	•155
OTHER	KG	• 342	• 37 Z • 33 2	• 29 8	• 334
FROZEN VEGETABLES	KG	•533	• 3 3 2 4 9 8	• 298 • 557	
					•484
HOPS, INCLUDING EXTRACTS	KS	2.142	2.290	1.744	2.321
SOUPS AND VEGETABLES, DEHYDRATED	KG	1.107	1.962	1.116	•933
TOMATO JUICE, CANNED	LIT	•321	• 336	•409	•35n
VEGETABLE SEASONINGS OTHER	KG	1.079	1.182	1.201	1.186
3711211					•
OTHER VEGETABLE PRODUCTS					
COFFEE	KG	2.324	4.121	2.609	3.932
DRUGS, HERBS, ROJTS, ETC	KG	6.411	7.412	4.603	2.796
ESSENTIAL OILS AND RESINCIDS	KS	12.141	12.628	11.122	10.406
FLAVORING SIRUPS, SUGARS, EXTRACT:	s				
HONEY	KG	1.318	1.393	1.172	1.476
NURSERY STOCK					
SEEDS, EXCEPT OILSEEDS	KG	1.080	1.126	•964	•724
SPICES	KG	2.262	2.543	2.446	2.516
OTHER					

TABLE 33.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

	:	OCTOBER-	FEBRUARY :	FEBRUA	RY
COMMODITY	TINU	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
ALL COMMODITIES				***	
VONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES					
AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES					
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
ANIMALS LIVE, EX POULTRY					
CATTLE. OTHER		437.511	538•766 	522•679 	668 • 48 4
DAIRY PRODUCTS		na na na			
ANHYDROUS MILK FAT	LB	1.506	1.632	1.735	2.000
BUTTER	LB	1.021	•805	• 948	•741
CHEESE AND CUPD MILK AND CREAM:	LB	1.245	1.281	1.305	1.332
CONDENSED OR EVAPORATED	LB	•278	•293	•286	•294
DRY, WHOLE MILK AND CREAM	LB	• 283	• 3 0 3	•451	• 322
FRESH	GAL	2.510	2.757	2.731	3.119
NOMFAT DRY GTHER	LB 	•563	•628	•518	•628
		107	174	477	170
FATS, OILS, AND GREASES LARD AND OTHER RENDERED PIG FAT TALLOW:	LB LB	•183 •233	•174 •195	•177 •201	•179 •225
EDIBLE	LB	.082	•181	•231	•187
INEDIBLE	LB	•176	•169	•171	•175
OTHER	Γ₿	•249	•213	•331	•196
MEATS AND MEAT PREPARATIONS	L∂	•737	•631	•725	•68C
BEEF AND VEAL, EXCEPT OFFALS	LB	1.577	1.313	1.420	1.325
PORK, EXCEPT OFFALS	LB	• 941	• 792	• 924	.865
OFFALS, EDIBLE, VARIETY MEATS	LB	•410	•354	•419	• 414
OTHER	LB	•629	•655	•628	•692
POULTRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS POULTRY, LIVE:					
PREEDING CHICKS	NО	1.651	1.841	1.620	2.217
BABY CHICKS, EX BREEDING CHICKS		•221	•311	•246	•311
OTHER POULTRY MEAT+ FRESH+ FROZEN:					
CHICKENS	LB	• 422	•404	•432	• 423
TURKEYS	LB	• 735	•550	•729	•514
OTHER	LB	•493	•511	• 471	•561
POULTRY. CANNED AND SPECIALTIES	LS	•687	•687	•642	•817
EGGS IN THE SHELL, FOR HATCHING	DOZ	1.470	1.438	1.660	1.496
EGGS IN THE SHELL, OTHER	DOZ	•622	.641	•524	•681
EGGS, DRIED	LB	1.798	2.727	1.794	2.985
EGGS OTHERWISE PRESERVED	LB	•676	• 6 0 4	•679	۰۶12

CONTINUED --

TABLE 33.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

		• OCTORER-E	EBRUARY :	FEBPUA	E Y
COMMODITY	TIM		76/77		
HIDES AND SKINS, INC FURSKINS					
CATTLE HIDES, WHOLE	NO	13.827	20.416	15.158	21.187
FURSKINS					
OTHER					
OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
HAIR, ANIMAL, EX WOOL OR FINE HAIR		•50 7	•814	• 483	• 7 4 4
SAUSAGE CASINGS	LB	1.890	1.651	1.926	1.811
WOOL, UNMANUFACTURED, INC FINE HAIR		2.024	3.373	2.713	4.449
OTHER					
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS		42.994	26.681	30.460	35.798
COTTON, UNMANUFACTURED	RBA	249.914	339.995	260.517	347.898
COTTON , RAW	RBA	264.358	355.882		
LINTERS	RBA	51.099	44.639	50.499	43.058
FRUITS AND PREPARATIONS					
CANNED	LB	•277	.286	•287	•292
CHERRIES	LS	•291	•454	• 45 4	•451
FRUIT COCKTAIL	LB	•287	• 289	•292	• 293
PEACHES	LB	• 2 4 4	•235	•247	•239
PEARS	LB	•267	.280	•271	•288
PINEAPPLES	LB	•290	•293	•324	•334
OTHER	LB	•345	• 368	•355	•491
DRIED	LB	•380	• 483	•349	•542
PRUNES	LB	• 3 3 5	• 393	•353	•451
GRAPES (RAISINS)	LB	•395	•58 7	•331	·867
OTHER	LB	•514	•571	•42b	•636
FRESH	LB	•148	•146	• 1 35	•130
APPLES	LB	•143	•163	•142	•154
BERRIES	LB	•268	• 262	•425	• 4 4 0
GRAPEFRUITS	LB	•100	•164	•097	•108
GRAPES	LB	•199	• 244	•293	•312
LEMONS AND LIMES	LB	•232	•167	•203	•137
ORANGES TANGERINES & CLEMENTINES		•121	•127	•118	•134
PEARS	LB	•149	•148	•171	•156
OTHER	LB	•199	•2ú5	.244	•276
FRUIT JUICES	SAL	2.384	2.418 1.905	2.550 1.906	2.546 1.810
GRAPEFRUIT GRANGE	GAL GAL	1.839 2.748	2.902	2.852	2.947
OTHER	GAL	2•/48 1•896	2.902 1.668	2.152	1.879
FROZEN FRUITS	LB	•261	•389	-288	•333
OTHER		• 201			
NUTS AND PREPARATIONS					
ALMONDS. SHELLED BASIS	LB	•917	•881	•917	. 929
WALNUTS. NOT SHELLED BASIS	LB	•390	•437	•35€	•501
OTHER					

CONTINUED --

TABLE 33 .--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PEP UNIT

		:	OCTOBER-	FEBRUARY :	FEBRUA	RY
COMMODITY	UNIT		75/76	76/77	1976	1977
GRAINS AND PREPARATIONS						
FEED CRAINS AND PRODUCTS	ΜT		120.517	110.931	119.688	113.207
FEED GRAINS	MT		120.347	110.693	119.526	112.977
BARLEY	BU		2.825	2.704	2.171	2.631
CORN	BU		3.081	2.811	3.086	2.879
GRAIN SORGHUMS	BU		2.885	2.714	2.681	2.783
OATS	30		1.678	1.760	•852	1.842
MALT AND FLOUR, INC BARLEY MALT	LB		•155	•142	•125	.157
CORN GRITS AND HOMINY	LB		.082	.075	.086	.077
CORNMEAL	C≅T		8.720	8.729	8.080	8.522
CORN STARCH	LB		•213	•203	•241	•195
OATMEAL AND GROATS	CWT		11.972	13.708	12.052	
DATMEAL & DATS+ POLLED+ ETC	LB		•172	•149	•155	•138
RICE	LB		•155	•137	.145	•142
MILLED	LB		•169	•141	•159	.144
HUSKED. BROWN	LB		•130	•112	•120	•114
RYE	80		3.115	2.664	-120	4.500
WHEAT AND PRODUCTS	BU		4.342	3.612	4.189	3.526
WHEAT	BU		4.331	3.581	4.181	3.531
WHEAT FLOUR	BU		4.536	3.922	4.514	3.406
OTHER WHEAT PRODUCTS	BU		5.222	4.472	6.645	3.796
BAKERY PRODUCTS	LB		•506	•495	•497	•467
DIETETIC FOODS	LB		•934	1.554	2.694	2.863
BLENDED FOOD PRODUCTS	LB		• 178	•169	185	≥•863 •194
			•1:0	•167	•183	•174
OTHER						
FEEDS AND FODDERS, EX CIL CAKE&MEAL						
HAY . FODDER . ROOTS . LUPINES . ETC	STN		77.945	95.651	67.333	84.082
CORN RYPRODUCTS. FEED	STN		107.235	123.830	110.312	120.239
ALFALFA MEAL. DEHYDRATED	STN		100.323	3(• 952	94.473	120.541
ALFALFA MEAL, SUN-CUPED	STN		85.347	180.934	111.381	127.368
ALFALFA HAY CUBES	STN		80.937	98.183	69.312	101.449
ANIMAL FEED. PREPAPED	SIN		268.306	302.077	271.936	352.850
OTHER						
CTLAFFER AND PROPULATO						
OILSEEDS AND PRODUCTS				430 005	4.47 0.07	
OIL CAKE AND MEAL	SIN		150.866	179.805	147.093	198.905
SOYBEAN OIL CAKE AND MEAL	SIN		150.346	179.790	146.443	198.651
OTHER	STN		161.283	180.198	179.377	207.166
OILSEEDS						
FLAXSEED	EU		6.755			
SOYBEANS	BU		5.410	6.915	5.691	7.242
SUNFLOWER SEED	LB		•130	•131	•131	•131
SAFFLOWER SEED	LB		• 1 06	•153	•085	•137
PEANUTS	LB		•307	•308	•317	•316
OTHER						
VEG OILS AND WAXES	LB		•270	•261	•226	•252
COTTONSEED DIL	LS		•269	•234	243	•215
SOYBEAN OIL	LB		•236	• 242	•18?	• 2 4 4
PEANUT OIL	LB		•489	.282	• 455	•225
OTHER	LB		•302	•358	•312	•3 7 5
PROTEIN SUBSTANCES	LB		-453	•490	• 773	• 442

CONTINUED --

TABLE 33.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

	:	OCTOBER-	FEBRUARY :	FEBRUA	RY
COMMODITY	UNIT	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
TOBACCO .UNMANUFACTURED	LB	1.548	1.659	1.510	1.665
BURLEY	LB	1.754	1.928	1.832	2.010
CIGAR WRAPPER	LB	7.073	6.808	6.811	7.752
DARK-FIRED KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE	LB	1.252	1.342	1.281	1.409
FLUE-CURED	LB	1.825	1.951	1.804	1.826
MARYLAND	LB	1.531		1.555	1.277
BULK SMOKING TOBACCO	LB	1.352	1.465	1.325	1.768
OTHER	LB	•271	•312	•235	•298
UTHER	LE	• 2 / 1	• 212	• 233	• 278
VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS		1.097	• 953	•950	1.184
CANNED	LB	•288	• 255	•282	•262
ASPARAGUS	LB	• 498	•555	•52C	• 680
CORN	LB	•302	• 269	.281	• 259
SOUPS	LB	•275	•316	•341	•327
TOMATOES, TOMATO SAUCE AND PUREE		•274	•306	•25°	• 299
OTHER	LB	•279	•215	•291	•228
PULSES	LB	.185	•177	•174	•177
DRIED BEANS	LB	•215	•170	•208	•169
	LB	•134	•166	•122	•161
DRIED PEAS, INC COW AND CHICK					
DRIED LENTILS	LB	•171	•227	•173	•241
FRESH	LB	•105	•096	.097	• 107
ASPARAGUS	LB	•382	• 384	•504	•505
LETTUCE	LB	.982	• 094	•070	.089
ONIONS	LB	•111	•094	•110	•124
POTATOES, EXCEPT SWEET POTATOES	LB	• 854	•068	• 072	• 0 7 0
TOMATOES	LB	•155	•169	•136	• 214
OTHER	LB	• 1 4 4	•151	•135	•152
FROZEN VEGETABLES	LB	•242	• 226	•253	•220
HOPS, INCLUDING EXTRACTS	LB	•972	1.939	• 791	1.080
SOUPS AND VEGETABLES, DEHYDRATED	LB	•530	•482	•506	• 423
TOMATO JUICE, CANNED	GAL	1.21.5	1.272	1.548	1.325
VEGETABLE SEASONINGS	LB	•490	•536	•545	•538
OTHER					
OTHER VEGETABLE PRODUCTS			,		
COFFEE	LB	1.054	1.869	1.183	1.784
DRUGS. HERBS. ROOTS. ETC	LB	2.908	3.362	2.090	1.268
		2 • 7 u o 5 • 5 · 1 7		5.045	4.723
ESSENTIAL OILS AND RESINOIDS	LB	5.537	5.728	5.045	4.723
FLAVORING SIRUPS, SUGARS, EXTRACTS					
HONEY	LB	•598	•634	•531	• 570
NURSERY STOCK					
SEEDS, EXCEPT OILSEEDS	LB	•490	•511	•437	•328
SPICES	LB	1.026	1.163	1.110	1.141
OTHER					

TABLE 34 .--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS TO EC (9): QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY

> HI do	- ·	FNALLO	OCTOBER	-FEBRUARY	in a	F2 410	13) 14. >-	BRUARY	ie .
		/76	- 2	• •	76/77 1/	976	- 6	976	1977 1
		THOOP	100	00 00	1,000 DOL.	5	THOU	0	00 000
FED GRAINS	Ε:	ന ന ന ന ന ന ന	90498	٦,	904798	1,639	616	0	85,7
	Ξ:	200	יו מי	75015	70	ຄຸ	Δı	4 L 0 0 0	ດຸ່ວຄຸ
	- 1- E 1	n a Ø ≺	- 4) o o u	ם המ	NR 84	n n	700	2000
	- J-	4	1-14	- 40	, ,	a .) (P .	200
CORN BY-PRODUCTS	Ξ Ξ	30	137	.76	. M	• 60 00	^	লে	.97
	Ξ	124	9	001	6	e e e	41	11,209	3,743
RYE GRAIN	E	00	0	6	,	0	0		
WHEAT GRAIN	Ψ	1,051	400	ത	58,675	23	86	14,183	2,783
EHEAT FLOUR	Ξ			23	,0	0	0	4	N
	-B	ø	W)	0	3,348	687	964	737	1,211
PORK, EX VARIETY MEATS	L 8	129	4	12	ທ	N	74	09	N
LARD 3/	90	-	44,521	~	7,865	1,135	4,671	626	230
DAIRY PRODUCTS	8	8		16	prof	8 8	8 9		7
POULTRY AND EGGS	0 0		0 0	Φ.	10,095	9		4,322	1,811
LIVE POULTRY		0	0	67	786	0 0		S	9
BROILERS AND FRYERS		2,126	1,415	1,127	90 m	431	735	363	-
SHEETING CHICKENS		10	4	មា	1				
	G0 		10,746	15,183	6,568	1,639	4 9 3 4 7	30443	905
CHEER FRECH POULTRY			4		-	ın	9		
FGGS		8 8	0.0	1,353	107			94	E :
OTHER	U U U	8 8	0 0	6	0	8 8 0	0	~	OI .
TOTAL VARIABLE-LEVY ITEMS	1		8	961,421	1,196,943	8 8	8	141,267	204,117
ONVARTABLE - EVY COMMODITIES									
4/	œ	6.00	546	140	O.	6	49	1.6	7.5
A COLLEGE SECTION OF THE COLLEGE SECTION OF T	0	9 6	1 4		4.40	9 6	0.0	• 0	0.4
FRUITS AND PREPARATIONS					55.4.68		0 8	10.032	10.189
FRESH FRUITS	L8	36,74	43.9		8,05	5,36	6 0 0 2	2.98	4.95
CITRUS	69	115,376	N	100	6,19	53	2	939	S
ORANGES AND TANGERINES	en En	18,85	5	-	73	914	1,65	16	4
LEMON AND LIMES	وه الـ ا	7,87	9		919	,32	980	មា	9
GRAPEFRUITS	9	8,48	-		-	\$0 ·	972	9	S
OTHER	L 9	16	199	22	ው	63	36		~
APPLES	ار 0	960	40		~	806	1,692	6	340
GRAPES	L 9	55	ū	•	30		-	Φ.	
OTHER	9	7,21	5,1	~	1,14	0	4	™	20
	9	460	E C		000	0	986	63	N
GRAPES (RAISINS)	9	3,65	6 9 4	ທີ	4 , 25	40	3,53	•28	4
PRUNES	9	2000	-		925	co -	00	949	-
	GD .	7,200	60406	2,764	9	0	074	60	11
FRUIT JUICES	GAL	400	96	0	900	a	Φ.	┣-	-0
ORANGE	GAL	800	М		+8+	909	9	• 16	,25
GRAPERCIT	GAL	40.0	0.4		00 1	ლ.	S.	Ф ·	0.
	GAL	51	w ·	ñ	9 76	*		4	16
CANNED FRUITS SA	20 G	930	י בי		OJ (91	10	-	In I
NATIONAL OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	D (4000	ا ا ا		979	n i	90	P 1	~ ·
PROTI COCKTAIL	30 G	3000	9 1		D) (n d	100	in .	9
	- L	11031	0000	30,100	7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	- F - V - V - V - V - V - V - V - V - V		0 c	9 0
STED STATE OF STATE O	9 6	4 1		0 0	900	D (ומ	-ı 0	W 4
	!		1	P .)	1		-	10

TABLE 34 .-- U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPURTS TO EC (9): QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

ts.	1977 1/	1,000 DOL.	18,272	3,666	1,894	1,772	2,875	985	•0	978	56	10,720	37,372	69659	211	30,501	265,529	26,722	25,845	876	-	228,237	0	6,135	3,315	186	2	en	3,124	18,756	ŝ	9,437	0	7,372		ŝ	459,224	663,341
JARY VALUE	1976	1,000 DOL.	9,252	2,332	1,740	592	10461	631	38	894	0	4,827	23,559	4,201	185	19,174	176,753	40,683	40,080	603	131,365	126,064	0	5,301	4,012	321	0	525	3,169	7,529	28,155	89493	7,261	9,412	0	25,250	308,740	450,007
FEBRUARY	1977 1/	THOU.		9,315	2,907	30408	11,686	1,847	68	1,758	0	8 8	0 0	297	28	0		250	246	*	1	029	0	8	12,449	1,32	0	2,215	8,910	47,053	20,249	19,982		18		8.	8 8 8	8
2400	1976	THOU.	i	19,413	10,824	8,589	37,719	5,295	52	5,270	56	-		332	22		8 8	123	119	4		850	0	9 0	10,016	978	SO.	เก	9 0 0 5 8	104,643	23,384	22,635	8 8	94	8 8	8 0		1
# # #	76/77 1/ 1	1,000 DOL.	121,568	20,622	13,080	7,543	39,983	99864	256	90966	2,168	46,931	108,878	34,388	1,186	73,304	1,342,004	237,925	227,636	10,289	1,084,122	995,014	0	89,108	15,972	2,233	113	35	13,593	53,077	166,513	53,599	52,026	63,905	125	189,854	2,261,703	3,458,646
OCTOBER-FEBRUARY	75/76	1,000 DOL.	6206059	17,875	12,711	5,164	3,611	6 9 9 4 3	305	4,638	1,257	18,223	63,207	11,870	1,107	50,230	1,074,053		209,887	10,234	824,396	762,784	3,332	58,280	26,491	4 9 9 0 8	ເກ	5,377	16,201	22,189	195,872	35,307	48,041	44,655	~	123,221	1,719,901	2,681,322
-	76/77 1/	THOU		108,841	72,354	36,487	560,739	51,665	601	51,064	2,539		8	1,654	160		0	1,216	1,159	57	8 0	3,900	0		51,986	9,164	712	99	45,042	315,013	111,202	135,266	1	044			1 0	1
DUANTI	75/76	THOU.	8 8	86,048	240443	31,604	25,057	13,898	740	9.1	1,390		1	936	221	1 1 1		1,326	1,257	99	0 8	3,863	12	0 0	88,263	19,563	12	21,095	47,593	134,689	134,824	86,162	8 8	380	8 8			
TINO				9	LB	L B	r. B	L B	9	LB	L 9			0 2	02	-		EΨ	Ξ	Ε	0 0	Ξ	E		L B	6	91	9,	91	L B	LB	E B	1	E		0 0	0 1	
COMMODITY			VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS	PULSE	ORIED BEANS	ORIEO PEAS	FRESH VEGETABLES	CANNED VEGETABLES	ASPARAGUS	OTHER	HOPS	OTHER VEGETABLES & PREPARATIONS	HIDES AND SKINS	CATTLE HIDES, WHOLE	CALF AND KIP SKINS	OTHER	OILSEEDS AND PRODUCTS	OIL: CAKE AND MEAL	SOYBEAN	OTHER	OILSEEDS	SOYBEANS	FLAXSEED	OTHER	VEGETABLE: OILS	COTTONSEED	SOYBEAN	LINSEED	OTHER	TALLOW, INEDIBLE	TOBACCO. UNMANUFACTURED	VARIETY MEATS, FRESH OR FROZEN 4/		CORN GLUTEN FEED	FOOD FOR RELIEF AND CHARITY	OTHER	TOTAL NONVARIABLE-LEVY ITEMS	TOTAL

1/ PRELIMINARY 2/ GRAINS, POULTRY, AND PORK WERE SUBJECT TO VARIABLE LEVIES BEGINNING ON JULY 30, 1962; RICE, ON SEPT. 1, 1964; AND BEEF AND DAIRY PRODUCTS ON NOV. 1, 1964. 3/ LARD FOR FOOD IS A VARIABLE-LEVY COMMODITY. WHILE LARD FOR INDUSTRIAL USE IS BOUND IN THE GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE (GAIT). AT 3 PERCENT AD VALOREM. U.S. LARD IS FOR FOOD USE. 4/ ALTHOUGH CANNED POULTRY AND PORK VARIETY MEATS ARE SUBJECT TO VARIABLE LEVIES, THESE CANNOT EXCEED THE AMOUNT OF IMPORT DUTIES BOUND IN CATT. 5/ VARIABLE-LEVY ON SUGAR-ADDED CONTENT.

TABLE 35.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY

		4	OCTOBER-	OCTOBER-FEBRUARY			FEBRUARY		ė,
COMMODITY AND COUNTRY		AC 75 75	111	VALUE	133	1076 GUANTITY	44	720	VALUE:
	•	, n	/1 //9/	1,000 DOL.	1,000 000.	0	77 1167	1,000 DOL.	1,000 DOL
CATTLE, LIVE	O Ž	92	4	34,061	25,695	13	ហ	6,981	3,228
CANADA		89	56	9,67	ိ်	•	0 ·	2,510	391
MEXICO		4	10	15,180	4,923	•			578
COSTA RICA		0	⊶ .	372	10177	0	0 "	21	171
VENEZUELA			-	1,246		0	0	176	54
BHAZIL		0	0	852	1,138	0	0	445	400
ARGENTINA		0	0	130		0	0	0	298
IRAN		-	~	1,314	•	0	-	0	653
KOREA # REPUBLIC OF		0	~	288		0	0	0	307
NAGAL		0	~	044	•	0	· ~	75	319
REP SOUTH AFRICA		-	0	1,286	52	0	0	0	0
OTHER		e	e	3,282	2,005	0	0	450	80
MILK & CREAM+CONDENSED OR EVAPORATED	Æ,	2,67	133	N	•	4.196	922	0	655
MEXICO		20,797	11,947	Ð	3,202		l Or	1,076	568
NETHERLANDS ANTILLES		16	15	9	141	0	0	0	0
TRUST TERR PAC IS		317	S	66	221	0	129	0	645
GUINEA		211	S	121	06	65	0	37	0
OTHER		1,329	1,224	451	484	240	128	68	₽#
	:							1	
FED TALEDO SKITE	2	\$0\$6T	57005	200	445677	- 1 C	100	ה מ	***
CANADA		062	09		22	891	ຄ	4	97
MEXICO		061		0D LG	135	\$6		+1	0
GUATEMALA		5	1,387	41	00.0	0	1,324	0	571
HONDURAS		14		17	204	9		0	0
COSTA RICA		0	1,016	0	169	0	1,016	0	691
PANAMA		18	723	6.	488	0	693	0	466
BAHAMAS		26	~	23	~	•	-	7	-
CAMAICA		99	0	35	0	0	0	0	0
CHILE		0	6,207	0	40126	0	2,167	0	1,456
SWITZERLAND		33	0	26	0	33	0	56	0
LEBANON		0	669	0	467	0	693	0	467
INDIA		0	10,895	0	06149	0	0	0	0
PHILIPPINES		107	4,120	129		0	52	0	62
HONG KONG		63	39	23	99	0	•	0	9
NAGAO		184	98	94	69	19	0	7	0
NEW ZEALAND		117	0	67	0	117	0	19	0
TRUST TERR PAC IS		30	e	22	m	⊘	0	-	0
TOROCCO		01	1,031	0	691	0	0	0	0
TUNISIA		0	830	0	466	0	125	0	40
EGYPT		0	1,206	0	608	0		0	0
OTHER		291	<u>د</u>	216	4,078	ල ග	1,030	31	269
LARD AND OTHER RENDERED PIG FAT	M.B	0	Ś	83	,50	979	4	2,374	3,251
CANADA		13,890	14,595	2,837	2,670		2	405	405
MEXICO		9	*	1	991	4,339	4,155	937	696

TABLE 35.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY--CONTINUED

COMMUDITY AND COUNTRY	# # I	9UA 75/76	OCTOBER-ANTITY 1/	OCTOBER-FEBRUARY Y 6/77 1/ 15/76 1,000 DOL.	UE : 1777 1/ 1	QUANTITY 1976	FEBRUARY 1977 1/ 19	1976 VALUE	1977 1/ 1977 1/
BELIZE UNITED KINGDDM: NETHERLANDS: BELGIUM=LUXEMBDURG POLAND OTHER		910 8,374 0 0 0 0 0	34,0662 5,864 11,190 1,664	1040 1040 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	6,255 6,261 777 777 8,366 4,32	4 9 1 1 6 4 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	316 1,135 0 6,610	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	126 230 230 0 0 1,496
TALLOW, INEDIALE MEXICO COLOMBIA BRAZIL UNITED KINGDOM NETHERLANDS	ع 8	788,338 22,140 20,447 51,861 25,748	1,065,173 25,149 32,4496 1,102 97,969		407000	9000	2 4 6 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	24,571 1,015 756 1,896	N 0 0 0
BELGATUM—LUKEMBDURG FED.REP.OF GERMANY SPAIN ITALY ITALY VOREA, REPUBLIC OF JAPAN ALGERIA NIGERIA		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	259,400 259,400 259,200 106,601 106,601 106,000 31,600	2 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	12.000 17.000 13.000 15.110 15.126 18.126 5.000	1100 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	30 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	######################################
BEEF AND VEAL® EXCEPT DFFALS CANADA BERMUDA BAHAMAS NETHERLANDS ANTILLES IRÂN ISÂNDI ARABIA HDNG KDNG OTHER	Σ 0	156 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	266,968 32,597 4,5537 2,5118 2,5118 4,613 16,043 6,043		0 0000M00404 0 000M00M0040F	0 00 4 4 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	54 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	29 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
PORK, EXCEPT OFFALS CANADA BAHAMAS JAPAN OTHER OFFALS, EDIBLE, VARIETY MEATS MEXICO UNITED KINGDOM: NETHERLANDS:	Σ Σ Γ Θ	98 98 98 11,000 11,000 12,000 12,000 13,000 13,000 13,000 13,000 13,000 13,000 13,000	116,818 79,927 2,057 26,499 10,341 179,940 16,393 33,982 22,524	51.00013 10.00013 10.000013 10.0000000000	92.524 1.693 1.693 27.311 7.647 70.908 11.9821 6.279	25. 13. 90. 13. 90. 13. 90. 13. 90. 14. 90. 14. 90. 15. 90. 16. 90.	20 14 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	23,291 8,167 13,731 1,104 1,462 1,962 1,9897 1,354	17.677 10.411 340 6,156 771 12.827 1477 1,345

TABLE 35 .-- U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMUDITY AND COUNTRY -- CONTINUED

4	1977 1/ DL. 1:000 00L.	03 90 5,227 42 416 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 1	010180004040001000000000000000000000000	13 11,932 13 328 13 328 13 328 14 896 16 896 17 231 15 231 16 231 17 2 548 11 2 558 11 2 558 1	15 231 15 231 16 23 17 796 17 796 18 128
BRUARY	1,000 00	4 H			2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
14.	1977 1.	10.565 10.563 10.562 10.562 10.563 10	, 60 H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	26,74	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
2	1976	1,0213 10,128 190 638 1,711	- CO - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C	15,000 2,529 1939 1939 1939 1,940 1,940 2,938 2,938 2,938 2,938	5,999 9,999 9,314 9,314 9,985 9,985 9,985
•••	76/77 1/ 1	4,987 26,210 2,001 1,031 7,423		01115 05950 10950 20980 20980 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090 10090	139,754 19834 1989 19642 4,217 4,217 114
~	J	18.501 18.501 18.502 18.501 18.501 18.501 18.501 18.501 18.501 18.501	0000000400000	31,9132 39,281 1,9870 1,023 1,023 1,023 1,558 1,558 1,055 1,	20,680 2,023 3,0
TOBER	76/77 1/	100013 61,390 6,330 2,533 10,279	3,688 1,268 1,268 1,268	151, 160 111, 160 112, 160 14, 466 17, 160 17,	0.000 0.000
	75/76	40600 2004600 2004600 200900 200900	3964 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	28,143 3,723 3,723 5,20 13,157 13,157 1,006
			Ο 2 Σ	ع 0	Z L B
VOTENICO ONA STROOMMOD		BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG FRANCE FEO.REP.DF GERMANY ISRAEL JAPAN OTHER	BAEEOING CHICKS CANADA MEXICO VENEZULA BRAZIL FRANCE SPAIN IRAN IRAN IRAN IRAN IRAN OHILIPPINES AFP, DF CHIVA(TAIWAN) UAPAN	POULTRY MEAT, CHICKENS, FRESH, FROZEN CANADA MEXICO BERMUDA JAMAICA JAMAICA LEEWARO-WINDWARD IS NETHERLANOS ANTILLES NETHERLANOS SINGAPORE HONG KONG JAPAN FR PACIFIC ISLANDS CANARY ISLANOS OTHER	POULTRY MEAT, TURKEYS, FRESH, FROZEN CANADA BERMUDA BAHAMAS UNITEO KINGUOM FEO.REP.OF GERMANY AUSTRIA SWITZERLAND ITALY

TABLE 35. -- U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMUDITY AND COUNTRY -- CONTINUED

			OCTOBER-FEBRUARY				FEBRUARY		
COMMODITY AND COUNTRY	E E	90ANTITY 75/76 76,	1TY 76/77 1/	75/76 76 0000 DOL. 1	16/17 1/ 11/ 11/ 11/ 11/ 11/ 11/ 11/ 11/ 1	GUANTITY 1976	11 116	1976 1,000 DOL.	1977 1/ 1977 1/ 1,000 DOL
HONG KONG LAPAN NIGERIA OTHER		792 472 279 2,780	1,644 1,989 4,806	390 322 127 1,859	7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	136 23 0 582	127 130 554 554	395	101 25 25 172
CATTLE HIDES, WHOLE CANADA MEXICO FRANCE FED.REP.OF GERMANY CZECHOSLOVAKIA SPAIN ITALY YUGOSLAVIA ROMEANA ROMEANA CATAIWAN) OTHER	9 2 2	9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	10 6 5 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1266.321 10.55851 10.55851 2.013 2.013 3.689 4.5718 18.305 4.5718 19.305 10.305	2	1	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	24,751 1,910,14 1,910,14 1,910,14 1,110,14 1,110,14 1,110,14 1,910	11.0000 11.0000 11.0000 11.0000 11.0000 11.0000 11.0000 11.0000 11.0000 11.0000
COTTON, RAW EXCLUDING LINIERS CANADA UNITED KINGDOM SWITZERLAND SPAIN ITALY INDIA BANGLADESH THAILLAND INDONESIA PHILIPPINES COREA, REPUBLIC OF HONG KONG REP, OF CHINA (TAIWAN) OTHER	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	94 " W " W " W W W W W W W W W W W W W W	1, 721 84 84 85 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86	262,770 11,9954 11,9254 11,0223 11,0223 26,036 26,0	6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	N -	30.37 30.37 30.37 1.05.00 1.05	1819 8819 8819 8819 8819 8819 8819 8819
FRUIT COCKTAIL CANNED CANADA PANAMA SWEDEN NOTHER NOS NETHER ANDS BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG FEO REP. OF GERMANY AUSTRIA SWITZERLAND	M L B	237 2000 1 0000 1 0000 2000 3000 4100 5000 1 1000 1 1000	380,323 18,823 10,823 10,450 10,080 10,452 10,173 4,229	100 50 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6	11,000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	3017 3017 1017 1017 1017 1017 1017 1017	~ u nn nn nu nu nu nu nu nu nu nu nu nu nu	1,0009 1,0009 1,400 1,00	2,21,2 9,99 3,4 4,3 4,1 7,5 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0

TABLE 35.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY--CONTINUED

> METALOGO ON A STRONG ON A ST		TINAUG	OCTOBER-	OCTOBER-FEBRUARY	e e	YEALNALIG	1	EBRUARY	, A1 . 1161
		75/76	76/77 1/	دُ و ا	~~	1976	/1 1/61	1976 1,000 DOL.	1977 1/ 1,000 00L
SINGAPORE LAPAN OTHER		287 1,5565 4,853	1,080 1,571 4,993	77 510 1,437	299 494 1,555	9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1	313 1,095 1,141	18 322 171	88 352 364
PEACHES CANNED CANADA SWEDEN NORWAY FINHANDS NETHERLANDS	٦ 8	48,436 1,913 1,913 1,117 1,177 1,421	53.860 20.0647 1.9557 1.057 1.057 1.858	11. 5,751 5,751 2,461 3,15 4,88	0.04 0.04 0.04 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	64 64 66 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68	11 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1000 1000 1000 1000 1100 1100 1100	1,223 1,223 1,223 1,223 1,223 1,223 1,223 1,233
TRANCE PED.REP.OF GERMANY UAPPAN OTHER		700K	10.4.77 10.946 5.863	១៤៦៧	29400 29406 19535	1,170 465 955	3,434	23.4 25.4 20.4 20.4 20.4 20.4 20.4 20.4 20.4 20	248 248
PRUNES, DRIED CANADA MEXICO VENEZUELA SWEDEN NORMAY FINLAND	Σ Θ		53,746 4,1746 1,4982 1,4982 1,9951	3444000 16887	04840	640 400 640 640 640 640 640 640 640 640	81 C E & E & E & E & E & E & E & E & E & E	0.010 0.010	2,882 2,882 1,41 1,41 2,15 4,5,5
DENMARK UNITED KINGDOM NETHERLANDS. BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG FRANCE FRO-REP.OF GERMANY OLSR SPAIN I ALY I ALALY					1, 20 9, 20 10, 40 10, 40 11, 40 11, 60 11,	1 1 2 4 4 3 9 5 1 1 5 4 5 5 1 1 5 4 5 5 1 1 5 4 5 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 5		. N 4N m 00000004 m 00000004 m	O 4 M O M P 4 M P
CRORNAYRORD CRORN	A 6			- N N M - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	20 2 30.00 2 30.00 2 10.00 2 1	- O 44040N400N	41 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6	0 0 4 N H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	116 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TOOTH GENERAL		0	v	•	0	ם ע ם	0	707	

TABLE 35 .--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY--CONTINUED

			OCTOBER-FE	FEBRUARY	-		FEBRUARY	ARY	
COMMODITY AND COUNTRY	TINO TINO	15/76 TS/76	4TITY 76/77 1/	75/76 000 00L*	15/77 1/ 1 1000 00L•	1976	97	76 00L	ALUE: 1977 1/ 1 1,000 00L
SWITZERLAND. JAPAN NEW ZEALAND. OTHER		24,148 1,021 6,628	748 12,174 372 1,791	7.404 7.494 6.35	5,258 6,258 374 1,106	6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	8 7 8 8 8 9 8 9 8 9 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1,747	230 144 143
GRAPEFRUITS, FRESH CANADA UNITEO KINGOOM. NETHERLANOS. FRANCE FRANCE CAPAN. OAPAN.	Σ Ω	010 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	24 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	010 010 010 010 010 010 010 010 010 010	00. R.4. L.0. C.0. C.0. C.0. C.0. C.0. C.0. C.0	154 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155	1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
GRAPEST CANAON SECEN SINGAPORE: INCONESIA HONG KONG CAPAN OTHER	E	111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 11	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	1911 1911 1911 1911 1911 1911 1911 191	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300	4 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	### ### ##############################
LEMONS AND LIMES, FRESH CANADA NETHERLANDS BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG FRANCE HONG KONG UAPAN	Σ.	01 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164	25, 11, 12, 13, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14	23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	200 100 100 100 110 110 110 110 110 110	0.044999 400040 400000 400000 400000 400000 400000	9 4 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
ORANGES, TANGERINES, CLEMENTINES, FRESH CANADA SINGAPORE. HONG KONG JAPAN NEW ZEALANO! OTHER!	₩ 1	3000 16200 1620 1300 1140 1140 1140 1140 1140 1140 114	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	19,406 10,606 10,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	00 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	362 372 372 372 372 372 372 372 372 372 37	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0
GRAPERUIT JUICE! CANADA. BAHAMAS UNITED KINGOOM! FRANCE! FEO.REP.OF! GERMANY	MOAL	A 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		4 N 6 4 8 8 0 0 4 8 8 8 0 0 4 0	8 0 0 4 0 H		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10000 6000 6000 1000 4000	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

TABLE 35 .--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY--CONTINUED

	** **	4	OCTOBER	-FEBRUARY	i i	914	- 1	٧٠	617
		75/76	76/77 1/	75/76 1,000 DOL	76/77 1/ :	1976	1977 1/	1976 1,000 DOL+	1977 1/ 1977 1/ 1000 00L*
SWITZERLAND. JAPAN OTHER		86 82 82	411	3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	208 321 832	6 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	410	12 64 68	1 98 166
ORANGE JUICE CANAOA SWEDEN NETHERLANDS FED.REP.OF GERMANY	MOAL.	9 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	12, 7,139 1,0439 1,0439 1,0439 1,0439 1,0439	27,002 14,253 3,283 9,82 2,010 6,474	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	300 300 300 300 100 100 100 100 100 100	88 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80
ALMONDS. SHELLEO BASIS CANADA SWEDEN UNITED KINGDOM FRANCE: FED.REP.OF GERMANY USSR JAPAN OTHER	₹ 00	52.089 2.089 2.089 3.089 16.090 12.089 12.080 12.080 12.080	64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 6	2003 2003 2003 2003 10973 159481 2004 11,602		3000 3000 3000 3000 3000 3000 3000 300	16°227 608 7469 7469 8°5997 1°553	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100
WALNUTS, NOT SHELLEO BASIS CANADA FRANCE: FEO.REP.OF GERMANY SPAIN ITALY OTHER	£	829305 39828 179767 229530 229530 229530	83,000 1,0559 19,0642 24,000 10,0478 20,058	32 32 32 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 3	36.0000 11.0000 12.0000 12.0000 13.0000 13.0000 13.0000	5,10 341 841 854 830 911	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,000 mm	1 0 0 2 1 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
FEED GRAINS MEXICO UNITED KINGDOM NETHERLANDS BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG FED.REP.OF GERMANY POLAND USSR SPAIN ITALY INOIA IONIA LONDNIFD CTRY-CAN I/S OTHER	⊢ Σ Σ	2		2, 559 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2,5512 255,053 1255,053 1355,033 1357,033 1357,033 105,050 105,050 105,050 105,050 105,050 105,050 105,050 105,050				
BARLEY Mexico	E E	232	637	30,111	103,919	m 0	8820	662	21,966

CONTINUED ---

TABLE 35 .--U.S. AGRICULTURAL: EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE: BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY ---CONTINUED

COMMODITY AND COUNTRY	# H	200	OCTOBER	-FEBRUARY	ALUE ALUE	YTTIMMI	PEBRUARY	>	
		75/76	76 76/77 1/	75/76	76/77 1/	1976	11 1761	. 6	11 776
DENMARK		c	30		909	c	c		
UNITED KINGDOM		• •	90	0	0	0	4	0	4.874
NETHERLANDS		e	46	599	9	m	32	599	4,062
BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG		0	16		~	0	0	0	
TED. REP. OF GERMANY		4.	167	5,446	9	0	64	0	5,608
GERMAN DEM HEPUBLEC		0 !	36		NJ .	,	0 0	0	0 (
		d ·	0 0	20100	٩	> c) c	0	0
			₽ 4		9 6	0	n c	9 6	190 64
I A D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D		40	16	- 69	S	0	0	0	
IRAN		18	96	4	6	0	27	0	3,317
REP. OF CHINA (TAIMAN)		5.5	14	ស្វ	5	0	0	0	
CAPAN		4	31	~	4	0	0	0	0
ONDRIFT CLASSICAN IND		- O	8 6	30 to 10 to	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00	00	00	O 10
	1 2	10.306	- c	00,066	990800	- 4		0	q
3		6.0	22	87,16	24.33	0 0)	11.51	9
UNITED KINGDOM		400	9 0 5	66	11,18	72	(N	8.18	5,01
NETHERLANDS		1,628	0	0.0	961	278	413	,31	25
BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG		27	83	03	89,20	40	-	5,87	2,69
FED.REP.OF GERMANY		2,245	-	87	• 53	282	60	3,45	5,21
POLYND		97	20	60	63,78	24	0	30 0 84	0,03
7000		9 6	N I	20 0	100	1,263	9 0	175	9000
		400	→ 0	9 6	מים	16.6	D 0	3000	400
		200	800	70.557	00000	- 6	170	00000	105.00
		299	اب (9	919	19	. e	65	3,29
KOREAPREPUBLICOF		286	emû	24	30	61	62	7,32	90
		1,9884	4	21	61	369	742	010	94
UNDNITED CIRK-CAN INS		73	68	67	66,65	- 1			
		1,688	2,406	67	9	27.9	328	32,357	37,033
GRAIN SORGHUMS, EXCEPT SEED	TWM	2,795	2,985	4	0006	67.4	771	50,550	84,499
VENEZUELA		83	131	001	9049	0	0	0	0
NORMA		9	**	2	23	0	0		
NET FEBRUSE		202	03 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180	<u>س</u> ا	5,24	4	6		63
BELGIUMPLUARMOUKG		P) 4	3 6	47.000	0000	34 C	n N	404	941
		D 10	7 10	9 4	0	⊃ <u>10</u>	0	- 40	0
PORTUGAL		9	181) (C)	6.50) (O		10
ROMANIA		0	135		47	0	100	0	75
H SRAPIL.		90	260	5	7,71	:: ମ ମ	99	4	-
4102		4	-	6 9		41	- 1	1050	-
SER SERVICE SE		10100	10001	1046221	7,846	N (4)	W (V)		201466
STAO	F	117	6	- 4	6.052	ď		- 4	uf uf
MEXICO	1		0	9		in ii	9	100	ה ה

		•	TOBER	-FEBRUARY	•		FEBRUAL	JARY		
COMMODITY AND COUNTRY	FINO			>	LUE	DUANTI	Ţ		VALUE	
		1 75/76	76/77 1/	7.9	76/77 1	1976	1977 1/	1976	197	
		•	•	1,000 00Li	1,000 D	•	1	00	8	
CASALCA		> :	-	09	-	0	0	56	•	0
ECCAOOR		9	0	765		0	0	0	9	0
		Ċ,		900	•	0	0	0	0	0
NE TENT DANS		(J)			1,06	0	0	0	•	_
FEO. REP. OF GERMANY		63	18	20962	~	0	0	0	0	0
SWITZERLAND		4	8		NJ.	0	0:	0	9	0
		9	0	5,216		0	0	0	9	0
ITALY		21		•		0	0		0	0
			13	159	1,0	0	0	36	43	erall.
UNONTRO CHRY-CAN INS		4	~	494	7	0	0			0
OTHER		1	-	198	~	0	0	9	11	_
RICE	MLB	9	4073	3,6	6	40	9 90	900	76	m
		000	2,76	1103	96	3,69	4,86	,23	2,003	m
UNITED KINGOOM		9,5	8,91	590	2	0000	1,84	970	N	_
		2,9	6,07	102	8,223	5973	13,378	+0+	1,729	•
FED. REP. OF GERMANY		960	6,15	2,8	20	4049	6,78	906	0	m
USSR		82,647	,56	9	9.3	5,98	•56	an-	3,122	O.I
IRAG		6,98		007						0
IRAN		19,2	85	692	ന	36	91	92	œ	m
SAUDI ARABIA		42,2	4,937	8,5	3+4	8,54	10,34	957	9	•
BANGLACESH		6669		394		0		0	0	0
			519,854		55,812	0	0	0	0	0
KOREA, REPUBLIC OF		2		9				0		0
		798	7042	6	0	•	3,23	ស	5,784	-
		17,777	480084	3,087	10 •	300	16,412	9 1		an i
		2000	000		0 4	er e	9 1 2	n c	മ	
		٠ ا	200	200	0 0. ~?	9	2006	N.	3 + 2 5	_
WHEAT AND PRODUCTS	MBU	-	- 0	53	1,227,221	82	650 659	309,280	36	in
VENEZUELA		ŝ		998	34,112	,62	67	56	2,19	in
CHILE		ô	•	4.1 , 88	30 + 387		96		-	in
BRAZIL		•		930	140412	N I	-0		-	ın.
		<u>5</u>		116	22,771	00 (692		2000	
THOUSE OF CHARAC		<u>,</u>		017	18,326	90	0		1	0
			-	50,000	O U	2D 4	27		1,20	n 6
		٩,	•	4 6		7 6	9/007		0 0	
T A A A A		•		100	4/0/4C	100	977		000	0 0
INDIA		D 6	ь (0 0	740077	- 0	C		0	
A TOOUT		5.740	80807	200	27.0665))	4.481	1 is	3.86	1
KOREA REPUBLIC OF		9	ь о	14.32	97,380	55	0 107	5,36	016	- in
CAPAN		6		4	169,265	8.416	072	41.274	2 0 1 9	m
ALGERIA				63,67	4					0
		+	- 6	989	65,713	8,325	01	64	15,143	er)
		9	•	920	43004	0 0 8	+ 55	183	961	m
の人とうとなるようには、これには、一つというというというというというというというというというというというというというと		18,	•	98	in a			1		0.1
OTHER		-	•	50	309,705	13,886	15,845	60,241	55,041	_

TABLE 35. -- U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY -- CONTINUED

			OCTOBER-FEBRUARY		-		FEBRUARY		
COMMODITY AND COUNTRY		75/76	76/77 1/	L & <	ALUE 76/77 1/ : 1,000 DOL.	OUANTITY 1976	1977 1/	1976 1,000 00L.	VALUE: 1977 1/ L. 1:000 DOL:
TARAT A STANDARD	MBU	499.424	319,411	2,162,906	1,143,935	72,517	57,773	303,162	204,001
OF ILE:		9.372	8.765	610010	28.966	•	_	Ū	C C
BRAZIL		43,702	3,952	189,115	14,124	9,210	0	36,723	0
		9,422	5,811	45,954	52,609	575	687	2,723	2,331
FEO.REP.OF GERMANY		19,518	5,790	88,163	18,319		0	40497	
POLANO		12,667	9	56,033	20,086	•	27	8+344	1
2000		91,198	51,094	363,129	2059574	4,107	51	16,664	1 10
		100	ò	00000	111014	•	•	301/0	•
A LOS H		60.577	16.645	2420410	59.817	15,928	\$ B B	67.341	1.611
PAKINTAN		10,967	6,319	43,908	20,698)	0		
KOREA, REPUBLIC OF		28,246	27,112	114,076	97,380	6,582	•	25,360	5,16
REPOOF CHIZA(TAIMAN)		6,256	7,055	30,310	24,190		3,086	4+330	18
APPAN		49,865	47,727	238,354	169,171	8,415	•	41,261	2,18
ALGERIA		12,074	1,508	63,674	•			0	1
EGYPT		14,793	16,537	55,797	•	8,302	1,929	9	S)
		66935	å,	29,232	43,531	1,086	•	4,838	101
UNICATED OF TANK		18,202	å,	90,850	0 0				
		819707	•	362,956	5410984	110708	13,214	50,374	44,368
WHEAT FLOUR	MBU	7,892	14,306	35,797	56,106	1,210	5,873	5,462	20,004
LAMAICA		107	311		96	60	38	4 8	172
LAMAICA		363	0	1,790	0	0	0	0	0
HAITI		142	88	724	468	Φ.	58	96	158
PRIC C		173	74	910			*	7	12
					104	0	98		44 (
ALBERT HOUSE		4,181	3,616	18,283	e 1	205		2442	ന ദ
ONE LAWA CENTON		76.	•	194	•	0	99467	0	3
		7 7 7	222		2 1	9 10	9	- 4	0
O C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		9 1	000	16667	n 4	6.1	9 14	7 6 4	
		1 40		-	14.423	۰ ۸	3.091) Œ	. 4
OTHER		1,787	2,444	8,250	6	322		1,543	-
ALFALFA MEAL . OFHYORATED	Z F	38	426	3.210	13,186	-	11	79	1.340
	•		î	l h		. 0	0		9
COSTA RICA			0	26	00	0	0	•	0
NETHERLANDS		വ	37	466	4.590	0	0	0	0
FRANCE		0	*	0	422	0	0	0	0
FEO. REP. OF GERMANY			9	361	96669	0	10	0	1,234
ZOLI		20	324	2,128	1,002	~ (rd (57	99
		4	-	0	6.1	•	>	22	050
ALFALFA MEAL, SUN-CUREO FEO.REP.OF GERMANY	NISE	@ FO	77	3,338	7,735	H 0	0:0	104	40

TABLE 35.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY--CONTINUED

SQFMCC ONA XHIOGEMOC	# LINI	NAUG	OCTOBER-FEBRUARY	- 3	# F	VITTAGE	FEBRUARY		(F)
		75/76	76/77 1/	▶ √C	111	1976	1977 1/	976	977
	•			1,000 00L.		-	-	1,000 000.	1,000 DOL.
REP. OF CHINA (TAIWAN)		0	2	4	300	0	0	0	0
		35	90	2,989	4,823	-	0	9	13
OTHER		7	~	0	42	0	0	20	11
ALFALFA HAY CUBES	MS12	34	7.1	2,767	6,981	*	12	249	1,168
CANADA			*	23	204	2		ው	-
MEXICO		-	0	_	,	0			
S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		o. ⊙	67	2,452	69697	N O	10	152	1,148
3			•			-			(
CAKE AND MEAL	<u>Σ</u>	0000	70107	3140380	3/44/2	0 4	416	00000	02000
			94	- (1	Ĉ	1 4	N 4	יין ב	
NETHERLANDS		4 4	340	6.195	, e	•	6	90	-
BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG		129	99	_	10,185	11	5	ເດື	2,235
FRANCE		392	104	58,349	ů	61	90	6	-
FEO.REP.OF GERMANY		582	510	O.	•	96	56	0	ೌ
CZECHOSLOVAKIA		65	73	8,149	ô	31	11	6	~
SWITZERLAND		33	57	•	۶	e .	-0	144	
POLANO		111	178	Φ		~	80	Ø	7,549
SPAIN		96	96	13,677	e .	15	•0	107	•
ITALY		222	215	w		e0	17	Š	3,098
YUGOSLAVIA		61	25	8,686	\$	37	0	7	,
NA TAN		01	100	~		0	80	1	169329
01HFR		185	508	28,697	6	<u>ෆ</u> ෆ	16	4,558	
SOYBEAN OILCAKE AND MEAL	ZLOE	1,986	2,028	958	6.9	392	305	- 40	9
CANADA		3	125	96 40	S	23	52	9	5,418
NETHERLANDS		(L)	327	4 , 22	E • 7	4	en i	មា	4
BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG		127	99	96	00	10	15	4	ر م
TANCE		9	401	8,10	n on	19	30 Y	60	ľů.
THOUSE CHANGE OF THE CHANGE OF		7) 1		5005	e (0 -0 (D •	n •). (D 1
CECTOVICOVE		n (m (1	0 0	ي د	77		5 .
		n 0	, 10	70		า <	→ √	7 0	d r
		0 0	2 4			2	9	4	• •
> T = 1		000	2 5	9 6	ייינ	9 00	12	, 0	3000
YUGOSLAVIA		19	200	8.56	. 4	37	•	5.1	
NAGA O		0	100	41	9 9	0	82		2
OTHER		193	233		N.	31	13	4,211	394
FLAXSEED	D B E	675	0	4,562	0	0	0	0	0
NET TEXT AND		90	0	9	0	9	>	>	3
PEO-REP-OF GERMANY		207	0 (200	0	0 0	:	9 0	9 0
マート マインターと これしている		7 4	> <	200	> <	> <	> <	» c	· c
		n - C	> C	9	> C	> C	o i C	9 0	• •
		•	>	•	•	•	,	•	

TABLE 35 .--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS! QUANTITY AND VALUE: BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY--CONTINUED

TABLE 35U.S	∢ .	GRICULTURAL, EX	EXPORTS! QU	DOANTITY AND	VALUE: BY COM	COMMODITY AND	COUNTRYCONTINU	NTINUED	
		10	OCTOBER	CTOBER-FEBRUARY	<u>.</u>	0	FEBRUARY	2	ý
COMMODITY AND COONING	200	75/76	16 76/77 1/	75/76 1,000 DOL.	76/77 1/ : 1,000 DDL.	1976	1677 17	1976 1976 1900 DDL+ 1900	1977 1/ 1900 DOL.
SOYBEANS	мви	277,793	295,014	1,502,748	2,039,931	52,193 81	59,915	265,726	433,906
MEXICO			8,191	8	55,165	0	70	0	482
DENEARK THE PROPERTY OF THE PR		-	4,671	40,930	33,075	•	2,141		15,558
		69.643	60.516	377.426	418,700	13,317	12,100	68,576	87.901
BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG		9.459	8,769	45,905	58,768	1	-	60	9,418
TO ANOTHER STATE OF THE STATE O		4,357	11,211	22,491	79,238	•	3,717	6	27,654
		3,330	18,665	16,800	130,257	2,397	4.871	12,218	34,697
SPAIN		26,508	22,675	137,050	159,502	•	5,607	ê,	41,084
I SPARIL		20105	20690	31,757	40.6556		1 299	000000	9.551
REP. DF CHINA (TAIWAN)		18,301	13,317	108,127	91,224	•	1,942	19,880	13,647
NAGAT		50,874	52,651	282,358	361,302		11,956	S	84,561
UNDNIFU CTRY-CAN I'S		17,363	16,197	37,870 93,532	47,187	7,644	2,918	38,773	21,585
	Ø	230.194	256.765	61 4846	60.193			LC	17.285
CANADA		Š	4,589	-	•	7		4	22
DDMINICAN REPUBLIC		ທີ	-	•					
VENEZUELA		19,468	64,673	5,111	15,597	15,432	29,800	3,974	7,142
			3046		-	1 . 322	N C	320	_
FED. REP. OF GERRANY		•	551		147		0		0
SWITZERLAND			•			40409	•	1,098	59
ZYGAT			18,364	•			69393	491	1,569
AUSTRALIA		,	Ψ;					4	Φ,
2 E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E		3,312	5,289	1,038	1,568	786	168	234	287
SOYBEAN DIL	MLB	•	S		•	120,229	96,677	61	9
CANADA			19,252	•	44410	*		.50	• 1
D F A I CO		ŝ	60	Z+640	222		> 0	f	o v
			11,821		2,892	2.972	2,872	646	720
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC		6	9.422		2,203		•	0	2,004
COLOMBIA			25,541		5.744				655
ECUADOR		16,063	69.595	3,746	24029	10048	ď	1,562	- 4
CHILE		9	130443		34110	• •		• •	7
YUGOSLAVIA		•	0		0	0	0	0	0
ZEG		24,257	2:	06848	17,991	ហ	200	CJ C	11
2			•	ő	2 2	80.334	0	15,343	000
BANGLADESH		35,	•	10.01			10		0

TABLE 35 .-- U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY--CONTINUED

			:	OCTOBER				FEBRUARY	:	
COMMODILY AND COONING		15/	76 76	76/77 1/	75/76 1,000 DDL.	76/77 1/ : 1,000 DOL.	1976.	1977 17	1976 1,000 DOL.	1977 1/ 1977 1/ 1,000 DOL
AUSTRALIA MORDCCO TUNISIA OTHER		15°	91 99 99 99 99 99	21,335 1,687 301 31,756	3,589 1,550 1,708 3,090	5,302 308 101 9,352	2,068 8,993 2,370	9,750 0 140 5,418	1 + 550 5 50 5 8 8	2,694
TOBACCO. UNMANUFACTURED SWEDEN DENMARK UNITED KINGLOM NETHERLANDS FED.REP.OF GERMANY SWITZERLAND ITALY THAILAND PHILIPPINES REP.OF CHINA (TAIWAN) JAPAN AUSTRALIA EGYPT OTHER	ALB	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	52 1116 1116 1116 1116 1116 1116 1116 11	520 1 640 1 640 1 1 640 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	8 4 4 4 4 4 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	800,400	88.810 11.710 11
BURLEY TOBACCO SWEDEN FINLAND DENMARA NETHARRANDS FRÂNCE F	T.	un du du un un	8	11	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	41	2,211 89 79 79 79 79 79 79 110 110 137	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4,051 137 128 128 1,028 1,028 1,028 1,008	12,00 10,00
FLUE-CURED TOBACCO DENMARK UNITED KINGDOM NETHERLANDS FED-REP.OF GERMANY ITALY THAILAND REP.OF CHINA(TAIWAN)	E B	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 9	220 310 310 310 310 30 310 30 310 310 310	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	43000 13000 6130082 619067 259572 189520 229186	36-90-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-	6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	66°46 8°4716 8°4716 8°480 9°411	67°871 4°264 9°609 1°116 1°266 11°726 8°901

TABLE 35. -- U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY -- CONTINUED

				•					
COMMUDITY AND COUNTRY	HI N	9UAN.	OCTOBER- FITY 76/77 1/	FEBRUARY VALUE 75/76 76, 1,000 00L. 1,0	16/77 1/ 1	GUANTI.	TTY FEBRUARY 1977 1/ 19	76 00 00 00L	ALUE: 1977 1/ 1 1,000 00L.
JAPAN AUSTRALIA EGYPT OTHER		82°568 6°864 1°568 47°968	66,530 4,828 5,460 4,915	172,874 13,055 3,118 83,589	151,781 10,136 11,504 90,834	11,092 680 1,405 10,472	730 730 12,549	22,865 1,162 2,882 18,772	1,534 5,930 23,509
MARYLANO TOBACCO. NORMAY NETHERLANOS BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG FRANCE: FROOREPOOF GERMANY AUSTRALIA OTHER	Z D	4 4 0 0 9 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	80000 m 4 m 0	10000 F	M 40 40 60 64	M M M
BULK SMOKING TOBACCO CANADA OOMINICAN REPUBLIC ECUAOON UNITEO KINGDOM FED. REP. OF GERMANY CZECHOSLOVAKIA SMITZERLANO: IRAN IRAN OTHER	E C	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0	1	8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 3 3 4 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS, CANNEO. CANADA MEXICO PANAMA NETHERLANDS ANTILLES VENETURE AND PREPARATIONS, CANNEO. PANAMA UNITED KINGDOM: BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG FRANCE: FR	Σ B	004 0000000000000000000000000000000000	13 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9				00 400 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	RUM 44 M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
PULSES CANAOA MEXICO OOMINICAN REPUBLIC	<u>z</u>	00 P	318,923 13,618 6,720 6,050	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	25.9983 29771 1,014	52.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	4 6 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	8 6 6 2 4 1 0 3 1 0 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

TABLE 35 .--U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE: BY COMMODITY AND COUNTRY--CONTINUED

VATIOUS GNA VIIGOMMOO	FINI	LENAUG	OCTOBER-	FEBRUARY	000 00 L	TARRO	7 YE	BRUARY	
		75/76		75/76 1,000 DOL.	~~	1976	4	1976 1,000 DOL.	1977 1/ 1900 DOL
COLOMBIA		9	8,05	-	926	9	928	-	0
VENEZUELA UNITED KINGODA		440,384	36.875	3,852	7,210	10,686	10.4000	1,5271	716
NETHERLANDS		9,32	3,01	929	933	13	2,66) h-	47
FRANCE		064	5,07	960	960	CV.	951	198	•
FED. REP. OF GERMANY		190	5,94	,12	046	0	640	8	C/J
ZHECOS		6,53	906	913	486	46	934	-	00
		180	9 6 6	92.	9 60	0 0	(C)	235	00 (
		200	6 1 1 0 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	776	200	7	35	(2)	4 C
(Z		6,11	0000	.77	013	. 48	3.665	- 40	463
ALGERIA		100	970	69	952	7,279		,11)
OTHER		7,64	1,38	,51	958	649	10,763	3	1,868
BEANS, DRIED .	W (8)	925	200	, 11	935	9 91	190	-	0
CANADA		956	11,805	vO.	~	2,423	2,418	54	506
MEKICO MARIAN MA		6,510	-	981	99	-	663	285	08
		2000	4	2 7	H	C	> 0	P	
VENEZEEA AEPOGLEC		0 0		100	1 A	N M	75	~ 0	C4
UNITED KINGOOM		979	18,007	- W	3,633	927	5,379	10197	983
NETHERLANDS		1,69	609	98	92	4	922	7	C
BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG		740	0 4 4	43	89	4 1	71	dD 1	N :
T X X X C FIG. O		9 6	กา	VI∢	ก⊲	മെ	100	000	0 -
		000	~ 40	P 40		u .	- 4	A C	4
Z-V-Z-		60	9) v3	600	244	の	6	100
GREECE		ന	1		•		3	0	16
ISKAMI		19	2,7	0	62	7	21		3
Z		7,65	0 6	06	•	30411	Ġ.	437	406
		9 6 8		Φ.					
		0469	27,663	41	LE6 64	N 0 40	4,192	999	118
PEAS, INCLUDING COW AND CHICK, DRIED	ML 8		,76	8,674	O.	15,306	-4	14871	2,875
CANADA		486	923	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	 -	0	41	୍ଷ .	មា
40 10 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			000	÷ (D -	17	760	ė e	4
		0	70	q	4 4	12	20 G	- 6	4
BRAZIL		4.56	1048	D IO	18	20305	A -	0.00	
UNITED KINGDOM		556	.78	2,144	NO.	986	0	(7)	906
SPAIN		2,01	4,36	3	(V)		43	0	75
Zer		11	9 1 8	en :	45	0	01	0	0
A TOUT		- 8	060	0 4	00		4		2 6
APPLOT CHICAL		37.	40000	004	D 60	0.0	A + 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4	V C	101
		440	1.04	870	999	78	9 4	0	100
OTHER		0	។ ហេ ។ ហេ	2010	(n)	2,795	D ~ (465	301
)						

VALUE: ; QUANTITY FEBRUARY VALUE: 1977 1/ 1976 1977 1/ 1976 1900 DOL- 1,000 DOL-	15,154 35,665 37,253 2,508 3,299 75 14,024 33,295 33,741 2,059 2,635 15 640 521 1,461 116 277 10 458 732 988 172 188 11 407 115 441 19 88 11 625 1,003 621 142 111	\$2	11.91704 8.300 1.6009 1.01 4.34 8.30 1.6009 1.00 3.53 3.70 1.54 8.35 3.363 9 2.099 0.275 9	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
	139.69 119.69 119.69 100 100 111			
0UANTITY 6 76/77 1/ 75/7 6 1900 00	17-1 15-2 15-2 15-2 15-2 15-2 15-2 15-2 15	0 m m 400 m 40 m m m m m m m m m m m m m	12.00 10.00 10.00	
90AN.	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	000	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	10 - 20 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 4
S S S	Σ Φ	POTATOES ML8	₹ ₹ 0 00	
COMMODITY AND COUNTRY	FRESH LANOS ONG	TATOES PRESH EXCEPT SWEET POTATOES CANADA BAHAMAS BAHAMAS CHILE SWEOEN NETHERLANDS BEGIUM-LUXEMBOURG FORTUGAL ITALY ALGERIA OTHER		PERUTUA BORILI BRAZIL: UNITED KINGOOM: IRELAND CZECHOSLOVAKIA USSK
	LETTUCE, FRES SWEDEN SWEDEN NETHERLANDS HONG KONG OTHER	POCTANOES PANAMA BAHAMAS TRINIOADS CHILLE SELECTORN SELE	CANADA CANADA CENEZUEL CANADA CENEZUEL CANADA CENEZUELA CENEZUELA CENEZUELA CENEZUELA	BORNERS CONTRACTOR CON

1/ PRELIMINARY

NEW CLASSIFICATION EFFECTIVE JAN. 1, 1976 EXCLUDES TURKS, CAICOS, AND CAYMAN ISTANDS. 7/2

NOTE: NNO = 1,000 HEAD OR PIECES
MLB = 1,000 POUNDS
MRBA = 1,000 GALLONS
MARL = 1,000 GALLONS
NMT = 1,000 METRIC TONS
NBU = 1,000 BUSHELS
NSTN = 1,000 AHORT TONS
ZERO Quantities indicate none or less than 500 units.

U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS UP 47 PERCENT IN FEBRUARY FROM YEAR EARLIER

U.S. agricultural imports in February, valued at \$1.1 billion, were down less than 1 percent below January's level, but about 50 percent higher than a year earlier. Imports of noncompetitive products--mainly green coffee, cocoa beans, and rubber--declined from the January level. The 4-percent decline in coffee imports in February was the first downturn since last September.

Competitive imports rose slightly with large increases occurring in the value of sugar and vegetable imports. The winter freeze contributed to the largest monthly imports of vegetables in two years.

Agricultural imports totaled \$5.1 billion for the first 5 months of fiscal 1977, compared with almost \$4 billion for the year-earlier period. Green coffee accounted for most of the increase, mainly because of price rises. The 12-percent increase in coffee import prices in February to \$1.71 per pound was greater than in other recent months. The February price was more than double a year earlier.

Production estimates of world coffee for export in 1976/77 are below the previous year. 1/ Coffee rust fungus was reported in Nicaragua in November, the first outbreak of the disease in Central America. Steps were taken to prevent further spread of the disease, and Nicaragua's crop is not expected to be significantly affected. However, if the disease is not brought under control, future crops could be adversely affected in Central America. Since the United States normally depends on Mexico and Central America for over 20 percent of its annual imports of green coffee, any reduction of crops in these areas could have a major impact on U.S. supplies and consumer prices.

Within the next few months, major decisions will be made on U.S. sugar trade policies which could significantly affect future U.S. sugar imports and consumer prices. In mid-March, the International Trade Commission reported that continued U.S. imports of sugar could seriously injure U.S. beet and cane growers. The Commission recommended that a quota be placed on imports. The President has 60 days to decide whether to accept this recommendation. If the President does not accept it, Congress can override his objection with a majority vote.

It is estimated that U.S. imports of meat (mainly fresh and frozen beef and veal) subject to the Meat Import Law will increase in 1977. 2/ U.S. beef and veal production is expected to decline in 1977. Also, the 1977 quota of beef and veal of 581,000 tons permitted under the voluntary restraint program is higher than the volume allowed under the program in 1976. For the first time, Canada will be covered under the quota program.

^{1/} Foreign Agricultural Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Foreign Agriculture Circular, Coffee, Jan. 1977.

^{2/} Foreign Agricultural Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Foreign Agriculture Circular, Livestock and Meat, Feb. 1977.

Commodity	Oct.	-Feb.	: Change	Febr	uary	Change
	1975/76	1976/77	:	1976	1977	
	Million	dollars	Percent	Million	dollars	Percen
Complementary	:					
Bananas, fresh	96	124	+29	17	21	+24
Cocoa and chocolate:	:			:		
Cocoa beans		174	+8	22	47	+114
Cocoa butter		40	+54	6	12	+100
Cocoa cake, powder, and chocolate	23	48	+109	4	11	+175
Coffee, green or crude	723	1,590	+120	166	385	+132
Coffee, soluble		94	+71	7	25	+257
Orugs, crude		50	+28	9	9	
Essential oils	21	31	+48	3	5	+66
ibers, unmanufactured	9	11	+22	2	1	- 50
Rubber, crude:	:			:		
Rubber, crude, dry form	: 159	215	+35	29	40	+38
Rubber, latex	: 17	22	+29	3	4	+33
Gilk, raw		2	- 33	<u>1</u> /	1/	
Spices		50	+19	-6	_9	+50
Cea, crude		47	+34	6	9	+50
Nool, carpet		10		: 1	3	+200
Other complementary products		79	+34	12	20	+67
Total complementary products	1,476	2,587	<u>+75</u>	293	601	+105
0 1 1	:			:		
Supplementary						
nimals and animal products:	75	98	121	11	1.0	
Cattle and calves		141	+31 +17	16	12 20	+9
Hides and skins, including furskins		71		23	26	+25 +13
Meats and meat products, excluding poultry:		/ 1	-,	• 23	20	+13
Beef and veal		325	+6	53	77	+45
Pork		176	-21	34	31	- 9
Other meats and meat products		17		• 4	2	- 50
Sausage casings		14	+17	2	3	+50
Wool, apparel		24	-8	6		-17
Other animals and animal products	67	79	+18	:l <u>i</u>	1 ⁵	
Total animals and animal products	925	945	±2	160	187	+17_
	:			:		
Cotton, raw, excluding linters		10	+233	<u>1</u> /	<u>1</u> /	
Reeds and fodders		29	+45	4	6	+50
Fruits and preparations		118	+34	16	26	+56
Grains and preparations		63	-15	11	11	
Nuts and preparations	65	78	+20	9	12	+33
Dilseeds, oilnuts, and products:	94	99	15	21	27	120
Coconut oil	•	80	+5 - 22	21 20	27 14	+29 -30
Palm and palm kernel oil	•	15	-22 -21	20	14	-50 -50
Olive oil, edible	•	73	+66	9	16	- 30
Seeds, cut flowers, & nursery stk., excl.	•	, 3	100	•	10	+70
oilseeds	46	51	+11	8	10	+25
Sugar and molasses:	•			•	10	123
Sugar, cane or beet	487	353	-28	92	76	-17
Molasses, inedible		34	+10	14	6	- 57
Cobacco, unmanufactured, incl. bulk smoking	•	128	+21	27	26	-4
regetables and preparations		211	+21	48	62	+29
Vines and malt beverages:	:			:		
Wines	126	147	+17	18	25	+39
Malt beverages	2.0	58	+53	7	10	+43
Other supplementary vegetable products	69	66	-4	10	11	+10
makel - male make made and	2.512	2,558	+2	476	526	+11
Total supplementary products	•			•		

^{1/} Less than \$500,000.

Table 37 .--U.S. agricultural imports by selected commodities

Live animals, excluding poultry	880,664 537,274 124,731 1.44,4 1,444 1,444 1,444 1,444 1,444	Value 1975/76 : 1,000 dol 102,798 546,174 306,815 222,482 120,287 13,608 74,060 74,060 117 50,422	51 3	Quantity 1976 : 1 Thousands 117,260 89,648 22,918 17,260 89,648 22,918 22,918	1977 : ands 149,521 123,281 22,560 22,560 22,560 18 18 18 18 18 18	1976 1,000 1,65 90,52 53,09 33,98 33,98 11,31	10e 1977 dollars 6 14,831 4 110,143 3 76,593 3 76,593 3 76,593 9 11,017 9 11,017 1 2.510
Thousand Thousand 540,374 144,388 540,374 144,388 21 780 30 1,752,079 1,519 1,660,885	 580,664 537,274 124,731 124,731 16 1,444	20 00 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	 4,276 7,567 4,723 6,454 9,838 1,167 3,405 1,83 1	976 89 89 22	149,521 123,281 22,560 22,560	1976 1,000 14,65 90,52 53,09 33,98 16,43 11,31	1977 11ars 11ars 110,143 76,593 30,546 19,588 4,427 11,017 11,017
Thousand 707,108 540,374 144,388 21 780 136 1,752,079 1,519 1,519 1,660,885	580,664 537,274 124,731 124,731 16 1,444 73	1,000 102,79 102,79 546,17 222,48 120,28 13,60 74,06 74,06 23,24 50,42	124,276 517,567 324,723 176,454 139,838 24,167 63,405 63,405 183 184 10,421 52,517	Thouse 117,260 89,648 22,918 17,888 888 22,918	ands 149,521 123,281 22,560 22,560	1,000 14,65 90,52 53,09 33,98 16,43 16,43 2,64 11,31	14,831 110,143 76,593 30,546 19,588 4,427 11,017 11,017
707,108 540,374 144,388 21 780 nn 136 1,752,079 1,519 nn 1,519	580,664 537,274 124,731 1,444 73 1,444 73	102,798 546,174 306,815 222,482 120,287 13,608 74,060 117 23,241 50,422	124,276 517,567 324,723 176,454 139,888 24,167 63,405 63,405 183 183 284 10,421	117,260 89,648 22,918 22,918 	149,521 123,281 22,560 22,560	14,656 90,524 53,093 33,983 16,436 2,649 11,319 33	14,831 110,143 76,593 30,546 19,588 4,427 11,017 11,017 2,510
707,108 540,374 144,388 144,388 21 780 21 780 136 1,752,079 1,519 1,519 1,660,885	580,664 537,274 124,731 124,731 16 1,444 1,444 173 1857,998	546,174 306,815 222,482 120,287 13,608 74,060 117 23,241 50,422	517,567 324,723 176,454 139,838 24,167 63,405 183 183 10,421 52,517	117, 260 89, 648 22, 918 17 88 88 22	149,521 123,281 22,560 2,433	14,030 90,524 53,093 33,983 16,436 2,649 11,319 11,319 33	14,031 110,143 76,593 30,546 19,588 4,427 11,017 11,017 2,510
540,374 144,388 144,388 21 780 136 1,752,079 1,519 1,519 1,660,885	124,731 124,731 10 1,444 73 10 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	306,815 222,482 120,287 13,608 74,060 117 23,241 50,422	324, 723 176, 454 139, 838 24, 167 63, 465 10, 421 52, 517	89,648 22,918 22,918 1/ 88 22 22	123,281 22,560 22,560 2 433 433	53,093 33,983 16,436 2,649 11,319 133	76,593 30,546 19,588 4,427 11,017 1 96
144,388 144,388 11,752,079 11,752,079 11,519 11,660,885	124,731 16 1,444 73 1,444 73 	222,482 120,287 13,608 74,060 117 23,241 50,422	176,454 139,838 24,167 63,405 183 284 10,421 52,517	22,918 1/ 88 22 	22,560	33,983 16,436 2,649 11,319 33	30,546 19,588 4,427 11,017 2,510
21 780 136 136 1,752,079 1,	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	120,287 13,608 74,060 117 23,241 50,422	139,838 24,167 63,405 183 284 10,421 52,517	1/ 88 22	433	16,436 2,649 11,319 1	19,588 4,427 11,017 1 96 2,510
n: 21 780 136 136 1,752,079 1,	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	13,608 74,060 117 23,241 50,422	24,167 63,405 183 284 10,421 52,517	1/ 88 22	433	2,649 11,319 1 33	4,427 11,017 1 96 2,510
nn 21 780 136 1,752,079 1, 1,52,079 1, 1,510	1 57	74,060 117 280 23,241 50,422	63,405 183 284 10,421 52,517	1/ 88 22	433	11,319 1 33	11,017 1 96 2,510
21 780 136 136 1,752,079 1,	1 57	117 280 23,241 50,422	183 : 284 : 10,421 : 52,517 :	$\frac{1}{88}$ 22	2 433 18		1 96 2.510
780 136 1.752,079 1, 1,752,079 1, 1,519 1,	1 57	280 23,241 50,422	284 10,421 52,517	888	433		96
136 136 13752,079 1, 1,519 1,519 1,519 1,519 1,519 1,519	57,9	23,241 50,422	10,421	22	18		2.510
1,752,079 1,	57,	50,422	52,517	1)	3,571	
: 1,752,079 1, : 1,752,079 1, : 1,519 1,519 1,519 1,519 1,519	57,	75% 737			1	7,714	8,410
: 1,752,079 1, : : 1,519 : 1,660,885 1	57,	10+6+07	325,265	1	-	42,447	60,345
on: 1,519		96,384	123,764	300,294	321,578	17,164	21,398
n: 1,519	1	174,323	210,500	-	1	47,753	62,005
1,519	1 1	563,191	424,728	1	-	111,600	87,297
1.660.885	1,882	487,275	353,482	319	439	91,523	76,028
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	627,924	1,116,609	2,120,055	318,782	341,639	226,577	516,007
1,068,574 1,	1,087,390	722,706	1,590,128	230,660	225,752	166,417	385,021
276,321	197,928	160,644	173,754	36,722	48,157	21,860	46,898
	!	22,228	30,855	1	1 1	3,829	6,154
13	11	1,754	1,399	П	2	102	250
44,945	· •	163,700	205,167	7,259	9,613	24,790	34,926
132,881	124,772	105,976	128,488	32,815	27,351	27,233	26,046
	:	880,87	70,548	!	1	22,949	25,598
Soybeans	1 1 7	23,4/4	38,723	-		5,318	7,778
	(£ .	20				2
35,1	29,893	33,313	34,125	7,671	6,754	7,468	7,869
		3,745	11,087	5	7	583	203
1 005 005	9,165	2,/11	1,753	1,512	1,535	359	38
1,305,964 I,	.078,316 .667,109 	234,795 182,148 172,293	227,341 238,174 209,045	229,845	222,619 125,037	46,682 33,760 31,688	49,665
E		2 007 050	17.5 107				
10td		3,701,700	. , , , , , , , , ,	1	1	708,620 1,127,186	,127,186

Table 38.--U.S. agricultural imports: Value by months, October 1967 to September 1977

1976/77	811.4 971.7 1,095.6	2,878.7	1,139.3								
1975/76	828.6 804.9 768.3	2,401.8	817.5 768.6 960.3	2,546.4	4,948.2	895.7 847.6 1,020.1	2,763.4	957.9 931.6 913.7	2,803.2	5,566.6	876.2
1974/75	740.9 837.3 965.6	2,543.8	810.9 693.9 749.0	2,253.8	4,797.6	761.9 688.4 827.3	2,277.6	762.1 687.7 945.3	2,395.1	4,6/2./	789.2
1973/74	712.2 862.5 778.6	2,353.3	786.9 819.4 984.2	2,590.5	4,943.8	877.8 890.1 841.7	2,609.6	897.9 854.1 751.1	2,503.1	5,112./	838.0
1972/73	573.6 547.7 550.2	1,671.5	648.9 615.3 658.9	1,923.1	3,594.6	696.5 786.5 664.4	2,147.4	635.0 720.4 639.8	1,995.2	4,142.6	644.8
1971/72	302.5 298.2 540.2	1,140.9	575.6 591.6 506.6	1,673.8	2,814.7	489.5 529.0 520.6	1,539.1	471.6 563.7 547.1	1,582.4	5,936.2	494.7
1970/71	480.3 442.9 522.3	1,445.5	506.6 419.7 499.6	1,425.9	2,871.4	554.4 477.9 529.8	1,562.1	489.0 555.1 650.5	1,694.6	3,256./ 6,128.1	510.7
1969/70	469.1 411.2 481.8	1,362.1	491.0 457.5 523.9	1,472.4	2,834.5	514.5 443.5 499.4	1,457.4	461.7 463.8 469.0	1,394.5	5,686.4	473.9
1968/69	396.0 419.4 419.8	1,235.2	208.6 315.6 474.8	0.666	2,234.2	487.9 438.1 430.0	1,356.0	434.0 407.7 398.6		4,830.5	402.5
1967/68:	376.3 379.7 388.3	1,144.3	414.7 402.4 369.7	1,186.8	2,331.1	439.5 434.3 386.7	1,260.5	438.6 442.1 460.3	1,341.0	4,932.6	411.1
Months	October	October-December	JanuaryFebruary March	January-March	October-March	April	April-June	JulyAugustSeptember	•	April-September 0 October-September $\frac{3}{3}$	Monthly average:

1/ Monthly totals for July-Dec. 1969 do not include furskins. 2/ Preliminary. Oct. 1976 data excludes coconut oil imports. 3/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Table 39.--U.S. green coffee imports: Quantity and value by country, October-February 1975/76 and 1976/77 and February 1976 and 1977

	Value	1977	1,000 dollars	0 70	2,889	402	3,764	9,773	11,277	13,773	3,467	22,404	3,220	9,958	1,266	13,862	1,496	662	5,139	61,362	٥.	243	11,927	0	1,666	4,709	18,318	•	4,545	~	385,021
ary	Va	1976	1,000	17,100	17, /21	862	97,657	11,720	3,690	2,682	3,337	6,363	1,694	1,937	1,395	3,833	8,561	1,402	1,869	23,464	1,328		2,723	278	2,164	1,169	3,778	6,543	044	1,708	166,417
February	ti ty :	1977	spunod	0 000	1,983	301	1,988	6,042	6,097	8,146	2,118	12,392	1,786	5,062	673	8,372	1,053	363	4,772	32,618	0		6,503	0	1,037	2,683	12,400	2,281	2,684	3,677	225,752
	Quantity	1976	1,000	32,196	19,3/2	1,536	40,322	14,962	5,534	3,385	4,472	8,297	2,574	2,425	2,157	7,498	12,712	2,056	3,188	30,044	1,758	70	3,719	578	3,255	1,712	5,951	8,465	691	2,667	230,660
	Value	1976/77	1,000 dollars	-	434,099	3,654	16.052	43,610	75,912	71,252	17,120	93,794	8,206	22,980	9,018	43,570	39,166	10,998	19,333	167,341	7,494	20,160	51,674	225	25,383	15,555	79,406	10,368	25,960	19,187	1,590,128
ebruary	V	1975/76	1,000	66,474	6,798	2,480	6.577	30,585	16,180	12,654	19,813	34,067	5,531	3,549	12,994	26,677	44,004	7,303	2,608	78,760	1,977	6,342	19,882	278	11,097	5,945	27,649	15,872	10,437	10,868	722,706
October-February	ity	1976/77	spunod	132	15,847	4,335	9,607	26,258	54,631	45,459	12,078	63,230	5,514	14,423	6,389	35,436	30,782	8,502	18,945	98,446	4,835	15,341	33	196	19,912	10,177	67,205	6,119	19,554	-	1,087,390
	Quantity	1975/76	1,000 p	137,705	12,008	5,285	8,789	42,146	26,246	17,914	28,481	47,308	8,560	4,965	20,818	57,460	63,484	11,020	4,412	104,504	2,663	8,657	30,628	578	18,032	9,168	48,128	21,283	16,525	16,130	1,068,574
	Country			Angola	Burundi	Cameroon	Costa Rica	α	Ecuador:	El Salvador:	Ethiopia:	Guatemala	Haiti	Honduras	india	Indonesia	lvory Coast:	Kenya	Malagasy	Mexico	Nicaragua:	Papua-New Guinea	Peru	Philippines:	Rwanda	Tanzania	Uganda	Venezuela	Zaire	Other	Total

Table 40 -- U.S. imports of meat under Public Law 88-482 1/:

Quantity and value by country,

October-February 1975/76 and 1976/77 and February 1976 and 1977.

Country	October-	February	Febr	uary
Country	1975/76	1976/77	1976	1977
:		1.000 r	ounds	
:				
Australia		226,821	41,066	48,638
New Zealand	74,975	77,206	11,494	23,803
Canada	22,394	30,885	7,658	8,622
CACM:				·
Costa Rica		22,430	4,800	5,950
El Salvador	4,124	3,693	161	241
Guatemala	19,264	15,842	978	2,253
Honduras	20,436	15,140	1,371	3,101
Nicaragua	28,606	24,928	1,255	4,869
Oominican Republic		4,283	1,389	534
laiti	-,	679	38	51
reland		0	505	0
fexico	,	31,550	3,647	4,776
Panama		1,041	181	189
Belize	-,	0	0	
Mited Kingdom-No. Ireland		145	0	0
Mizeea Kingdom No. Zielana		143	0	0
Total	470,222	454,643	74,543	103,027
		····		
		<u>1.000</u> d	dollars	
Australia	117.342	124,659	21,726	27,710
New Zealand	38,726	44,702	6,233	13,403
anada	•	18,337	4,839	5,207
ACM:	13,031	10,557	4,007	3,207
Costa Rica	18,135	14,318	2,994	4,143
El Salvador	,	2,290	106	167
Guatemala	13,387	10,866	701	1,632
Honduras	12,114	9,500	905	
Nicaragua	,			1,984
Oominican Republic		16,000	776	3,267
aiti	- ,	2,482	760	329
reland	,	495	22	36
fexico	7,070	0	243	0
anama	13,216	17,656	2,413	2,914
Belize	1,774	583	112	104
Juited Kingdom-No. Ireland	0	0	0	0
Milea Kingdom No. Heland	0	87	0	0
Total	256,370	261,975	41,830	60,896

^{1/} P.L. 88-482 (1964) provides for import quotas on fresh, chilled, or frozen beef, veal, mutton, and goat meat. Fresh, chilled, or frozen boneless beef accounted for more than 90 percent of the import volume in 1969-75.

TABLE 41 .-- U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY

CCMMODITY	LIND	8948 7577€ THOU•	OCTOBER-FI WIITY 76/77 1/ THOU.	EBRUÁRY VA. 75/76 1,000 DOL.	: 75/77 1/: 1,036 DOL.	GUANI 1976 THOU•	FEBRI 1977 1/ THOU•	UARY VA 1976 1976 1960 DOL.	LUE 1977 1/ 1•600 Dot.
ALL COUMODITIES	8 8	1 0	8 8	42,483,800	54,180,100	8 8	0 1	8,551,600	10,544,400
WOWASBICULTURAL CUMMODITIES	1 1 1	8 8	8 8	38,495,842	4001.34003	0 0 0	8 8 8	7,282,980	9,417,214
ASRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	1 1	1 1	B P E	3,987,958	5.145,107	1	0 0	768,625	1,127,186
Complete Revises	1	- 1	1	υ 32	86.62	1 1	- 1	2.70	1 = 36
NA A		2 0 0 7	66.2	96+38	123,76	6.5	73	17.15	21 • 39
PLANTAI 15, FRESH		55,35	56,45	2,60	3,14	8.56	9 9 3 6	41	(M)
BANANAS, FLANTAIUS, DRIED ON PREPARED		12,030	13	۲		€.1	3	158	500
GREEN		8,57	1.39	2,70	0,12	994	\$ 75	,41	5,62
CONTRES SOLUSIES EXTRACTS	e: e	25,78	7,72	• 1.9 0.00	• 36	(C) L	•57	r- 1	N) (
S KUASIEU OK	m a	1/924	62632	22.4	77 441	4 + 15	5,21	3.05 2.05 2.05	
COCOR SEATURE	บ บัต	2000 C	7 C	50,000	0 · 0	9 / V	9 LU	* C C	1007
COCOA - POSSER - CAKE	n m	3 4 5	0 4 7 0	3.19	7.93	τ α • α	000	• 4 7 √ 3 €	1971
0.	0 m	0.00	3,36	1,32	1,55	667	7.76	• 57	8 2 1 C
DRUSS, HERBS, ROOTS, LEAVES, ETC	a	6,23	66.60	9,18	9,76	992	932	80	0.05
	0.: -1	• 06	925	0,59	1,24	9	92	420	• 49
IBERS, EX COTTON, JUTE	t_T,	2.2	2	906	1,29	4	2	971	9.33
		1							
ACCOMPA ON TONA	m (MG (4.5	9 4 C	476		113,675	200	00 6
X pl (7) - 4 (1) - 4 (1) - 4 (1) - 4 (1) - 4	ar c	00 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	4961	00 1	1,57	0,16	က တ က ၊	000	949
STIME OF STATES	<u> </u>	2912	\$ C	ا د د	1 C	946	· ·	925	α
3 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	n a	000	1 7 4	2000		; t	7 4	0 10	16
OFFURE STACK INGREDIES	r a	24.897	17 T 6 C 0	17.416	20.416	0 1 40	010611	157.50	74300
SEARS	3 _	67	04.0	4004	0.0	16	0 0	- 0	1 LC
	<u> </u>	6.45	7.35	20	0000	α σ	1 7	1 00	0 6
TEA CRUDE OR PREPARED	9	03	•21	. 50	. 02	0	9	• 19	97
COOL, UNMANUFACTURED, FREE	919	1,01	8969	7,63	9977	1,45	2,29	917	\$83
OTHER	j 0 5	- 1		(C)	• 08		8	d 4	67
SUPPLEMFNTAPY	1	-	ŀ	2,512,147	2,558,485		8 8	475,911	525,821
AVIMAL AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS	8 8	-		24,90	44,61	1 1		6 ก 🌢 ป	7907
ANIMALS, LIVE	1	Î	-	979	4,27			14,65	14,83
• DUTIABLE	NO	397	599	2,54	32	52	63	0 + 34	0,86
CAITLE FOR BREEDING, FREE	0,7	7-7	4	2,76	3,54	-	7	45	75
TORONG TO STATE OF THE STATE OF	2	41	4 .	977	•27	←1 (91	Q (0
I E C	0	-	-	P- 02 #	900			_ (NI
			0	2000	46		1	7 7	<u>-</u> كا كا
つ つつ こうこう はくはして こうしょく はして こうしょく はして こうしょく はんしょく	0	1 -	7	0 7 7	• . С . О . И	l d	1 5	γ ς	0 -
SLUE MOLD. INCLUDING ROCUFFUR	n c	07 6 7 0	2006	7	4.17	7.5	004	0 6 0	70 6 7 3 4
1) (i)	01	96	• 45	408	7 0	683	- 10	379
EDAM AND SOUDA	ر ا	3,963	4,214	4,463	5,238	393	414	461	546
CAMENTHALEP OR SUISS. INC GRUYERE		•62	994	• 98	• 78	9	4,505	5	5,15

TABLE 41.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

COMMODITY	. TIMU		TITY	V	LUE	QUAN	TITY	V A	!
	• •	~	76/77 1/ THOU•	75/76 1980 BOL•	76/77 1/ 1,900 DOL.	1976 THOU.	1977 1/ THOU•	1976 1,000 DOL.	1977 1/ 1,000 DOL.
ROMANO, REGGIANO, PARMESANO	1	943	937	7,32	5,29	0	+ 05	9	0.0
LX	ന പ്.	0,953	8,527	10,062	12,838		1,552		2,347
	n c	48-	90	υφφυ παπτ	7945	4 1	920	1 V	2 2
	9 9	1,72	1,23	65	43	57	. 6	00) - -
	0	i	1	5,03	79	- 1		7	40
SKINS + INCLUDING FURSKINS	-	1	1	906	•54	1		4	25,598
	<u> </u>	4 34	27	130	200	1	4 (L	m (
	1) a	0 -	0.0	900	4 U V			4 4	_ 0
	э с — L	1 1-	N IO	3.18	4 • 55	1	7 1) M	.7.7
				975	920	1	-	4	0 0
	!	- 1	- 1	3,05	2,60	-		71	61
	<u>@</u>	07,13	80,66	46,17	17,56	7,26	49,52	0,52	0,14
	Ľ.	922	4964	6,37	61,97	•54	3,902	,83	1,89
	an :	49937	37,27	06,81	972	9964	23,28	3909	• 59
	m d	4000	1977	32,99	40,916	1000	13927	φ ω ω	C + 34
	n 0	0.04T/	ちつきてひ	6261	35917 10.36	0	00 · u	1074	1001
٥	o (r		2 2 4 7 7 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 € 0 E	0 ا 1 ه 1 ه	0 0 0	0 0	• L D	4 C
	د ا	4 9 3 0	4973	2 4 8	6 9 45	.91	• 56	9 6 8	50.0
	m	11,90	8,43	13,09	5,91	2,12	1,92	1,69	1,19
OCND OCOOKED	2	3,87	5 0 0 3	1,71	3,62	9 O 8	941	9.3 B	• 38
	ر ا	8,61	00	196	€.	0	2,222	00	LO I
- 1	ec -	αî •	1,06	1,76	1,20	989	978	666	• 65
nencis	1 2		1 -	3968	4916	175	120	964	442
	200	Cr	t u	• 5 7 8	7 5	- K	715	xo d	~ a
RUDE. SORTED	1 1 1	- 0	•17) 4	, ←	1.289	1 • 435	1	0 0
	വ പ	○		68	64		M	រ	15
	β Ω		- 1	9	1	- 1	-	94	N
	0 0	0	0 0	466	•25			~	œ
	د ا	0	9	96	\$ 25	198	119	αĊ.	~
(C) {	"	1 1	1 1	900	0.5	1 .			N V
O TENTAKUD	1: U	0 0	6 C	9 7 0	9 C C	7 4	2 2	വ	ں 0
2) 	2 I		- ∩	7 4	1 I		200	O IC
	<u> </u>	€	4 2	1 = 1 3	1.92	15	252	19	47
	- E	· C	1 x	9 6	100) 4	0 6 4	4	
	: an	4	4	17	4		(M)	M	
	8 8	0		1,72	3,88		- 1	•79	908
FREE	6LB	25,689		70	24,353	6,213	49460	6,296	5 + 039
	-		1	•23	8.5	1		9	\Box
	8	!	!	1,587,247	1,513,868	!	!	315,821	338,749
	8 B A			4	00	ស	4	00	203
	K 60 00	1.3	N -		10,085	m c	(C) P	4 4 2 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	37
	101			7			7	7	0

	ŀ	-	OCTOBER-FE	BRUARY	1	-		RY	L
	- ••	75/76 THOU.	76/77 1/ THOU.	VALU 75/76 1,000 DOL. 1	76/77 1/: 1,000 DOL.	1976 1976 THOU.	1977 1/ THOU. 1	1976 1976 .•000 DOL• 1	1977 1/ 1,000 DOL.
FRUITS AND PREPARATIONS	0 9 0	- 1	- 1	•62	3.9		1 1	~	• 65
PPLES, FRESH	F.3	991	965	2	• 34	~	4	54	∞
PPLES.	- L	1,517	5,541	305	1,094 1,048	546 219		118	282 565
BERKIES. BLUEBERRIES. FRESH GR FFOZEN	LB	•75	•72	,16	4	_		N	
RRIES, FRESH	<u>e</u>	•16	6946	• 08	•57		9 45	882	- 00
STRANBERRIES, FPOZEW	<u>m</u> .	0.000 € 0.000	404	943	446	•12 0	C) 1	1 1/2	909
CANDIED OR GLACE FRUITS	r e	1,924	15,425 3,406	1,023	1,850	161	2,556	1000	224
	0	E N	7. 75	~	ti ti	C	7	2	- 1
73	n n	0	4.78	ο α 1	* 0 P D	7. r. ⊃ 0.	D 0	വ	
ORANGES FRESH	دى ئ	46,970	79,797	4 • 888	94246	1,655	14,942	300	1,0004
OTHER	LE E	4,22	5.02	66	66	58	94	0	13
DATES	LB	•18	•84	\vdash	9	\sim	4,319	3	4
ISS mines	<u> </u>	497	486	• 43	9 78	83	374	30	
ADDI CICES:	<	i.		(-	4	7 6	٢	0
	1 <	4 -	NW	• 0 - 7 17	0.4%0	19426	1 4 2 5 7	D 0	200
ORANGE CONCENTRATED	O O O	96.0	1 4	9 00	10	1.0	2.685	C) M
2764VZNId	< <	3.79	5.5	9 60	3.5	\sim	9.6	34) 4
OTHER	4	+07	22	2,436	2,107	34	139	. (1)	٠,
FRUIT PEEL, PASTE AND PULP	<u>n</u>	14,045	14,454	†∪	967	3,219	3,579	719	963
RESH	<u>e</u>	•25	•25	36	75	G.	929	M	\Box
1	ø∵ (⊒) .	9.02	933	1,559	1,621	4 (459	S	4
MANGUES, EPESH OF PREPARED	m c	1954	1,006	4 0	300	69	36	90	0 4
	5 K	6 4	n o o •	110	14797 041	C + a + C T	620 621	V	+
	1 1	7947	00.0	200	926	•13	986	_	9
PINEAPPLES, CANNED	6	O.	5	0.0	06	C/J	34,779	· 🗅	
PINEAPPLES, PREPARED, EXC CANNED	æ <mark>l</mark>	2,17	1,83	53	5 4	91	58	23	17
STHER	-	0	8	• 34	9,22		1	\leftarrow	4
NUTS AND PPEDARATIONS	1 1		1	65,444	78,141	1	-	•73	946
OKAZ 1 L	ш (8915	7966	3,92	4,993	9 1	53	000	4 2
のえばものなっ	т. с	0.0	C O	9 6 9	φ .	x - y	0.0449))	3968/
COCONUT WEAT. FRESH OF PREPARED] <u>@</u>	1 9 9 5	7 • 7 5	, C a	1 CO	- P.	5.157	U C) U
	n en	3944	5,27	5.55	3,62	4	6.0	3 6	45
PISTACHE	<u>ه</u> ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	945	177	• 22	+53	α	2,173	495	•26
O HEEL P	1 1	1	1	3,14	6,969	0	8 8	54	2,29
GRAINS ARD PREPARATIONS	1 1		1	908	940		1 1	\vdash	•01
1	<u> </u>	-	4.	0666	전 전 -	α .	464	184	69
CONN. EXC SELD	0.8	7.83	744	999	946	4 1	146	S -	، ن
U 40) c	D 0	4 4	541	6/2	56	191	1 + 1	_ (
THE TAKE THE] e	Q.	1	- w	1 C C	φ c	4 0 c	00	9 V
TOUR SET) N		7	116	4 00 14	ు చ	÷	· -	
WHEAT GLUTEN	LB	4.29	3.928	968	0,21	,19	989	906	•76
BISCUITS, CAKES, WAFERS ETC	8	32,627	34,133	22,049	24,035	5,636	5,697	3,179	3,459
READ C	1	1,003	2014	• 14	3,28	,15	•57	00	99
BREAD YEAST-LEAVERED	m 	•15	•81	845	447	C)	G	16	14
								Ö	ONTINUED

TABLE 41.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

COMMODITY	: : INO	9UAN 75/76 THOU.	OCTOBER-FE	BRUARY VAL 75/76 1,000 DOL.	: 76/77 1/: 1,900 DOL.	QUANT 1976 THOU.	FEBRU. 1977 1/ THOU.	ARY VALU 1976 1,000 DOL• 1	E 1977 1/ •000 DOL•
			•	ì	(,	•	•	
MACAKONIO OFABRELLIO ELC	ב	112642	501657	10 6 0 F	704	44143	00464	0 4 6	X) 1
A THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT		1	1	20611	2960	1	1	1966	α 2 3
OILSEEDS AND PRODUCIS	1 4 1 6	1 7	;	4000	4 t	"		916	D 1
OIL CAKE AND MEAL	2	- 1	- 1	1 0	90		7	10	1 2
AND CILYO	-	7	1 0		V • 0	ıc		106	
MISTABLED	n 0	400	t 0	ט ני	200	21	9 6	⊣ 0	170
SOUNDARD OFFIC	n a) t	V • V	7 6	9 4 0	4 6	0 0	9 0	, Q
	0 F	7161	7 € 10 € 10	7 6	2 6	ά Ω	+	45062	78987
ALMET OURS AFFO	- a	1 0 0 1	9 0	α - C	0 4	ر ۲	u		~ 0
	9		1	٠.	3.41		1 1	909	.57
내	LB 1	1,305,964	1,078,316		M	276,845	222,619	46,706	49,665
BABASSU OIL	L8	1.7	31	14	7	9	c	0	
CARMAUBA MAX	L3	•24	•17	+04	904	∞	8	9	_
CASTOR OIL	LB	29,62	52,04	7,03	8,49	5,30	• 20	1,24	4,96
COCONUT OIL	LB	4	9	996	• 02	9	8 9 79	3	26,650
OLIVE SIL, EDIBLE	F.B	27,07	25,65	8 ,94	4 980	3,11	2 9 68	2,10	1,48
PALM OIL	LB	5,24	4,62	0 \$ 20	5,06	•34	• 39	• 48	• 65
PALM KERNEL OIL	LB	9,37	2,59	2,72	5,27	•29	0 + 03	646	•51
RAPESEED OIL	م ا	• 55	959	• 24	0.0	വ	4	9	9
SESAME OIL	en :	1,11	1,82	000	956	32	37	ထေး၊	31
TUNS OIL	6 1	931	•14	978	950	4	2,205	_	2
OTHER	LB	3,25	8 9 0 6	3984	5946	980	4	99	69
SUSAR AND RELATED PRODUCTS	1 :	1:		915	2/6	1 .	1 1	0 0	9
SUGAR CANE OR BEEL	S	1951	1,688	8/924	50948	51	\$ t	1452	2069
MOLASSES INEDIBLE	6 A L	150,160	121 184	1939	3497	51,9888	22 • 54 4	4932	966
AND SIROF	ī 0	7 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0 6	0.1	70	+ 0	4 7
HONEY TOTAL TRODOCTO	n m	400	700	0	7 0 C I	t o	ИR	5 K	- σ
SHEC	3		- 1	\ 0	4 6			4 4	51,0
VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS		- 1	- 1	3 (5 5 6	i	- 1) L	4 0
FRESH OR		٠							
(3	LB	,71	991	0	•53	4	• 53	7	0
BEANS	e5 -1	9,13	9.62	94	С	993	16	Œ	-
CARROTS	e Le	57,61	52,45	960	% %	9,71	9 4 4 0	27	72
CUCUMBERS	ස 	1,989	184	S	941	88	• 79	∾ .	0
DASHEEMS	en .	1951	1,968	9.38	957	950	9 9 8	9	S
EGGPLANT Garian	۵ ن ـ ا	67	ပြင့်မှာ	φ , α ,	α ι	6 9883	•51	378	00 (0 00 4 10 (0
GARLIC	<u>.</u>	981	96	4	ς,	906	23	∞	-
LETTUCE	m (7 4 1	75		14	α,	4 (1	
SNOINO	e .	9/	31	0	4 to	940	49	1,137	9
7. T.	n (6 4 2 4	1964	4 4	0 · 0	5956	5951	9	Ω (C
L	2 E	ς Ω •	760	φ.	9 L 9	T 0 6	126	V C	J 1
POLATORNA ETITE OR IKINE	ء - د	13	+ L	, 0	י ט	N 4	n d	D (2 0
NGUASH HOME HOND	ם ם	7 =	3 3 4	1967	910	169548		ν ς Ν ς	1953
THRNIDA OR RHIABABA	S F-	N O	XX	09460	39892	· ·	07.0	70464T	1.010
0	-	4 I	- 1	69	.47	1 1	4 (37	
									UED

TABLE 41.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

COMMODITY	: LIVO	RUAN	OCTOBER-FU	EBRUARY VALUI	ы	QUANT	FEBRUARY ITY		
	••	75/76 THOU.	76/77 1/ THOU.	75/76 1,000 DOL. 1	76/77 1/ •200 DOL•	1976 THOU.	1977 1/ THOU• 1	1976 •800 DOL• 1•	1977 1/ 1000 DOL.
ORIED:									
BEANS, INCLUDING MUNG	LB	46	16	6	986	2,511	0	567	7
CHICKPEAS	LB	962	•54	614	2,123	59	3	11	7
MUSHRODMS	LB	\leftarrow	€	3	9448	53	N	221	00
PEAS, EXCEPT CHICKPEAS	E G	20045	3,996		716	381	1,395	86	257
OTHER	1			2,390	3,633		-	227	7
PREPARED OR PRESERVED:									
ARTICHOKES	LB	966	9 6 6	6	• 05	2	501	335	224
ASPARAGUS	F B	52	939	69	28	14	197	69	122
BEAN CAKE, CURD	LB	• 0)	,17	7	735	9	223		143
CASSAVA,FLOUR,STAPCH,TAFIOCA	LB	U + D O	,20	• 31	•52	96	11,293	7	1,609
HOPS, INCLUDING EXTRACTS	LB	954	946	5,27	2,69	7	694	,13	826
MUSHROOMS	LB	1	17,011	73	4		5,010	53	942
OLIVES, IN BRINE	GAL	• 55	6,22	9,72	9,29	847	16	983	61
SNOINO	1.8	983	• 0.7	• 36	•54	\vdash	550	3	290
PALM HEARTS	L8	2.9	758	14	485	94	287	5	184
PEAS, INCLUDING COMPEAS	LB	•86	•92	•55	9 33	0	854	3	256
PIMIENTOS	٦	61	37	45	3,154	20	•43	689	874
SOUPS AND SAUCES	LB	666	989	984	998	•59	27	\vdash	1,462
STARCH, POTATO	LB	934	7967	49	765	S	• 13	~	118
TOMATOES	L _B	•62	• 39	• 95	• 0 8	30	• 48	9119	•68
WATERCHESTNUTS	L8	\$55	•41	2,80	2,50	66	• 80	1,513	1,058
OTHER	1		-	14,82	18,91	1	1	2,64	3,91
OTHER VEGETABLE PPODUCTS	!	:	-	7,84	0,14	!	:	973	941
BROOMCORN	STW	5	9	• 08	444	ч	-	•15	• 01
CUT FLOWERS	-	1	-	• 84	• 05	1	1	117	• 70
	LB			1,32	1,80	239	329	19	63
FEEDS & FODDERS, EX OIL CAKE & MEAL	J	-		447	• 45	-	:	3,727	96
FLAVORING EXTRACTS		-	-	• 74	913	-	!	• 0.5	•64
JUTE AND JUTE BUTTS, UNMANUFACTURED	(ED LTN	7	80	1,444	• 52	2	-	9	269
MALT LIGUDRS	SAL	21,053	29,379	• 79	•22	3,810	4.804	990	987
WURSERY & GREENHOUSF STOCK	1	:	-	5,51	7,73		:	• 53	•86
SEEDS, EXCEPT OILSEEDS	a)	8,26	6,15	2,71	9,88	9 O 1	• 98	•13	•23
SPICES	L 9	1,12	3,81	933	•25	,16	115	600	• 78
TOBACCO. UNMANUFACTURED	LB	2,88	4 ,77	2002	8 + 48	8	7,35	7,23	5,04
TOSACCO LEAF, ORIENTAL	LB	1,48	7,38	60,26	2,44	8 + 52	464	6449	5 0 0 4
		23,892	26,889	,91	•93	3,449	4,809	α	25,050
ES.STILL GRAPE, UNDER 14%	ALCH GAL	794	۰	7 9	089	47 0	• 76	3	0
OTHER	!	!	1 1	694	• 19	!	:	~	390

TABLE 42.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

		: OCTOBER-	FEBRUARY :	FEBRU	ARY
COMMODITY	INIT	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
ALL COMMODITIES					
NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES					
AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES					
COMPLEMENTARY			247		
BANANAS, FRESH	LB	• 955	•067	•957	•067
PLANTAINS, FRESH	LP	• 0 47	• 056	•049	•057
BANANAS, PLANTAINS, DRIED OR PREPARED		•114	•132	•978	•096
COFFEE GREEN	LB	•676	1.462	•721	1.706
COFFEE, SOLUBLE, EXTRACTS	LB	2.137	3.404	2.201	3.748
COFFEE + ROASTED OR GROUND	LB	•824	1.351	•852	1.494
COCOA BEANS	LB	•531	•878	•595	•974
COCOA BUTTER	LB	1.248	2.185	1.306	2 • 40 6
COCOA, POWDER & CAKE	LB	• 324	∙6 59	• 37 0	•85 0
CHOCOLATE PREPARATIONS	LB	• 7 3 3	• 9 58	•835	1.058
DRUGS, HERBS, ROOTS, LEAVES, ETC	LB	•592	1.214	•988	2.369
ESSENTIAL DILS	LB	5.070	4.992	5 - 32 8	5.945
FIBERS, EX COTTON, JUTE	LTN	418.123	483.453	437.109	634.766
RUBBER, AND ALLIED GUMS:					
RUBBER, DRY FORM	LB	•254	• 352	•255	•356
RUBBER. LATEX	LB	.280	•395	•326	•412
ALLIED GUMS	LB	•460	•912	•361	.820
SILK. RAW	LB	8.458	7.286	7.603	6.124
SPICES	LB	-684	•762	•657	.808
PEPPER. BLACK. UNGROUND	LB	•696	•770	•669	•822
VANILLA BEANS	LB	7.297	6.947	7.588	5.690
OTHER	LB	•554	•541	•465	•585
TEA. CRUDE OR PREPAPED	LB	•512	•579	•503	•596
WOOL, UNMANUFACTURED, FREE	GLB	•762	1.123	•804	1.234
OTHER	6 L B	•152	1.152	-804	1.0234
_					
SUPPLEMENTARY					
ANIMAL AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
ANIMALS, LIVE					
CATTLE, DUTIABLE	NO	182.766	157.584	200.506	171.675
CATTLE FOR BREEDING. FREE	NO	851.097	919.849	820 • 493	950.158
HORSES	NO	6,816,695	6,671.877	6,437.015	6,809,498
SWINE	110	165.963	120.045	159.616	125.696
OTHER					
DAIRY PRODUCTS					
CHEESE	LB	•928	•965	1.000	1.176
BLUE MOLD. INCLUDING ROQUEFORT	LB	1.329	1.459	1.509	1.583
CHEDDAR	LB	•696	•677	•646	•555
EDAM AND GOUDA	LB	1.126	1.243	1.173	1.318
EMMENTHALER OR SWISS. INC GRUYERE		• 943	1.065	•997	1.144
LUNCH HITELY ON SWIND THE WROTEN	LO	• 743	1.000	• 721	10177

TABLE 42.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

		: OCTOBER-6	FEBRUARY :	FEBPUA	RY
COMMODITY	UNIT	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
ROMANO.REGGIANO.PARMESANO	LB	•978	•986	•905	•952
PECORINO AND SHEEPSMILK	LB	1.124	1.506	1.064	1.512
OTHER	LB	•818	.810	1.028	1.235
CASEIN AND MIXTURES	LB	•570	•460	•535	• 463
NONFAT DRY MILK	LB	•382	•336	• 495	185e
OTHER					
HIDES AND SKINS, INCLUDING FURSKINS				***	-
CALF AND KIP SKINS	LB	•542	• 755	• 4 4 7	.821
CATTLE HIDES, WHOLE	LB	•261	.327	•268	• 324
GOAT AND KID SKINS	La	1.386	1.907	1.416	2.564
SHEEP AND LAMB SKINS	LB	1.695	1.540	1.439	1.583
FURSKINS					
OTHER					
MEAT AND MEAT PRODUCTS	LB	•772	•760	•772	•737
MEATS-P.L.88-482	L5	•545	•576	•561	•591
BEEF AND VEAL	LB	•568	•604	•592	•621
CANNED	LB	•684	•776	•707	•779
FRESH OR FROZEN	LB	545	•575	•561	•589
PREPARED OR PRESERVED	LB	•809	•825	835	.827
MUTTON, GOAT, AND LAMB	LB	• 5 3 3	•683	•519	•712
PORK	LB	1.541	1.415	1.483	1.354
FRESH OR FROZEN	LB	·848	•703	•797	•622
HAMS AND SHOULDERS.CND.COOKED	LB	1.628	1.514	1.588	1.488
OTHER	LB	1.240	1.021	1.164	.881
OTHER	LB	•965	1.013	1.054	•927
POULTRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS					
BABY CHICKS	NO	• 906	•621	1.058	•734
EGGS IN SHELL	DOZ	1.949	•5 7 4	2.491	•532
FEATHERS AND DOWNS, CRUDE, SORTED		1.878	2.535	1.725	2.508
POULTRY "EAT	LB.	3.421	5.416	3.85	5.653
OTHER					
OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
BEESWAX	LB	•974	1.235	• 953	1.460
BONES, HOOFS, AND HORNS		7 (40	7 040	7 0 6 2	7 774
BRISTLES, CRUDE OR PREPARED	LB	3.840	3.249	3.043	3.334
FATS, OILS, AND GREASES	LB	• 249	.•191	• 237	•251
GELATIN	LB	1.871	1.352	1.276	1.891
HAIR, UNMANUFACTURED	LB LB			, .	
OSSEIN RENNET	LB LB	•723 3•499	•647 1•201	•736 7•078	•553
SAUSAGE CASINGS		3.477	1.501	7.078	1.014
₩OOL•UNMANUFACTURED•EX FREE	GLB	1.024	1.149	1.013	
OTHER		10024	10147	7.012	1.130
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS					
COTTON. UNMANUFACTURED	RBA	159.236	239.160	110.889	57.658
COTTON • RAY	RBA	288.596	359.804	138.379	422.273
LINTERS	RBA	92.771	54.672	72.607	48.312

TABLE 42.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DGLLARS PER UNIT

	:	OCTOBER-	FEBRUARY :	FEBRUA	RY
COMMODITY	UNIT		75/77	1976	
FRUITS AND PREPARATIONS					
APPLES FRESH	LB	•113	•138	.080	•127
APPLES. PREPARED OR PRESERVED	LB	•231	•197	•216	•173
APRICOTS	LB	•568	•667	•639	•754
BERRIES:	Lo	• 300	• 00 /	•639	• / 5 4
BLUEBERRIES FRESH OR FROZEN	LB	• 421	•551	•461	•576
STRAWBERRIES. FRESH	F.B	• 276		•286	•184
STRAWBERRIES FROZEN	LB	•236	295	.246	•282
OTHER	LB	•144		•382	•308
CANDIED OR GLACE FRUITS	LB	•532	•543	•674	•665
CITRUS:	1	• 502	\$313	•071	•003
GRAPEFRUIT: FRESH	LB	•179	•136	•182	•140
ORANGES. CANNED	LS	•267	.300	• 34 ś	•302
ORANGES. FRESH	LB	.089	•119	•181	•101
OTHER	LB	.157	•132	•172	•144
DATES	LB	•135	• 233	•223	•219
FIGS	LB	• 357	•407	•361	•574
FRUIT JUICES:		• 5 3 7	• • • •	*501	• 5 7 1
APPLE AND PEAR	GAL	•315	•536	•260	•649
GRAPE	GAL	1.358	.840	1.359	1.094
ORANGE, COMCENTRATED	GAL	•318	•340	•340	•357
PINEAPPLE	GAL	•343	• 361	• 332	•376
OTHER	GAL	1.159	1.718	•949	1.991
FRUIT PEEL PASTE AND PULP	LB	.217	• 254	•223	•269
GRAPES FRESH	LB	•239	•152	•291	•324
JAMS AND JELLIES	LB	•515	•486	•505	•540
MANGOES FRESH OR PREPARED	LB	•282	•290	•279	•284
MELONS. FRESH	LB	.077	• 084	.061	•070
PEARS. FRESH	LB	•267	•264	•125	•190
PINEAPPLES. FRESH	LB	.044	.059	.034	.040
PINEAPPLES, CANNED	LB	.239	•217	• 2.0 9	•216
PINEAPPLES, PREPARED, EXC CANNED	LB	.244	• 263	•253	•304
OTHER					
NUTS AND PREPARATIONS					
BRAZIL	LB	• 432	•643	• 489	•792
CASHEWS	LB	.829	• 969	.792	•956
CHESTNUTS	LB	•256	•362	.302	•716
COCONUT MEAT+ FRESH OR PREPARED	LB	•187	•229	•178	•249
FILBERTS	LB	.741	•688	.731	•764
PISTACHE	LB	1.313	1.395	1.298	1.040
OTHER					
GRAINS AND PREPARATIONS					
BARLEY	BU	3.820	3.558	3.665	3.429
CORN + EXC SEED	BU	3.797	3.316	4.511	3.461
OATS	BU	1.717	1.580	1.137	1.576
RICE	LB	•359	•197	.382	•222
WHEAT + EXC + SEED	BU	27.389	1,851.852		
WHEAT FLOUR	C₩T	12.276	11.840	79.818	1.218
WHEAT GLUTEN	LB	•327	•439	•332	•452
BISCUITS, CAKES, WAFERS ETC	L9	. 676	•704	•564	•607
BREAD CRUMBS	LB	•285	•271	• 253	•266
BREAD, YEAST-LEAVERED	LB	•392	•410	•389	· 404

TABLE 42.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

		OCTOBER-F	FEBRUARY :	FEBRUA	RY
COMMODITY	UNIT	75 /7 6	76/77	1976	1977
MACARONI + SPAGHETTI + ETC	LB	. 343		.34 0	• 338
OTHER					
OILSEEDS AND PRODUCTS					
OIL CAKE AND MEAL	STN	132.648		77.527	120.847
OILSEEDS AND OILNUTS			4.77	447	474
FLAXSEED	LB	•124	.133	•113	•131
MUSTARD SEED	LB	•172	.165	•170	•150
SESAME SEED	LB C⊌T	•349 34•500	•318	.297	•284
POPPY SEED SUNFLOWER SEED	t⊮1 LB	34.500 .150	63.195 .212	57.842 .238	65.693
OTHER	LB	• 150	• 212	• Z38	•142
VEGETABLE OILS AND WAXES		.180	•211	.169	•223
BABASSU OIL	LB LB	.833	•211	•167	•223
CARNAUBA WAX	LB	•911	•235 •950	•930	∘93€
CASTOR OIL	LB			• 235	
COCONUT OIL	LB	•237	•355		
OLIVE OIL, EDIBLE	LB LB	•155 •700	•185 •577	• 147	•207 •551
PALM OIL	LB	•159	•178	•674 •169	
PALM KERNEL OIL	LB				•187 •251
RAPESEED OIL	LB	•183 •274	.240	.180	•258
SESAME OIL	LB	• 274	•234	•268	
TUNG OIL	LB LB	•915	•862	•888	•844
OTHER	LB	•237 •298	• 444	•194	•522
		• 498	.302	• 369	•470
SUGAR AND RELATED PRODUCTS					
SUGAR, CANE OR BEET	STN		187.825		
MOLASSES, INEDIBLE MAPLE SUGAR AND SIRUP	GAL	• 241		•276	•265
CONFECTIONERY PRODUCTS	LB LB	.743	• 7 24 • 5 65	•759	•715
HONEY	LB LB	• 648 • 328	•565 •321	•571 •326	•520 •305
OTHER	EB	• 3 Z 8	• 321	• 326	• 305
VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS					
FRESH OR FROZEN:					
ASPARAGUS	LB	.294	.393	•496	• 474
BEANS	LB	•183	•185	• 996	•101
CARROTS	LB	· A 45	.073	•028	.077
CUCUMBERS	LB	.053	.056	.057	.054
DASHEENS	LB	•133	•134	•173	.127
EGGPLANT	LB	• 053	.052	• 055	.052
GARLIC	LB	• 4 8 5	• 478	• 426	•501
LETTUCE	LB	.243	•192	•157	• 065
ONIONS	LB	•101	• 184	.079	•088
PEAS	LB	.227	.234	•182	•175
PEPPERS	L9	•115	•113	•109	•105
POTATOES, WHITE OR IRISH	CMT	5.275	4.062	4.883	4.479
SQUASH	LB	•956	.062	.861	
TOMATOES	LB	• 110	•118	•191	•102
TURNIPS OR RUTABAGAS	CWT	5.732	6.396	6.094	8 • 664
OTHER					

TABLE 42 --- U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PED UNIT

		: OCTOBER-F	EBRUARY :	FEBRU	ARY
COMMODITY	MIT	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
DRIED:					
BEANS. INCLUDING MUNG	LB	•186	•218	•226	•290
CHICKPEAS	LB	•203	•248	•185	• 283
MUSHROOMS	LB	4.213	3.914		1.720
PEAS EXCEPT CHICKPEAS	L8	.137	•179	•226	•184
OTHER					
PREPARED OR PRESERVED:					
ARTICHOKES	LB	• 321	• 413	•319	.448
ASPARAGUS	LB	• 459	• 537	•483	•618
BEAN CAKE, CURD	LB	•576	•628	•615	.642
CASSAVA, FLOUR, STARCH, TAPIOCA	LB	.083	.090	.078	.089
HOPS, INCLUDING EXTRACTS	LB	1.323	1.499	1.321	1.759
MUSHROOMS	Le	.774	1.649	•744	1.083
OLIVES. IN BRINE	GAL	4.533	4.704	4.528	4.841
ONIONS	LB	• 4 3 2	•593	• 457	•527
PALM HEARTS	LB	• 497	• 540	•530	•640
PEAS, INCLUDING COWPEAS	LB	• 265	.271	•287	•299
PIMIENTOS	LB	•555	• 587	•570	.610
SOUPS AND SAUCES	LB	•560	.603	•575	•642
STARCH, POTATO	LB	• 0 7 9	•180	•082	•104
TOMATOES	LB	•178	•192	•174	•185
WATERCHESTNUTS	LB	•388	•391	• 379	•378
OTHER					
OTHER VEGETABLE PRODUCTS					
5ROOMCORN	STN	1,156.575		1,198,772	964.015
CUT FLOWERS					
ESSENTIAL DILS	LB	2.376	1.742	.821	1.930
FEEDS & FODDERS.EX OIL CAKE & MEAL					
FLAVORING EXTRACTS					
JUTE AND JUTE BUTTS . UNMANUFACTURED		193.494	206.190		189.622
MALT LIQUORS	SAL	1.795	1.982	1.812	2.056
HURSERY & GREENHOUSE STOCK		200		450	E 2.6
SEEDS, EXCEPT OILSEEDS SPICES	LB	•390	•550	• 459	•530
TOBACCO • UNMANUFACTURED	LB	•569	•598	•506	•566
	LB	•798	1.030	.830	•952
TOBACCO LEAF, ORIENTAL	LB	•843 5•273	- 1.224 5.465	•891 5•186	1.260 5.209
WINES STILL GRAPE UNDER 14% ALCH		5.014	5.252	5.051	5.145
OTHER	9AL	3.014	2.525	5.001	20142
VIIIEN					

TABLE 43.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY

>++10023500	. T I WI		OCTOBER-F	EBRUARY V	** * 	- NA IIO	FEB	RUARY	<u>ls</u>
		75/76 THOU.	76/77 1, THOU.	75/76 1,600 DOL.	1,000 DOL.	1976 1976 THOU.	1977 1/ THOU•	1976 1,000 DOL.	6 1977 1/ . 1,000 DOL.
ALL COMMODITIES	1	1	0	42,483,800	54,180,100	8	!	8,051,600	10,544,400
NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	!	:	!	38,496,142	49,035,382	!	-	7,282,980	9,417,214
AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	-	;	!	3,987,658	5,144,718	!	!	768,620	1,127,186
COMPLEMENTARY	1			5.8	86,62	ł	1		53
BANANAS, FRESH	KG	4014	•78	93	123,76	,21	Φ	7,16	21,398
	KG	,11	5,61	96	,14	œ	• 22	7	531
BANANAS, PLANTAINS, DRIED OR PREPARED	S W	5945	6,923	193	1,81	91	1,39	15	2
	9 Y	07.	924	297	0,12	962	9 40	941	ب چ
COPFERS SOLUSIES EXIMACES	5 X	7.824	40001	14.221	94 \$ 35 I	ο α	7.9.78.I	3000	+ 1
COCOA BEANS	9 W	3 6 6	7.8	9	3,75	65	400	986	6 98
COCOA BUTTER	X	9,49	8 ,29	26,1	39,95	2,06	2,24	5,93	6
COCOA, PONDER & CAKE	χ. 0	• 36	2,99	3,1	7,93	• 45	11 2	•63	1,4
	K G	8,14	194	1,3	1,55	• 02	§ 52	151	•2
DRUGS, HERBS, ROOTS, LEAVES, ETC	Y	0,04	8,59	9,1	9,16	• 02	•73	• 82	9.0
ESSENTIAL OILS	Σ	984	•83	0 9 5	1,24	~	7	•20	4 6
FIBERS, EX COTTON, JUTE	Ε	22	24	9,081	1,29	4	N	۰71	5
DODER AND MELLED COMS RURRER DAY FORM	y Y	4 - 74	6.98	9.40	4 - 74	4	Ψ.	3	4
XILE OF COLUMN C	. X	27.38	24.077	16.88	21.57	4.61	46.4	3 e 3 0	4 . 49
ALLIED GUMS	Y S	5.77	92	5 8 5	1.85	_	21	25	38
SI	. KG	16	0	• 02	•75	2	₹	33	•
O SPICES	KG	113	9,56	2,43	996	96	22	•75	• 30
PEPFER.	K6	1,29	•05	,31	0,941	117	• 02	•73	• 72
VANILLA BEANS	Y O	30	59	4664	9,03	_	13	•22	965
	9 (Y	953	6,95	918	0,920	71	0.3	8 6	9 9 2
TEA CRUDE OR PREPARED	9 (2 X	3963	80 G	4960	1 5	9 0 0 0	900	7 1	- 1
SOCIA ONFANORACIONEDA TREPOTER	7 I	7 I	ν I	3,508	4.086	100	14041	7,161	
SUPPLEMENTARY	1	-		2,511,847	2,558,096	1		475,911	525,821
				6					1
ANIMAL AND ANIMAL PRODUCES	!	!	0	4 9 7 0	4961	!		9 6	0 .
ANIMALS LIVE CATTLE DISTABLE	1 2	102	1 0	70 670	12442	1 (1 2	0 8	χoo
CATTLE COLLABILE RATE CATTLE ROS RAPEDIAS. RATE	2 2	- 60	000	2042	7.00) - 	
	2) ব	- 4	77	207	- ۱	4 62	3.527	2.8.86
SAINE	0 2	15	14	2,39	1,66	1 0	m	, W	, M
OTHER	-	-		32	46	-	1	29	74
DAIRY PRODUCTS	-		1	,28	39,83	1		694	9 9 5
	X O	6	• 50	2,73	7,85	4.807	2	10,603	12,511
BLUE MOLD, INCLUDING ROQUEFORT	٥ ر د ک	M) (29	666	•17	142	0 .	471	349
CHEDDAR .	χ <u>γ</u>	4 9 2 5 9	1,9176	69457	6 0 0 8 6 7 0 3 8	320 178	310	455 467	5/9
HOUSE THE SOCIETY OF THE LEWIS THE CONTROL OF THE PRODUCT OF THE P	9 C	- 0	100	o a	77	1.945	0 4	4 0 0 5 3	7. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
	2	1		•		•		7	CONTINUED

TABLE 43.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

OCTOBER-FEBRUARY

FEBRUARY

VIIOMMOD	LINI	NAHO	TITY	Lendan .	lı.	NAHO	7 2 3	147	1111
	• • •	76	76/	75/76	6 75/77 1/:	1976 19	1977 1/	976	197
		THOU.	THOU.	9	• 000 DOL•	THOU.	-0 O	•	00
ROMANG.REGGIANO.PARMESANO PECORINO AND SHEEDSMILK	χ χ © 6	3,397	2,436	10.062	30	497	479		1,006
OTHER	X Y	954	2,09	45	943	928	000	r N	,72
CASEIN AND MIXTURES	S X	7,38	938	1,85	5,75	87	5,931	124	• 05
NONFAT DRY MILK	2 I	ဘေး ။	∞ :	55	43	91	4 5	4 8	57
HIDES AND SKINS INCLUDING FURSKINS				78,088	70,548			- 4	0 0
	KG	5	122	18	20	80			1
CATTLE HIDES, WHOLE	KG	13,304	3	•65	•58	0	2,098	4	1,501
GOAT AND KID SKINS	¥	41	33	1,27	1,38	11	7	34	39
SHEEP AND LAMB SKINS	K6	C	8	3,18	•56	~	7	3,39	3,75
PURSKINS	!	1		9.75	5,920		1	966	•29
OHNER STAN STAN DOODS		1 6	1 1	3935	2960	1 1	1 3	71	61
MEAT AND MEAT PRODUCTS	5 Y	200/4	47 6 2 1	46917	17,556	3,18	7982	0,52	0 9 1 4
APPER AND VERAL	ש פ צ	9 Z Z	776	000	- 67-0	5598IS	459 CSC	000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
CANNED	9 Y	21.888	23 • 48	32.99	40.16	4.48	6.02	0000	34
FRESH OR FROZEN	Y C	3,94	0,13	7,25	6,19	926	22	96	1,37
	KG	9,28	16,08	16,56	8,36	,26	196	,16	4,87
MUTTON, GGAT, AND LAMB	K6	4960	3944	5,11	5,18	1,27	86	1,45	1,35
PORK	9 ú	949	•57	2,48	945	939	10,233	86.	954
HAMS AND SHOLLDERS	2 Y	440	126	1,909	1991 9.00	שנו	ν α υ	959	919
	X X	3,90	5,12	10,67	11,52	77	1,008	1,98	1,95
OTHER	S S	,52	• 0.1	1,76	1,20	Ω	80	664	• 65
POULTR	-	1	-	3960	4,16	-	1	964	• 42
	0 N	00	914	• 37	71	~	237	∞	7
	200	27	2,068	53	1,13	2	715	14	3 0
	ლ (¥ }	S	ت. ا ا	10,147	1,	282	651	2,224	ם ו
DOULTRY MEAL	.5 \(\)	76	1 U	6 7	643 916	9	1 1	4 D	20
OTHER ANIMAL PPODUCTS	1	- 1	- 1	4	22.	- 1	!	. ~	i ω
BEESWAX	K6	10	451	96	1,22	06	54	18	17
BONES, HOOFS, AND HORNS	:	1		964	902	!	!	0	\sim
BRISTLES, CRUDE OR PREPARED	S Y	260		2,203	59303	ຸນສ	117	356	861
FAIS OILS AND GREASES	Y	4	Ω	• 71 70	1,75	989	969	35	8 4
GELATIN HATD INVANIENCTIBED	1 2	27.0		7 6	4 C C	1 7	1 - 1	ν a	1,658
DIAMETER OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	2 2	- =	2.307	1 K	1 0	24.5	222	170	- 1
RESET) S	2	֓֞֞֝֞֜֝֓֓֓֓֟֝֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֡֓֡֓֡֓֡	17	4)	J	· W	-
SAUSAGE CASINGS		- 1		1,72	3,88			979	0 6
WOOL, UNMANUFACTURED, EX FREE	KG	11,380	9,614	68	35	2,818	2,023	29	03
OTHER	-		1	• 23	986			9	
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS		-	-	1,586,947	1,613,479	-	1	315,821	338,749
COTTON, UNMANUFACTURED	R B A	24	4 6	3,745	11,087	លខ	40	563	203
LINTERS	RBA		18	93	1,00	2	n	59	16
								٥	ONTINUED

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	F18 & 18 C	OCTOBER-FE	BRUARY		1	FEBRUA	R. ≺	<u>u</u>
	_	75/76 THOU.	76/77 1/ THOU.	τφ. 1	76/77 1/: 1,000 DOL.	1976 1976 THOU•	1977 1/ THOU. 1	1976 1976 • 000 DOL• 1•	1977 1/ .+000 DOL.
FRUITS AND PREPABATIONS	;	1		•62	5.0	!	8 9 0	~	.65
ES. FRESH	K G	\propto	+53	5 , 55	5,34	7	0	54	1,28
APPLES, PREPARED OR PRESERVED APRICOIS	ა ჯ ა თ	688 558	2,513	305	1,0094	248 95	739	118	282 565
)
		• 25	00 1	•16	94	12	6	129	11
FRESH		904	744	9 0 4	150	9	925	ο C	∞ (
STRAWRERRIES FROZEN		~ v	200	945	444	9 4	_ r	N	404
CANDIED OR GLACE FRUITS	9 E		1+545	1,023	1,850	73	153	109	224
CITRUS:									
SRAPEFRUIT, FRESH	ΥÜ	-	S		1,596	σ ;	1,227	36	379
	O (0.00	•24	~	4	722	936	551	8 2
OKASSEV TREVE	5 (¥ }		6917	∞ \ ⊃ \ •	0 1	10)	~ (200	٦ C
× 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	⊅ () ∠ \	47 T	9 Z Z	00	0 0	V 4	4 7 8	101	つ 4
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1) (J Y	1.77	3.10	4 M	2.786	Γ -	17	0 60	۲ ۲
FRUIT JUICES			1			:) - 	•	ı
AFPLE AND	\vdash	α;	38,318	N	5,426	5,397	~	370	887
GRAPE	-	4	. 00	15			10	6	31
OPANGE, CONCENTPATED	LIT	0,944	7	• 08	•	\$3	9	2,100	930
PINEAPPLE	-	36	4 . 7	30	2,362	∞	444	341	342
	\vdash	986	9 6	• 43	•	5	52	326	276
FRUIT PEEL, PASTE AND PULP	¥ :	937	٠ 5	404	•	46	α	719	963
GRAPES+ FRESH	N K	2 1	φ 1000 L	36		361	\sim	251	302
MANGORS, CORRES DOTOVORD	5 C	19372	•	200	19621	202	208	977	248
TATOR ON TATORNE	9 (E) V X) C	101) C	1.799	λ 2 α Γ α Α	ט נכ	200	1 0 0 1 0 0
	5 C 2 X	0	٥ •	11	•	4)	0 ca	5
PINEAPPLES FRESH	9 Y	2 • 4 5	10	• 20		9	947	276	392
	Ke	4	63,841	0.0	32,911	9,129	15,776	4,208	7,519
PINEAPPLES, PREPARED, EXC CANNED	KG	Ø.	858	53		415	267	\sim	1
	1	1	1	4 • 34	G,	1	-	1,713	3,047
NUTS AND PREPARATIONS		1		444	•	1 0	1 .	16	4.
BRAZIL	¥ :	3,69	5 + 4	5,92	4	Ω.	24	3	4
CASTESS	X 7 3 0	- U	100 0 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	400,00	40,439	50468	2.000 8.000 8.000	988969	0 68/
COCONUT MEAT. FRESH OR PRETAPED	ν œ		9	.70		2.555	2 • 33 9	1.006	1.286
8	\times	1,5	2 . 3	• 55	M		27	M)	4
PISTACHE	ΥĞ	911	9	•22		173	986	495	•2
OTHER	-	1	1	3,14	•	!	1	540	• 2
SRAINS AND PREPARATIONS	1	1		904	•	1	l	3	11,017
	S S	• 45	• 56	0646	•	0	• 75	00	9 6
CORN. EXC SEED	Y 0	3,03	8 2 3	666	•	96	3,707	654	505
DATS	ズ	88	+17	4	672	525	986	4 1	511
L (X 7 0 (S	œ	284	4 0	o	ro ro	96
	ລ ເ	C	(207	00) (⊃ -	∵ +
	9 (4 Y	7 9	2 0	7 7	ć	5	76	-	-
-	ک کا ای	0 0	p a	ρd	24-07	1+++1 2-556	ρα	3.179	3 6 5 6
	. Y	5.00	5.51	3.14	- 14	יו נ	• 16	10	9
BREAD YEAST-LEAVENED	X Y	97		845		139		116	149
			1			•)		CONTINUED

TABLE 43.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

COMMODITY	: LIND	Z	ا ا	EBRUARY VAL	LUE	٩	FEBRI NTITY	EBRUARY VALU	Ā
	••	75/76 THOU.	76/77 1/ THOU.	75/76 1,000 DOL.	76/77 1/: 1,000 DOL.	1976 THOU•	1977 1/ THOU.	1976 1,000 DOL. 1	1977 1/ .,000 DOL.
MACARONI, SPAGHETTI, ETC	KG	\leftarrow	α	8,31	•62		1,997	940	∞
	1 0	1 0	1 0	11,38	5960	1 0	1 7	1,666	86
OILSELDS AND PRODUCES	۵ ر ک ک	1 0 1 0	N C	7 4 7	100	× 00) T 6	7 .	ם ת
OIL CARE AND MEAL	9 C	- 0	0 0 0 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4	943	100	ν -	14.320	> -	77
ED STEN	X X	3 6 3 7	• 72	9.0	9 • 32	5	4.20		
MUSTARD SEED	Y Y	975	4.87	228	• 40	•36	555	1 00	1 8
SESAME SEED	S X	7,76	•75	97	•25	10	,29	2,034	00
	Σ Σ	• 92	931	946	83	21	25	27	37
SUMPLOWER SEED	X	≥ 4	1,994	∞ ~:	48	∾	25	7	00
	S :	9,67	12,41	9,61	13,41	2,34	2,75	2 0 9	2,57
	୬ : ୪ :	3 3	9,12	,81	7,34	•57	28	0 / 6	994
EABASSU OIL	© (-	14		-		0 %		9 4 4 4
CARTHOUSAMAN	2 2	7 0 6 T	0 0	# N	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 7	0 3	0 0	1
CANION OIL	6 G 7 7	0440	0 4 b 0	3 4 6 6	7 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	9 4 0	110	9 / t	n a
CLIVE OIL. FOIRE	0 W	12.28	11,653	46.	800	1,41	1.22	2.10	1.48
PALTOIL	. X	2,78	5,39	0.50	5,06	960	930	• 48	5
PALM KERNEL OIL	XG	31,46	28,84	2,72	5,27	3,76	4 9 55	1,49	2,51
	S S	2,06	2,08	1,24	1,07	61	\vdash	36	9
SESAME OIL	KG	0	\sim	000	•56	4	168	$^{\circ}$	⊣
TUNG OIL	Υœ	(3)	\Box	•78	•50	3	1,000	~	1,151
OTHER	χœ	901	,19	3,84	5,46		673	99	69
SUGAR AND RELATED PRODUCTS	-	-	-	•15	972	1	1	0 9	9
SUGAR, CANE OR BEET	⊢	1,37	1,70	87,24	53,48	20	39	1,52	6,02
SES, INEDIE	LIT	696	*72	1,39	3,97	196,793	m .	9.32	96
	X C	1,56	1,72	2,54	2,75	52	26	4 2	41
CONFECTIONERY PRODUCTS	× 7	9 1	45	900	•21 •	Ω,	59	4 .	~ 0
	o I ∠ I	∩ I •	D C D C D	76660	1 b	066	6 40	CT /	967
VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS	!	- 1	- 1	3 0	1 10	- 1	- 1	ט נ	1 0
FRESH OR				-					1
	ණ 8:	~	977	0	6 5 8	S	+14	\sim	0
REPAS	X G	4,14	4+36	4	004	,33	43	30	\leftarrow
CARRUTS	X	913	626	960	•82	4946	4,26	27	72
CUCUMPERS	KG	9,82	8 + 43	C'	-	9 9 5	• 56	CV.	\supset
DASHERAS	K6	M)	C 1	9.30 	•57	69	€ . (261	252
	S X	906	\$13	α · α i	NI	5+122	50440	-	∞
GARLIC	D :	972	C .	4	0	٠) ·	190	00	ī
LETTUCE) X	N I	54	11	14	1		1	l L
	X X	100	016	2 4	90	0 0 0 0	07.0	70747	00
	S 4 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9 t t 0	1 C	0 - 0	1904	60 6 T	0 0	0 0
TOTAL GO DITAR SOLVED	2 ×	770	973	, , , ,	• - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	ာ 0 သ သ	9 th L	Уσ	D K
T VIOLENTE	o (2000	1000	- 0) t	2 10	0 0	, 0	7 0
で して くること	D (1)	0.00 5.40 5.43	7 0 ° 0	909	0 T & 0	90.6	950	UĽ) (C
TURNIPS OR PUTABAGAS	: X:	23 313	25.974	2046	3.663	t M	5.325	۲	100
				694	947	1	1	' W	73
								S	UED

TABLE 43.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: QUANTITY AND VALUE BY COMMODITY--CONTINUED

>TT 00% > 00	- F	. W W I I O	OCTOBER-FEBRUARY			FNA	FEBRUARY	ARY	<u>=</u>
		75/76 THOU.	76/77 1/ THOU.	75/76 1,000 DOL.	76/77 1/: 1,000 DOL.	1976 1976 19 THOU• TH	1977 1/ THOU.	1976 1976 19000 DOL•	1977 1/ 1900 DOL•
DRIED:									
BEANS, INCLUDING MUNG	KG	32	5,972	2,591	2,867	1,139	2,675	295	~
CHICKPEAS	S X	937	•87	-	,12	27	286	11	~
MUSHROOMS	ΚG	∞	3	m	• 48	24	101	221	8
PEAS, EXCEPT CHICKPEAS	9 X	928	\rightarrow	404	71	173	633	86	257
OTHER	!		!	9	3,633		!	227	~
PREPARED OR PRESERVED:									
ARTICHOKES	K G	5	2,259	9	2,056	476	227	335	224
ASPARAGUS	κg	689	1,088	D)	\$2	65	89	69	122
BEAN CAKE, CURD	S X	S	531	7	735	76	101	103	143
CASSAVA,FLOUR,STARCH,TAPIOCA	დ ჯ	1	1.	,31	3,521	,51	5,122	176	1,009
HOPS, INCLUDING EXTRACTS	¥e	,23	•84	5,27	2,5	907	213	1	826
MUSHROOMS	K 6	• 05	•71	•73	984	4	2,273	S	5,426
OLIVES, IN BRINE	LIT	24,825	23,575	9,72	9,29	•20	•	8	•
SNOINO	KG KG	•28	•39	•36	•54	3	250	237	290
PALM HEARTS	KG	13	34	4	48	4	130	50	œ
PEAS, INCLUDING COUPEAS	9 X	2	3	52	33	364	388	230	2
PIMIENTOS	¥6	18	•43	• 45	• 15	4		689	7
SOUPS AND SAUCES	¥6	34	• 75	•84	• 98	N.	1,033	915	1,462
STARCH, POTATO	χ S	2,87	3,48	d)	16	38	515	7.0	₩.
, TOMATOES	X 6	24	•29	•95	9 08	86	6,572	0	•68
#ATERCHESTNUTS	S X	27	064	98 B	2,50	•	1,271	1,513	1,058
	!	:	!	14,82	•91	!	!	9	91
OTHER VEGETABLE PRODUCTS	!	:	!	7,84	0,14	:	!	7	•
BROOMCORG	MT	5	ເດ	• 08	5944	-	-	7	1,011
CUT FLOWERS	0	!	!	•84	•02		!	1	•
	KG	252	471	1,32	1,80	109	149	-	
OIL CAKE &	MEAL	!		447	• 45	!	-	~	90
DRING EXTR	8	8		474	113	!	!	0	•
JUTE AND JUTE BUTTS, UNMANUFACTURED		83	00	1,44	955	2	-	362	269
MALT LIQUORS	LIT		111,210	616	•25	14,423	18,186	6	•87
MURSERY & GREENHOUSE STOCK	!	:		5,51	7,73	:	!	S	• 86
SEEDS, EXCEPT OILSEEDS	9 X	646	•93	2,71	9,88	5,931	4 • 8 4 5	• 1	•23
SEDICES	S S	0 6	•26	333	•25	∞	943	0.0	•78
TOBACCO, UNMANUFACTURED	KG	0 +27	6424	5,97	• 48	988	9 4 0	7 ,2	5 + 0 4
TOBACCO LEAF, ORIENTAL	χœ	2,42	0.55	0,26	2,44	940	• 41	694	5 + 0 4
		90,438	~	91	6,93	05	0	CO	10
ES.STILL GRAPE, UNDER 14%	ALCH LIT	8069	8 , 89	7.	0.8	ė	4 4	3	9,38
OTHER	!	-	-	•69	•19	-		270	0

17 PRELIMINARY

TABLE 44.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

		: OCTOBER-	FEBRUARY :	FEBRU	ARY
COMMODITY	TIME	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
ALL COMMODITIES					
NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES					
AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES					
COMPLEMENTARY					
BANANAS, FRESH	KG	•121	•147	•126	•147
PLANTAINS. FRESH	KG	• 104	•123	•107	.126
BANANAS. PLANTAINS, DRIED OR PREPARED) KG	•252	•292	•173	•211
COFFEE GREEN	KG	1.491	3.224	1.591	3.760
COFFEE, SOLUBLE, EXTRACTS	KG	4.711	7.505	4.853	8.264
COFFEE ROASTED OR GROUND	KG	1.818	2.978	1.878	3.295
COCOA BEANS	KG	1.282	1.935	1.312	2.147
	_				
COCOA BUTTER	KG	2.751	4.818	2.880	5.303
COCOA POWDER & CAKE	KG	•715	1.453	•816	1.874
CHOCOLATE PREPARATIONS	ΚG	1.726	2.113	1.841	2.332
DRUGS, HERBS, ROOTS, LEAVES, ETC	KG	1.304	2.676	2.178	5.222
ESSENTIAL OILS	KG	11.193	11.018	11.767	13.135
FIBERS, EX COTTON, JUTE RUBBER, AND ALLIED GUMS:	ΜT	411.529	475.798	430.216	624.977
RUBBER• DRY FORM	KG	• 56 0	•776	•563	•785
RUBBER. LATEX	KG	.617	.871	•718	•909
ALLIED GUMS	KG	1.015	2.012	• 795	1.807
SILK RAW	KG	18.668	16.062	16.762	13.500
SPICES	KG	1.508	1.689	1.449	1.780
PEPPER, BLACK, UNGROUND	KG	1.533	1.698	1.475	1.811
VANILLA BEANS	KG	16.086	15.316	16.729	12.544
OTHER	KG			1.026	
		1.220	1.192		1.291
TEA+ CRUDE OR PREPARED	KG	1.130	1.277	1.109	1.313
WOOL, UNMANUFACTURED, FREE	KG	1.680	2.477	1.773	2.720
OTHER					
SUPPLEMENTARY					
ANIMAL AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
ANIMALS, LIVE					
CATTLE, DUTIABLE	NO	182.766	157.584	200.506	171.675
CATTLE FOR BREEDING. FREE	NO	851.097	919.849	820 • 493	950.158
HORSES	NO				6.809.498
		6,816,695	6,671.877		-
SWINE	NO	165.003	120.045	159.616	125.696
OTHER					
DAIRY PRODUCTS					
CHEESE	KG	2.901	2.136	2.206	2.592
BLUE MOLD. INCLUDING ROQUEFORT	KG	2.929	3.217	3.326	3.490
CHEDDAR	KG	1.534	1.493	1.423	1.223
EDAM AND GOUDA	KG	2.483	2.740	2.586	2.905
EMMENTHALER OR SWISS. INC GRUYEPE	E KG	2.079	2.348	2.198	2.522

CONTINUED==

TABLE 44.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DGLLARS PER UNIT

	:	OCTOSER-I	FEBRUARY :	FEBRUA	RY
COMMODITY	UNIT		76/77		
DOBANG DEGCTANO DADARDANS	14.0	0.455	0.475	4 00/	
ROMANO, REGGIANO, PARMESANO	KG	2.155			
PECORINO AND SHEEPSMILK	KG	2.478	3.319	2.346	3.334
OTHER	KG	1.804	1.785	2.267	2.724
CASEIN AND MIXTURES	KG	1.257	1.015	1.180	1.020
NONFAT DRY MILK	KG	.841	.741	1.091	1.279
OTHER					
HIDES AND SKINS, INCLUDING FURSKINS					
CALF AND KIP SKINS	KG	1.194	1.665	• 986	1.810
CATTLE HIDES, WHOLE	KG	•575	•721	•591	.715
GOAT AND KID SKINS	KG	3.056	4.204	3.121	5.653
SHEEP AND LAMB SKINS	KG	3.737	3.395	3.172	3.489
FURSKINS					
OTHER					
MEAT AND MEAT PRODUCTS	KG	1.703	1.676	1.782	1.624
MEATS-P.L.88-482	KG	1.292		1.237	
BEEF AND VEAL	KG	1.252	1.332	1.306	1.370
CANNED	KG	1.508	1.710	1.559	1.718
FRESH OR FROZEN	KG	1.202	1.267	1.236	1.300
PREPARED OR PRESERVED	KG	1.784	1.821	1.841	1.823
MUTTON. GOAT. AND LAMB	KG	1.119	1.505	1.144	1.571
PORK	KG	3.397	3.119	3.269	2.985
FRESH OR FROZEN	KG	1.869	1.549	1.758	1.372
HAMS AND SHOULDERS, CND, COOKED	KG	3.590	3.338	3.500	3.280
OTHER	KG	2.734	2.251	2.566	1.943
OTHER	K G	2.128	2.233	2.324	2.044
POULTRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS					
BABY CHICKS	NO	•906	•621		
EGGS IN SHELL	DOZ	1.949	•574	2.491	•532
FEATHERS AND DOWNS, CRUDE, SORTED		4.141	5.590	3.802	5.529
POULTRY MEAT	KG	7.543	11.940	8.487	
OTHER					
OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
BEESNAX	KG	2.147	2.722	2.102	3.219
BONES, HOOFS, AND HORNS					
BRISTLES, CRUDE OR PREPARED	ΚG	8 • 467	7.164	6.709	7.350
FATS, OILS, AND GREASES	KG	•548	• 422	•523	•553
GELATIN					
HAIR, UNMANUFACTURED	KG	4.126	2.981	2.812	4.169
OSSEIN	ΚĠ	1.595	1.425	1.623	1.220
RENNET	KG	7.715	2.647	15.603	2.236
SAUSAGE CASINGS					
WOOL, UNMANUFACTURED, EX FREE	KG	2.257	2.533	2.234	2.491
OTHER					
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS					
COTTON, UNMANUFACTURED	RBA	159.236		110.889	57.658
COTTON, RAW	RBA	208.596	359.791	138.379	422.273
LINTERS	RBA	92.771	54.672	72.607	48.312

CONTINUED --

TABLE 44.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

		ACTARER -	EDDILARY .	FERRUS	DV
COMMODITY	UNIT	75/76	FEBRUARY : 76/77	FEBRUA 1976	
COMMODITY	0.411	13716	10/11	1776	1711
FRUITS AND PREPARATIONS					
APPLES, FRESH	KG	•250	•305	•176	.280
APPLES, PREPARED OR PRESERVED	KG	• 443	• 435	• 475	•381
APRICOTS	KG	1.253	1.469	1.408	1.685
BERRIES:					
BLUEBERRIES, FRESH OR FROZEN	KG	•928	1.214	1.016	1.270
STRAWBERRIES, FRESH	KG	•609	•479	.630	• 405
STRAWBERRIES, FROZEN	KG	•521	•651	•543	•621
OTHER	KG	•317	• 473	.842	•679
CANDIED OR GLACE FRUITS	KG	1.172	1.198	1.485	1.465
CITRUS:					
GRAPEFRUIT + FRESH	KG	• 394	• 299	•402	• 30 9
ORANGES, CANNED	KG	•590	• 660	. 763	•667
ORANGES, FRESH	KG	•136	• 263	• 400	• 222
OTHER	KG	• 345	•291	•378	•317
DATES	KG	• 409	•514	•491	•482
FIGS	KG	.808	.897	•796	1.266
FRUIT JUICES					
APPLE AND PEAR	LIT	.083	•142	.069	•172
GRAPE	LIT	• 359	•222	• 359	• 28 9
ORANGE, CONCENTRATED	LIT	• 084	•090	•090	•094
PINEAPPLE	LIT	.091	•095	•088	•099
OTHER	LIT	•309	• 454	•251	•526
FRUIT PEEL, PASTE AND PULP	KG	• 478	•561	• 492	• 593
GRAPES FRESH	KG	•636	• 334	•641	•715
JAMS AND JELLIES	KG	1.136	1.073	1.114	1.191
MANGOES, FRESH OR PREPARED	KG	•622	•639	•616	•627
MELONS, FRESH	KG	•170	•186	•134	•155
PEARS FRESH	KG	•590	• 582	• 276	•419
PINEAPPLES + FRESH	KG	• 09 7	•129	• 075	.088
PINEAPPLES + CANNED	KG	• 461	·478	•461	• 477
PINEAPPLES, PREPARED, EXC CANNED	KG	•539	•580	•558	•670
OTHER					
NUTS AND PREPARATIONS					
BRAZIL	Ke	1.063	1.417	1.075	1.745
CASHEWS	KG	1.828	2.136	1.747	2.107
CHESTNUTS	KG	• 564	• 797	•665	1.579
COCONUT MEAT, FRESH OR PREPARED	KG	• 411	• 506	•391	•550
FILBERTS	KG	1.634	1.516	1.611	1.683
PISTACHE	KG	2.895	2.877	2.862	2.293
OTHER		~		,	
GRAINS AND PREPARATIONS		475	445		4.57
BARLEY	KG	• 175	•163	•168	•157
CORN • EXC SEED	KG	•149	•131	•178	•136
OATS	KG	•118	•109	•078	•109
RICE	KG	•790	• 433	.841	•489
WHEAT , EXC , SEED	KG	1.006	68.027	4 544	
WHEAT FLOUR	KG	•271	• 261	1.561	.027
WHEAT GLUTEN	KG	•722	• 967	•732	• 997
BISCUITS, CAKES, WAFERS ETC	KG	1.490	1.552	1.244	1.339
BREAD CRUMBS	KG 、	•628	•597	•557	•586
BREAD + YEAST-LEAVENED	KG	•865	•904	-837	•890

CONTINUED --

TABLE 44.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

	:	OCTOBER-F	EBRUARY :	FEBRUA	RY
COMMODITY	UNIT	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
MACARONI, SPAGHETTI, ETC	KG	• 755	•757	•749	•745
OILSEEDS AND PRODUCTS	KG	• 406	•468	•386	•492
OIL CAKE AND MEAL	KG	•146	•126	•085	•133
OILSEEDS AND OILNUTS	KG	•629	•530	•655	•543
FLAXSEED	KG	• 273	.294	•249	•288
MUSTARD SEED	ΚG	•380	•363	• 374	• 331
SESAME SEED	KG	•770	.702	•556	•626
POPPY SEED	KG	.761	1.393	1.275	1.448
SUNFLOWER SEED	KG	•332	•458	•525	• 314
OTHER	KG	•994	1.081	•890	•938
VEGETABLE OILS AND WAXES	KG	•396	• 465	•372	•492
BABASSU OIL	KG	1.764	•518	40 40 40	
CARNAUBA WAX	KG	2.008	2.093	2.050	2.063
CASTOR OIL	KG	•523	•784	•519	.771
COCONUT OIL	ΚG	•341	•408	• 324	•456
OLIVE OIL, EDIBLE	KG	1.543	1.272	1.486	1.214
PALM OIL	KG	• 373	•393	•373	•412
PALM KERNEL OIL	KG	.404	•530	•397	•553
RAPESEED OIL	KG	•604	•516	•590	•570
SESAME OIL	KG	1.992	1.899	1.957	1.863
TUNG OIL	KG	• 456	•980	.427	1.151
OTHER	KG	•639	•667	•813	1.036
SUGAR AND RELATED PRODUCTS					
SUGAR, CANE OR BEET	MT	353.53 7	207.039		
MOLASSES. INEDIBLE	LIT	•064	•074	•073	.070
MOLASSES INEDIBLE MAPLE SUGAR AND SIRUP CONFECTIONERY PRODUCTS	KG	1.631	1.596	1.672	1.575
	KG	1.428	1.245	1.258	1.147
HONEY	KG	•705	.708	•719	•673
OTHER					
VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS					
FRESH OR FROZEN:					
ASPARAGUS	KG	•648	-866	1.094	1.046
BEANS	KG	• 228	•230	•211	•223
CARROTS	KG	•100	•161	•061	•170
CUCUMBERS	KG	•117	•123	•125	.120
DASHEENS	KG	• 404	•296		
EGGPLANT	KG	•117	•114	•121	•114
GARLIC	KG	•894	1.055	•940	1.104
LETTUCE	KG	• 536	• 424	•346	•143
ONIONS	KG	• 222	•185	•174	•193
PEAS	KG	• 499	•516	•402 •239	•386 •232
PEPPERS CR. INVESTIGATION	KG	•252	•248		
POTATOES, JHITE OR IRISH SQUASH	K G K G	•116 •124	.090 .136	•108 •131	•099 •135
TOMATOES	K G	•124 •242	•136	•131	•224
TURNIPS OR RUTABAGAS	K G	• 242 • 126	• 261	• 223	•224
OTHER		0125	0141	•137	0171
OTHER					

CONTINUED --

TABLE 44.--U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS: UNIT VALUES BY COMMODITY GROUP DOLLARS PER UNIT

		: OCTOBER-	FEBRUARY :	FEBRU	ARY
COMMODITY	UNIT	75/76	76/77	1976	1977
DRIED:					
BEANS, INCLUDING MUNG	KG	•410	•48G	•498	• 441
CHICKPEAS	KG	• 4 4 7	•548	• 409	•623
MUSHROOMS	KG	9.288	8.628	9.155	3 .7 92
PEAS, EXCEPT CHICKPEAS	KG	• 4 35	• 396	•498	• 406
OTHER					
PREPARED OR PRESERVED:					
ARTICHOKES	KG	•708	•910	•703	•987
ASPARAGUS	KG	1.013	1.185	1.065	1.363
BEAN CAKE, CURD	KG	1.270	1.384	1.355	1.415
CASSAVA, FLOUR, STARCH, TAPIOCA	KG	.183	•198	•172	•197
HOPS, INCLUDING EXTRACTS	KG	2.917	3.304	2.913	3.878
MUSHROOMS	KG	1.796	2.312	1.649	2.387
OLIVES, IN BRINE	LIT	1.198	1.243	1.196	1.279
ONIONS	KG	1.062	1.109	1.007	1.151
PALM HEARTS	KG	1.096	1.411	1.169	1.411
PEAS. INCLUDING COMPEAS	KG	•585	•598	•632	•659
PIMIENTOS	KG	1.224	1.295	1.257	1.346
SOUPS AND SAUCES	KG	1.235	1.329		1.415
STARCH, POTATO	KG	•173	•229	•181	•229
TOMATOES	KG	•393	• 423	•383	• 408
WATERCHESTNUTS	KG	•856	•862	.835	•833
OTHER					
OTHER VEGETABLE PRODUCTS					
BROOMCORN	MI	1.274.900	1.085.181	1,322.074	1 + 062 + 239
CUT FLOWERS		1,21,10,00	1,00031101	1,022.071	140020200
E.SSENTIAL OILS	KG	5.238	3.840	1.809	4.255
FEEDS & FODDERS • EX OIL CAKE & MEAL		30230	0.010	10007	10233
FLAVORING EXTRACTS					
JUTE AND JUTE BUTTS, UNMANUFACTURE		190.442	202.924	203.251	186.723
MALT LIQUORS	LIT	•474	•524	.479	•543
NURSERY & GREENHOUSE STOCK			*JZT	9717	-5773
SEEDS. EXCEPT OILSEEDS	KG	•623	•367	•698	•874
SPICES	KG	1.255	1.318	1.116	1.247
TOBACCO UNMANUFACTURED	KG	1.758	2.270	1.839	2.099
			2.697	1.964	2.778
TOBACCO LEAF, ORIENTAL	KG	1.859			
WINES	LIT	1.392	1.444		1.376
WINES, STILL GRAPE, UNDER 14% ALC	H LII	1.325	1.388	1.334	1.359
OTHER					

INTERNATIONAL PRICE HIGHLIGHTS

by
H. Christine Collins
International Economist
Foreign Demand and Competition Division

Trade prices continued to strengthen in February. The Dow Jones commodity spot price index rose 5 percent to 398. All major commodities, including grains, were priced higher in February than in January.

Wheat prices at Gulf ports rose 3 percent to \$3.04 a bushel in February, reflecting activity in the international grain market, fears on the outcome of the upcoming wheat harvest, and the weather-related difficulties in getting grain into export position.

The f.o.b. Duluth price for Dark Northern Spring wheat (DNS), the c.i.f. Rotterdam price for Hard Red Winter wheat (HRW), and the Thunder Bay price for Canadian Western Red Spring wheat (CWRS) rose by about \$2 a ton. The Gulf ports price for HRW also rose at about the same rate. The Rotterdam import prices for DNS and CWRS dropped \$10 a ton, however, causing the large price spreads that prevailed during the winter between Rotterdam and U.S. and Canadian export markets to contract.

For the second consecutive month, corn, at \$115.35 per ton, was priced higher than wheat on a per-ton basis at the Gulf ports. The Gulf ports price for corn rose 2 percent to \$2.93 a bushel because of adverse weather and midmonth export trade. Several factors were responsible for holding up corn prices: a U.S. sale of yellow corn to Mexico, a U.S. authorization for Egypt to buy 100,000 tons of corn through an existing P.L. 480 agreement, Venezuela's and Portugal's purchases of grain sorghum, and the continuing strong West European demand for feed grains. The slight increase in U.S. corn and sorghum prices in the Rotterdam market also reflect these trade developments.

Soybean prices continued their 4-month-long price runup in February, as the Gulf ports price reached \$7.78 a bushel. The rise in prices was mostly because of the developing tight soybean situation. International sales of vegetable oils to India, Venezuela, and Pakistan, and soybeans to Spain and Morocco also stimulated the U.S. soybean market. While the Gulf ports price for soybeans rose nearly 6 percent, the Rotterdam price for U.S. soybeans increased 2 percent. U.S. soybean meal was priced at \$248 a ton, slightly lower than a month earlier. Brazil's record 12-million-ton soybean crop, which is currently being harvested, is a price dampening factor that must be reckoned with in coming months.

In February, the Thai white rice price was \$257 a ton, remaining at nearly the same level as that for the previous 3 months. World rice production during calendar year 1977 is currently estimated at 347. 4 million tons, 7.5 million tons below last year's record, but still the second largest total on record.

The Osaka import price for U.S. cotton took an upturn in February, reaching 77 cents a pound. The bullish price influences were the lowered estimate of the Indian cotton crop to 5.3 million bales, which has resulted in India's seeking cotton in the international market, and the prospects of the California drought cutting into the State's 1977 production. Moreover, USDA had projected U.S. cotton exports to reach 4.3-4.9 million bales. U.S. export shipments and undelivered orders for the 1976/77 marketing year reached 4.3 million tons on February 6.

Import commodity prices were also on the upswing. The New York spot price for Santos No. 4 coffee continued to soar, reaching \$2.40 a pound as bullish news continued to prevail. During the past 20 months, the coffee market has been buffeted by frost, flood, and war. The fourth menace may be coffee leaf rust disease, which has been reported in Nicaragua. According to a recent FAO report, the coffee supply situation is expected to remain tight for the next 2 years.

Cocoa bean prices have risen even more than prices for coffee since last February. USDA currently estimates the world cocoa bean crop at 1.4 million tons--100,000 tons less than last year. The slowdown in chocolate consumption in such nations as the United Kingdom and the USSR may be the factor that will slow down the II-month-long continuous price hike.

The New York spot price for raw cane sugar rose slightly to 11.06 cents a pound. U.S. refiners were the principal buyers in the international market.

The New York spot price for crude rubber rose slightly to 41 cents a pound. The current firmness of the rubber market is related to the revival in U.S. industrial activity and buoyant U.S. car sales. U.S. users have drawn stocks down in anticipation of lower prices while Eastern customers have bought heavily and built up stocks. Malaysia's rubber stabilization scheme may have also contributed to the recent strength in world rubber prices.

Imported cow meat rose 4 percent to 74 cents a pound.

Table 45 .--Selected prices of international significance

	Corn, U.S. No. 3 yellow, c.i.f. Rotterdam 1/	\$/m.t.	118 121 122 122 123 133 123 123 120 110	123	Cotton, U.S. Arizona strict middling. 1-1/16 inches c.i.f. Osaka	\$/m.t.	1,416 1,450 1,432 1,432 1,695 1,695 1,724 1,724 1,830 1,830	.25 1,593 .33 1,705 Continued
	No. 3	VA			Cott stric 1-1/	c/1b.	64.25 66.69 66.00 64.95 67.83 76.63 76.81 78.19 78.19 78.19 78.19 78.19	72.25 77.33 Cont
		\$/m.t.	112.20 115.74 114.56 112.20 119.68 124.40 119.68 119.68 119.68 119.68	112.59	Meal, percent f. am	ان	042864128181	F1 00
	Corn, U.S. No. 2 yellow, f.o.b. vessel Gulf ports	\$/pn.	2 2 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	2.86	Soybean Meal, U.S., 44 percent c.i.f. Rotterdam	\$/m.t.	160 164 165 163 163 163 163 163 164 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165	251
Wheat, No. 1, anadlan, Western	Red Spring 13 1/2-percent protein, c.i.f. Rotterdam 1/	\$/m.t.	n.q. n.q. n.q. n.q. n.q. n.q. 145 145	145 134	Soybeans, Braillan, C.i.f. Rotterdam	\$/m.t.	1964 1964 1967 1967 1969 1969 1969 1969 1969 1969	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
" "		\$/m.t.	164.00 169.80 167.55 159.61 158.99 167.94 166.71 142.78 131.13	122.69				
0		Can. \$/bu.	2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3.37	Soybeans, U.S. No. 2, bulk, c.i.f. Rotterdam 1/	\$/m.t.	189 190 190 190 190 264 264 264 264 266 266	2.8.7 2.9.3
					No. 2 :: sel :: ts	\$/m.t.	180.41 184.82 181.15 181.15 202.82 203.26 259.78 242.14 259.74 250.59	270.43 285.86
	Dark Northern Spring, c.i.f. Rotterdam 1/	\$/m.t.	183 193 194 178 178 181 181 155 1138 139	145	Soybean U.S. No. yellow. f.o.b. vessel Gulf ports	\$/bu.	4.91 6.93 6.93 6.95 6.95 7.07 7.09 7.09	7.36
يد	thern g,	\$/m.t.	155.79 163.14 161.30 153.96 156.53 163.14 156.53 120.52 116.11 111.70	112.80 114.64		ائدا		
	Dark Northern Spring,	\$/pn.	4, 24 4, 44 4, 14 4, 18 4, 18 4, 18 4, 18 4, 18 4, 18 4, 18 4, 18 3, 18 3, 18 3, 18	3.07	Rice, Thailand white, 5-percent broken, f.o.b. Bangkok	\$/m. t	274 268 268 266 266 267 268 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	259
Wheat, U.S. No. 2,		\$/m.t.	1447 1559 1510 1510 1510 1510 1510 1110	117	Sorghum grain, U.S. No. 2, c.i.f. Rotterdam	\$/m.t.	119 119 1122 1120 120 121 121 121 120 113	1111
Wheat, :	hard winter, ordinary protein, f.o.b. vessel, Gulf ports	\$/m.t.	144,40 153,58 153,58 146,61 142,20 146,61 127,50 127,50 112,62 112,62 102,66	109.12	Corn Argentine, :	\$/m.t.	147 146 140 140 145 1146 138 134 123	132
Whe	hard ordi prot f.o.b.	\$/pn.	3.93 4.18 4.18 4.18 3.87 3.87 3.87 3.147 3.07 2.96	3.04	Corn Ar	/\$		
	Year and month		1976 Talmary Pebruary Pehrary Pehrary Partl Partl Nay July August September October November December	1977 January Fatruary Parch April Nay June July Cotober November			January February February Narch Narch Nay June July September October November December	January January Perbuary March March Mayptl May June July Suptember October November

Table 45.--Selected prices of international significance--Continued

ibber, moked : s	\$/m.t.	728	847	941 897 897	884 933 97.8	886	886 806 806	
Crude rubber, No. 1 ribbed smoked sheets New York spot	c/1b.	33.0	38.4	42.7 40.7 40.7	40.1	40.2	40.8	
: : : spot	\$/m.t.	1,671	1,931 2,123	2,359 2,359 2,518	3,047	3,426	3,878	
Cocca beans from Accra, New York spot	c/1b.	75.8	87.6 96.3	107.0	128.6	155.4	175.9 193.1	
ket <u>2</u> /	\$/m.t.	310	312 322 322	286 290 222	185 175 177	. 169	183 185	
Sugar, cane, raw, 96° spot, f.o.b. and srowed, port of origin to world market to U.S. market 2/	c/1b.	14.04	14.13	13.16 10.07	8.41 7.93	7.65	8.29	
ar, cane, raw, f.o.b. and st. port of origin market to U.S	\$/m.t.	310	310 321	291 220 220	180 177 174	166	185 189	
Sug spot,	c/1b.	14.04	14.06	13.21	8.16 8.03 7.91	7.54	8.37	
ane, :-	\$/m.t.	340	343 336	31.7 322 250	216 235 235	225	241 244	
Sugar, cane, 96°, spot, New York	c/1b.	15.42	15.58	14.59 14.59 11.32	9.80	10.22	10.95 11.06	
atos, : t, : rk, :	\$/m.t.	2,359	2,734	3,265 3,269 3,197	3,329	4,323	4,896 5,302	
Coffee, from Santos, No. 4, New York, Spot	c/1b.	107.00	124.00	148.10	151.00	196.10	222.10 240.50	
rted : sat, : trint lean, : sas, : U.S. : entry :	\$/m.t.	1,486	1,801	1,530	1,546	1,497	1,577	
Imported cow meat, 90-percent lean, frozen, boneless, f.o.b. U.S. port of entry	c/1b.	67.41	81.75	72.49 69.41 71.60	70.13 64.79 67.07	67.91	71.55	
Year and month	••	1976 January February	April	June July August	September	December	1977 January February March April May June	August

n.q. = No quotation.

1 Offering prices.
2 New York.
2 New York spot price minus .625 cents duty and minus freight and insurance from Caribbean to New York.
2 New York spot price minus .625 cents duty and minus freight and insurance from Caribbean to New York.
Source: Monthly Bulletin of Agricultural Economics and Statistics, FAO; Rice Trade; Reiter's: Cotton and General Economic Review, Liverpool; The National Provisioner, Rice Market News, AMS, USDA; Foreign Agriculture, FAS, USDA; Bangkok Board of Trade; Reiter's: Cotton and General Economic Review, Liverpool; The National Provisioner, Chicago; The Wall Street Journal: The Journal of Commerce; New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange; Bureau of Labor Statistics, Spot Market Prices; and Oil World, Hamburg.

Table 46.--Quantity indexes: U.S. agricultural exports, October-September 1969-76, monthly and accumulated, October 1975 to date

Year and month:	Animals :	and :		and	: Oilseeds :	and	: All : agricultural
:	products :	linters	factured :	feeds ndar year 196	: products : 7 = 100)	Vegetables	: commodities
:	107	6.1				0.7	0.4
1968/69: 1969/70:	107 103	64 70	94 95	85 101	104 163	97 109	91 109
1970/71	121	106	106	104	161	97	115
1971/72:	138	77	92	112	152	115	119
1972/73:	125	145	105	185	174	128	162
1973/74:	132	147	119	161	202	137	161
1974/75	133 154	107	106	162	158	144	149
1975/76: : : :	194	84	105	192	195	170	172
:			Adjuste	d for seasona	1 variation		
Monthly 1975/76 :	128	100	100	206	202	148	115
October: November:	132	65	113	201	165	130	140
December:	137	69	115	193	176	151	176
January:	149	60	187	186	198	164	222
February:	144	49	114	175	189	164	222
March	160 159	92 95	100 100	171 192	192 200	179 201	231
April	163	96	62	182	231	187	251 256
June	161	93	72	187	216	182	214
July:	176	88	72	201	187	180	160
August:	177	90	88	205	205	176	129
September:	175	112	102	203	208	186	120
1976/77: : October:	171	97	100	221	210	178	122
November:	162	103	74	169	179	201	138
December:	179	115	1 39	164	197	213	190
January:	156	103	152	145	194	184	208
February March April May June July August September	183	173	123	170	203	198	252
:			Not adjus	ted for seaso	nal variation		
1975/76: :							
October: November:	125 135	74 57	119 164	208 226	220 230	169	183 193
December:	138	76	141	205	206	143 150	179
January:	157	69	202	192	215	153	182
February:	150	46	108	167	210	145	159
March	189	119	99	169	223	182	174
April	170	93	96	189	225	200	180
May	176 155	101 97	56 56	175 178	217 205	205 200	170 167
July:	155	83	48	199	142	181	161
August:	151	85	73	201	127	147	158
September:	153	107	103	193	124	166	160
1976/77: : October:	167	70	118	225	229	202	201
November:	165	88	107	191	251	203 223	201 191
December:	180	124					
January:	165	116	169 165	175 150	2 30 211	210	191
February:	191	160	116	162	226	172 176	167 177
March: April: May: June:						.,,	.,,
July							

: Year and month : :	Supplementary								:
	Animals : and : animal : products :	Grains and feeds	Oilseeds and products	Sugar and related products	Total	Cocoa, coffee, and tea	Rubber and allied gums	Total	All agricultural commodities
:				(Calenda	r year 196	7 = 100)			
1968/69 : 1 1968/70 : 1 1970/71 : 1 1971/72 : 1 1972/73 : 1 1973/74 : 1 1974/75 : 1 1975/76 : :	113 120 118 125 140 137 109 135	103 145 127 212 256 261 236 243	106 104 107 137 134 120 145 210	101 111 116 115 113 126 96 100	109 117 121 134 150 152 131 154	92 100 111 96 109 105 93 105	123 126 135 128 143 154 140	97 102 113 103 115 113 101 115	104 111 118 121 136 136 118
: : :			- Adjusted for	· seasonal va	riation				
Monthly 1975/76: : October	124 132 123 131 117 137 143 152 157 138 127	223 195 284 238 268 264 230 228 283 214 239 269	194 371 193 192 217 165 220 160 192 177 209 204	119 79 73 104 107 86 107 97 101 82 111 128	151 155 142 150 148 154 156 153 168 150 151	130 111 96 94 96 112 97 95 111 114 108	169 177 159 167 173 178 196 132 174 169 106	130 118 111 106 107 123 112 109 124 121 114	142 140 131 132 130 140 137 134 149 137
October November December January February March April May June July August September	133 124 132 112 134	207 192 196 266 267	1/86 348 193 237 197	125 91 114 106 132	154 153 164 147 170	85 111 115 103 102	134 139 171 170 159	98 120 130 112 113	131 139 152 133 146
:		N	ot adjusted f	or seasonal v	ariation -				
1975/76									
October November December January February March April May June July August September 1976/77:	146 130 147 112 145 133 137 151 128 122 139	252 230 323 200 196 234 196 256 310 218 251 262	206 315 213 192 243 234 193 165 168 190 196 203	118 71 72 69 92 81 117 94 120 91 126 149	145 154 141 153 146 164 160 147 173 145 150	107 99 94 113 101 139 104 98 113 112 101 75	169 175 168 182 160 191 185 124 170 154 107	117 110 108 122 107 145 117 104 126 120 107 96	133 136 128 140 130 156 142 129 154 135 133
October November December January February March April May June July August September	133 138 139 126 128	226 229 221 221 194	1/91 298 216 234 219	128 82 112 69 113	147 153 163 149 168	68 99 113 123 108	132 137 181 184 147	86 112 126 129 114	122 136 148 141 146

^{1/} Excludes imports of coconut oil.

U.S. foreign agricultural trade statistics in this report include official U.S. data based on compilations of the Bureau of the Census. Agricultural commodities consist of (1) nonmarine food products and (2) other products of agriculture which have not passed through complex processes of manufacture such as raw hides and skins, fats and oils, and wine. Such manufactured products as textiles, leather, boots and shoes, cigarettes, naval stores, forestry products, and distilled alcoholic beverages are not considered agricultural.

The trade statistics exclude shipments between the 50 States and Puerto Rico, between the 50 States and the island possessions, between Puerto Rico and the island possessions, among the island possessions, and intransit through the United States from one foreign country to another when documented as such through U.S. Customs.

EXPORTS The export statistics also exclude shipments to the U.S. armed forces and diplomatic missions abroad for their own use and supplies for vessels and aircraft engaged in foreign trade. Data on shipments valued at less than \$251 are not compiled by commodity and are excluded from agricultural statistics but are reflected in non-agricultural and overall export totals in this report. The agricultural export statistics include shipments under P.L. 83-480 (Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act), and related laws; under P.L. 87-195 (Act for International Development); and involving Government payments to exporters. USDA payments are excluded from the export value. Separate statistics on Government program exports are compiled by USDA from data obtained from operating agencies.

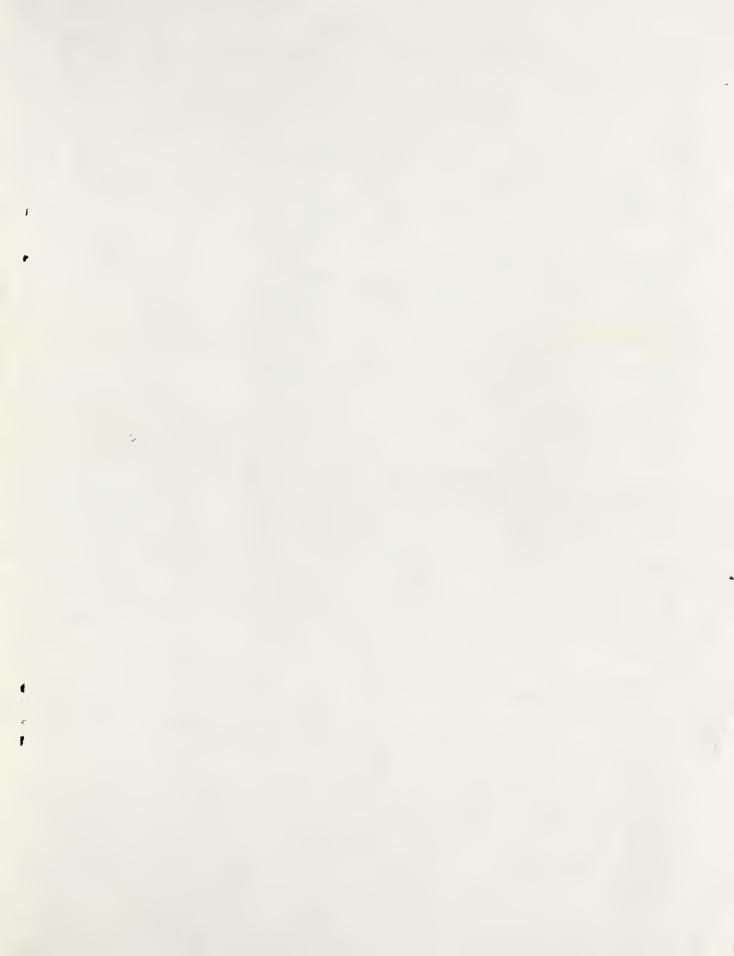
The export value, the value at the port of exportation, is based on the selling price (or cost if not sold) and includes inland freight, insurance, and other charges to the port. The country of destination is the country of ultimate destination or where the commodities are to be consumed, further processed, or manufactured. When the shipper does not know the ultimate destination, the shipments are credited to the last country known to him at the time of shipment from the United States. Shipments of certain U.S. grain from Great Lakes ports to Canadian ports are designated as exports to "unidentified countries". Except for Canada, export shipments valued at \$251-\$999 are included on the basis of sampling estimates; shipments to Canada valued at \$251-\$1,999 are sampled.

IMPORTS Imports for consumption are a combination of entries for immediate consumption and withdrawals from warehouses for consumption. Data on shipments valued at less than \$251 are estimated on the basis of a 1-percent sample and are not compiled by commodity. They are excluded from agricultural statistics but are reflected in nonagricultural and overall import totals in this report.

The <u>import value</u>, defined generally as the market value in the foreign country, excludes import duties, ocean freight, and marine insurance. The <u>country of origin</u> is defined as the country where the commodities were grown or processed. When the country of origin is not known, the imports are credited to the country of shipment.

Imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States and others that are interchangeable in use to any significant extent with such U.S. commodities are supplementary or partly competitive. All other commodities are complementary or noncompetitive.

Further explanatory material on foreign trade statistics and compilation procedures of the Bureau of the Census is contained in the publications of that agency.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
AGRICULTURE
AGR 101
THIRD CLASS



OFFICIAL BUSINESS
PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE, \$300

NOTICE: If you don't want future issues of this ERS publication, check here and mail this sheet to the address below.

If your address should be changed, write your new address on this sheet and mail it to:

Automated Mailing List Section Office of Plant and Operations U.S. Department of Agriculture Washington, D.C. 20250

Foreign Agricultural Trade 4/77

RECENT PUBLICATIONS ON FOREIGN AGRICULTURE

"World Population Growth: Analysis and New Projections of the United Nations," L. Jay Atkinson, FAER-129, February 1977. New projections to the year 2000 of world population growth, made by the United Nations are discussed, and comparisons of growth in developed and developing countries, by 5-year periods are made.

"Beef Versus Wool Production in Australia," Lynn A. Austin, FAER-130, February 1977. Weather and the size of the beef herd were the key variables influencing the number of sheep shorn in a study to determine the competitiveness of wool and beef production in Australia.

Copies of these publications may be obtained free on postcard request from Publications Services, Room 0054-South Building, Economic Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250, or by telephone request (202) 447-7255.

For an aggregate picture of the agricultural economy, Agricultural Outlook puts it all together: the agricultural economy, commodities, food and marketing, inputs, farm policy, and trade prospects. Plus special articles and priceless tables of the statistical indicators you follow each month. Write for subscription information to Agricultural Outlook, IND-01, Room 453 GHI Building, ERS, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250